"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER
Partly cloudy today and tomorrow; moderate east and southeast winds.
TEMPERATURES YESTERDAY:
Maximum..... 72 Minimum..... 61

VOL. LXXIII....No. 23,987. NEW YORK, THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 27, 1923—SIXTEEN PAGES TWO CENTS In Greater New York | THREE CENTS Within 200 Miles | FOUR CENTS Elsewhere

WARD RESTS CASE; OFFERS NO WITNESS; FAMILY SECRET SAFE

Fate of Peters's Slayer Expected to Be in the Hands of Jury Tomorrow.

DEFENSE PLEADINGS BEGIN

Mills Charges Improper Coaching and Bulldozing of State's Witnesses.

ENACTS DRAMATIC SCENE

Ward and Wife Told to Stand Before Jurors—Challenge to Attorney General.

Counsel for Walter S. Ward, on trial at White Plains for the killing of Clarence M. Peters, rested his case abruptly yesterday, without calling Ward or any other witness to the stand. The only answer to the State's case was a four-hour summation by Isaac N. Mills, former Justice, chief of the defense.

The attorney branded the prosecution as unfair and declared that not a shred of new evidence had been adduced against Ward. He asked the jury to return a verdict of acquittal and, taking up the evidence point by point, sought to show the flimsiness of it.

The final words of the lawyer, punctuated by the timed tolling of a church bell, found Ward smiling and his wife weeping.

Summation by Attorney General Carl Sherman, two hours of accusation phrased against a death-sentence background, and the charge to the jury by Supreme Court Justice Robert F. Wagner lie between Ward and the foreman's words that will acquit or convict him. These legal forms will hold the issue from the jurors until about noon tomorrow.

The voice of Judge Mills, quavering as he besought the jurors' consideration, and rising stridently as he alleged State coaching of witnesses, rose and fell, hummed and beat against the stillness of the courtroom all through the session. Forty years on the bench and at the bar were fused in that four hours' of oratory, and at the end he sprang his climax of appeal.

Down through his summation he maintained a vigor of declamation, of gesture and of intensity that belied his years. But as late afternoon came, dimming the panelled windows, emotion and weariness pulled at his flagging fire. His voice broked and lagged, his shoulders sloped and he leaned more often against the table before the jury box.

Leads to Dramatic Scene.

"Just a few words more." The lawyer's speech was so low he seemed to speak to himself. In through the half-raised windows drifted a single note of a stronger voice, a solemn stroke of the church bell across the street. Judge Mills, with bowed head, seemed not to hear it as he thoughtfully stared down at the counsel table.

All others heard it, however. The elderly attorney, slightly deaf, traveled on—precedent upon precedent, law upon law, decision against decision. Again the bell sounded. The tiring tones and the pleading words dropped on and on. All listened—to the bell. It tolled a third time. Then, with shorter pause, again.

Maybe Judge Mills caught the last stroke faintly. Perhaps his task was ended. Spreading out his hands in a wide, sweeping gesture, he turned slowly and gazed intently at Ward and at Ward's wife, seated just back of him.

"Mr. Ward," he said, "will you stand up? And you, Mrs. Ward?"

The jurors, fatigued by the long speech and by the stuffy air of a crowded court, were resting back in their chairs. They leaned forward. A murmur ran along the benches back of the railing.

Ward arose. Gray-suited, blond hair smooth, face flushed, broad-shouldered, lean, six feet in height, 32 years old. Apparently half his height, the lines of her fur-trimmed blue dress accentuating the high school lines of her slender figure, Mrs. Ward was at his side. No rings, beyond a wedding band, on the thin hands working at the handkerchief. Both faced squarely toward the jury.

"Look at them," commanded Judge Mills, "look at them. Does any man among you believe that you are looking at a cold-blooded murderer? Do you note the broad shoulders, the steady eye? I judge a man by his wife and his friends. I wanted to have their two children here today. I wanted you to see them. By a strange freak the boy looks like his mother and the girl looks like the father.

Ward Comforts His Wife.

"I wanted them here—" he motioned to Ward and his wife to be seated, "but their father refused my request. He said that he did not want his children brought into this atmosphere. He did not want his children to see their father in a steel cage or to be exposed to the stare of the multitude."

Ward's face was white. Mrs. Ward, whose eyes were dry through all the sinister allusions of the day's session, shuddered and wept when Judge Mills spoke of her young son and daughter. Ward turned to her and put his hand on her lowered head. There were tears in his eyes. It was the first positive emotion he had displayed at the trial.

Stirred by the surprising strategy of the prosecution in abruptly ending its case late Tuesday, the regular trial habitues were augmented yesterday by disappointed hundreds. A long line of automobiles was parked at the curb of the block-long granite court building an hour before the session was to start, and by 9:30 o'clock the court attendants had locked the courtroom against further spectators.

The curious ones were lined three deep

Continued on Page Three.

Priest Fears Consequences If Dry Law Is Not Changed

CHICAGO, Sept. 26.—Dire consequences will result unless the Volstead act is changed, the Rev. Francis C. Young, assistant pastor of St. Raphael's German Catholic Church, author of verses entitled "The March to Victory" and "Our Nation's Prayer," declared in a statement today. It was at his church that the funeral of George ("Spot") Bucher, who was shot and killed with George Meeghan Sept. 17 by unidentified assailants, supposedly in a war between rival beer runners, was held.

"The Volstead act is a law. It is, however, one of the biggest farces in our country, and must be changed," said the assistant pastor. "The general disregard for the Volstead law is the cause of much of the present disrespect for all law.

"There is no doubt in my mind that the majority of the people want the Volstead law changed. This can be done. Let those who represent you understand that it must be modified if they care for your support in the future."

CROMWELL CHARGES TOLD TO GRAND JURY

Stock Exchange Head Understood to Have Testified Regarding Threats by Legislators.

OTHERS WILL BE HEARD

Banton Seeks Further Evidence of Alleged Attempt to Intercede for Bucketeers.

Seymour L. Cromwell, President of the New York Stock Exchange, testified for an hour and a half yesterday before the Additional September Grand Jury regarding allegations he made last Monday in a speech at the convention of the American Bankers Association in Atlantic City that certain legislators and others had made threats of legislative reprisals against the Exchange if its rules were not violated in favor of bucket shops.

Mr. Cromwell appeared in the office of District Attorney Banton at 10:45 A. M. in response to a Grand Jury subpoena issued the the evening before at the instigation of District Attorney Joab H. Banton. He was accompanied by George Gordon Battle, his lawyer. Mr. Banton was in conference with some of his assistants when they arrived and Mr. Cromwell and Mr. Battle were ushered into the office of Chief Assistant District Attorney Ferdinand Pecora.

Mr. Banton entered the room a few seconds later, however, and informed Mr. Cromwell that he had assigned Mr. Pecora to take up the matter of the charges. The prosecutor then left the room. Mr. Pecora explained to the head of the Exchange that it is the practice of the District Attorney to have all witnesses in a Grand Jury proceeding examined by one of his assistants with a view to eliminating non-essential questions and expediting inquiries.

He asked Mr. Cromwell if he would consent to make a statement to him about the charges, but the Exchange head replied that he preferred to make his statement before the Grand Jury as soon as possible. He incidentally remarked that he had some affidavits with him which he desired to lay before the body. Mr. Pecora told him that they would prove of no service in a Grand Jury proceeding as evidence to be laid before the body had to be given on the witness stand under oath.

Goes Before Grand Jury.

Mr. Pecora then left the room and within three minutes returned and informed Mr. Cromwell that the Additional September Grand Jury had consented to take up the investigation of his charges immediately. Mr. Pecora then led Mr. Cromwell to the Grand Jury chamber, and Mr. Battle waited in the anteroom.

It was understood that during his examination before the Grand Jury by the Chief Assistant District Attorney Mr. Cromwell mentioned the names of at least three legislators who had threatened him or the Exchange with adverse legislation if the tickers of certain suspected bucket shops were not restored immediately to service. He also was reported to have told the Grand Jurors that another legislator who had introduced a bill "to put the Exchange out of business," had demanded a retaining fee from him of the Board of Governors of the Stock Exchange, "so that he might testify that he had investigated the Exchange and found it perfectly all right."

It also was reported that Mr. Cromwell told of another incident in which

Continued on Page Four.

COOLIDGE PUTS WORK BEFORE CEREMONIES IN HONORING HARDING

Invited to Memorial Service Here, He Asks Delegation to Decide for Him.

THEY DECIDE ON DUTY FIRST

National Problems on the Eve of Congress Session Demand President's Whole Attention.

CONTEST FOR CONVENTION

Three Cities Seek It, and Coolidge Leaves Choice to the Republican Committee.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 26.—When a delegation of New Yorkers today invited President Coolidge to attend a memorial service for President Harding in New York on Nov. 2, Mr. Harding's birthday, the President asked its members to decide for him whether he would not best honor the memory of Mr. Harding by remaining in Washington and utilizing his time and endeavor to lay before Congress attempted solution of pending questions in the light of Harding policies, than to lose the time that would be required in preparing an adequate memorial address and making the trip to New York.

The members of the delegation told President Coolidge they felt obligated as Americans and as friends of Mr. Harding to say that in view of the tremendous importance to America and the world of a correct solution of the problems the President was facing, and in view of the inestimable value of his time for administrative purposes, it would be more in the interest of the American people that he should remain in Washington and honor his predecessor by endeavoring to crystallize his policies into constructive legislation.

What happened in the President's office when the New York delegation called has a deeper significance than appears on the surface. President Coolidge is attempting to adhere consistently to a decision to devote himself to public affairs without any material diversion. His purpose in taking this course is to make it clear that if he is to be a candidate for the Republican nomination for President he will stand on a record of personal accomplishment and devotion to the policies of President Harding. The new President is working hard, and there are indications that he feels the strain of his office, with the multiplicity of detail in connection with administrative affairs that he desires to master at the outset of his tenure.

A lesser purpose which actuated President Coolidge in his attitude toward the invitation of the New York delegation is his desire to avoid delivering any public addresses away from Washington until after he has communicated his views on important questions to Congress when it assembles in December. Once the ice is broken by his annual message to the Senate and the House the President will feel free to consider invitations to make speeches on matters of interest and concern to the country.

The New York delegation was headed by John A. Stewart, who explained to the President that it represented a committee formed originally to welcome President Harding on his expected arrival in New York from his extensive tour across the continent to Alaska and back by way of the Panama Canal, Porto Rico and the Virgin Islands. After Mr. Harding's death the committee was reorganized as a memorial committee.

President Coolidge was told that the committee was arranging to hold the memorial services in the largest available hall, that Bishop William F. Anderson of Cincinnati, a close friend of President Harding, would offer prayer, and that a Baptist clergyman would deliver the benediction. Mayor Hylan, the delegation said, was the honorary head of the Memorial Committee.

"No invitation which could be extended to me would have a stronger appeal than that which comes from your committee asking me to be the speaker at the Harding memorial service in New York," said President Coolidge to the delegation. "It brings our great loss to us with particular poignancy that those who had planned to welcome President Harding on his arrival in New York should now be preparing to pay honor to his memory."

In conversing with the delegation President Coolidge said that if he were

Continued on Page Two.

Boys Playing "Ku Klux Klan" Bind and Injure Ohio Child

WARREN, Ohio, Sept. 26.—Cyril Stoddart, 10 years old, is under a physician's care suffering from shock and minor injuries and police are hunting for a gang of small boys who, wearing masks and said to be playing Ku Klux Klan, attacked the boy, tied him to a telephone pole and gagged him.

He was rescued after being tied up for three hours.

STRIKE DELEGATES FOR BERRY'S TERMS

Would Accept International Cards and New Contract Terms and Give Guarantees.

CARRY TERMS TO STRIKERS

Meeting in Beethoven Hall Postpones Final Action on Acceptance Till Friday.

Foremen and assistant foremen of New York newspaper pressrooms who were among the participants in the unauthorized strike against the newspapers called by New York Web Pressmen's Union No. 25 held a meeting at Beethoven Hall, 210 Fifth Street, yesterday and discussed how they could return to their old places and arrange for the return of the other pressmen who struck on Sept. 17. It was decided to send a committee to see George L. Berry, President of the International Printing Pressmen's and Assistants' Union.

The foremen called on Mr. Berry at the Waldorf last night, after promising to make a report on the result of their mission to a mass meeting of pressmen later in the evening at Beethoven Hall.

Cards and Contract Agreed To.

The committee, which made it known that it represented not only the foremen but the pressmen and the juniors also, agreed to take to the Beethoven Hall meeting a document prepared jointly by them and by Mr. Berry calling for the acceptance by the New York web pressmen of the following points:

1. The local pressmen shall take out cards of membership in the international union.
2. The local pressmen shall accept the present contract arranged between the Board of Directors of the International Printing Pressmen's and Assistants' Union and the New York Newspaper Publishers' Association, agreeing also to give guarantees for the faithful performance of the contract.

A preamble to the document states that acts of sabotage or destruction of property shall be regarded as barring those having committed such acts from a restoration to their positions. It is understood that when the local pressmen take out international union cards they become members-at-large. No reference was made in the document to the formation of another local union.

"I am completely satisfied with the way things are going," said Mr. Berry last night after the committee departed for Beethoven Hall.

Papers Back in Old Dress.

Owing to further improved conditions in the pressrooms of New York newspapers, it was decided yesterday by the publishers that the newspapers should today omit the composite headings which have been displayed since the beginning of the illegal strike of members of New York Web Pressmen's Union 25 and appear in their usual dress.

Additional pressmen from other cities continued to report at the offices of the international union, Rooms 614 to 618, 150 Nassau Street, yesterday in response to the call of President Berry to out-of-town locals for support in his fight against the dissolved New York local. Some New York pressmen also applied for international union cards.

At Beethoven Hall, the spokesman for the foremen's committee presented the proposal to the pressmen and moved that it be accepted. An amendment to postpone a vote until Friday at 8 P. M. was submitted. Discussion followed. At midnight, pressmen who began leaving the hall reported that the amendment had been adopted and that the proposal would be printed and placed in the pressmen's hands today.

Paper Handlers Say "No Strike."

Mr. Berry made the following statement in reference to the paper handlers' situation:

"The following telegram was forwarded to Thomas P. Gill, President of the New York Paper Handlers' Union No. 1:

"New York, Sept. 26, 1923.

"Thomas Gill, 23d Floor, Sun Building, 150 Nassau Street, New York City.

"Under date Sept. 23 I caused to have delivered to you a letter through Alex. Hayes. This letter required an answer. You will please give me before 5 o'clock today, Wednesday, Sept. 26, a definite assurance and answer of compliance in every respect with the letter in question which was served upon you as President, and upon Mr. George Travers as Secretary of Paper Handlers' Union No. 1. If this answer is not given and compliance with the letter is not fulfilled by you and your officers in every respect I shall recommend summary action be taken by the International Board of Directors. "GEORGE L. BERRY."

And the following answer received from Mr. Gill:

"New York Paper Handlers' Union
"No. 1,
"150 Nassau Street, New York,
"Sept. 26, 1923.

"Mr. George L. Berry, Room 819, Waldorf-Astoria, New York, N. Y.

"Dear Sir: I am informing you that in accordance with the instructions contained in your letter of Sept. 22, 1923, the men are all back in their respective positions.

"Also that there has been no strike of our members.

"Sincerely,
THOMAS P. GILL, President.
"GEORGE F. TRAVERS, Secretary Treasurer."

All newspapers received a good supply of paper yesterday. Up to 4 P. M. the United States Trucking Company had unloaded eighty loads or approximately 800 tons at the newspaper plants.

Motorcycle Patrolmen James McGovern and Lloyd Curry were injured early yesterday morning when their machines skidded as they were escorting newspaper trucks. Both were attended by surgeons and went home. Motorcycle Patrolman Melvin Williams was pursuing a delivery truck which had been stolen, when his machine skidded and his left shoulder was bruised, but he remained on duty. The stolen truck was found a block away from the accident.

Florida—Thru Sleepers Daily 3:40 P. M. Miami and St. Petersburg. Seaboard—142 W. 42d St. Tel. Bryant 5413.—Advt.

WALTON'S SOLDIERS FORCE LEGISLATURE TO GIVE UP SESSION

Members Are Evicted From Capitol in Five-Minute Bloodless War of Words.

STOPPED AT CHAMBER DOOR

Legislators Stand Tense as Commander Silences Leader and Orders Dispersal.

DEPART SAYING THEY "MET"

Will Base Court Fight on Record of Meeting—Governor Extends Martial Law.

STATE HOUSE, OKLAHOMA CITY, Sept. 26 (Associated Press). — Oklahoma's "rebel" legislators were dispersed by the military at noon today, when they attempted to convene a special session of the lower house to seek the impeachment of Governor J. C. Walton.

Tonight the House leaders declared the session had been formally convened in the few minutes before the dispersal and is now in recess pending the call of the presiding officer. They had recorded what happened in a "House Journal" which will be made the basis of legal action, probably in the seeking of injunctions against the Governor and guard officers tomorrow.

Governor Walton announced tonight that rigid martial law will be invoked in another county, not named, in response to a request for "military protection" by a delegation headed by the Mayor of one of its cities.

There was no violence or bloodshed when the legislators forced the military and in five minutes settled the question of who now controls the capitol.

The call for the session was formally filed with the Secretary of State five minutes before noon. It then bore sixty-five signatures.

Colonel R. A. Sneed, Secretary of State, declared he would file the document in the archives of the State, where it will be a part of the State history—"the most glorious public document in the history of Oklahoma, a new Magna Charta of American liberties, and a rededication of the State to the principles of constitutional government."

Then the House members gathered before the entrance to the House chamber were given a firm and curt order by Colonel W. S. Key, military commander of the city, not to attempt to assemble.

Tries to Open Sessions.

With the atmosphere charged to a fever pitch, Charles S. Brice, speaker pro tem. of the House, attempted to call the House members to order.

House members and newspaper men were grouped as closely as possible to the entrance of the chamber, when Brice, from the back of the crowd and across the open court that pierces the rotunda, suddenly made his effort to open the session. There was a shuffle as members sought to gain places of vantage. The sharp command of the guard commander to "stand where you are" arrested the movement.

Brice had barely raised his hand and said, "Gentlemen of the House—," when Colonel Key, stepping up, broke in and in a loud voice called on every one in the crowd to remain motionless.

He then read the following order prohibiting the session:

"Pursuant to special executive military order issued by Governor J. C. Walton of Oklahoma and Commander-in-Chief of Militia Forces of said State, addressed to the Adjutant General, forbidding the gathering or assembly in a pretended session of any or members of the Oklahoma Legislature at the State House in Oklahoma City at 12 o'clock noon of Sept. 26, 1923, or at any time or place within the State during the present period of unrest, it becomes my duty, by direction of the Adjutant General, to enforce the provisions of the Governor's order; now therefore, I, William S. Key, as military commander of the district of Oklahoma County, forbid this attempted meeting and direct that you disperse immediately."

Bloodless Battle Over in Five Minutes.

Women and girls who had fringed the crowd about the house entrance were caught in the midst of the floor as the members faced about and all stood silently while the order was read.

When Colonel Key had completed his reading, D. A. Stovall of Hugo, representative from Choctaw County, asked the military commander if he "had the full force of the State National Guard behind the order." Colonel Key made no reply.

W. E. Disney, representative from Muskogee, then asked if the gathering was being dispersed "as a Legislature or as individuals."

"You are being dispersed as a Legislature," Colonel Key responded.

A moment of suspense followed. The crowd seemed taken aback at the suddenness of the action and the change in demeanor of the armed guardsmen posted around the rotunda.

The situation took on a threatening aspect. There was determination written on the face of Colonel Key, as he issued his command to the legislators to disperse at once. He spoke in a harsh voice that left no doubt as to his determination to carry out the orders of his superiors.

There was, however, no indication of resistance. Armed officers moving through the crowd barked out orders to "Leave the building!" and without another word the House members began to depart from the rotunda. At 12:05 P. M., five minutes after their clash with the military, all of the legislators had left the corridor and the military were alone in command of the building.

About 200 persons witnessed the scene. The House members left the Capitol almost in a body for their caucus headquarters at a downtown hotel.

The doors of the House chamber never were opened and throughout the entire

Continued on Page Two.

Give the family a treat—Cranberry Pie, made from Eatmor Cranberries. Most delicious. Easy to prepare.—Advt.

GRAVE CRISIS NOW AT HAND IN GERMANY; MARTIAL LAW REPORTED IN WHOLE NATION AS KAHR IS MADE DICTATOR AT MUNICH

Rhineland Is Seething With Separatist Activity; Berlin and Cologne Admit Situation Is Grave

BERLIN, Sept. 28 (Associated Press).—Not the least of the German Government's worries at present come from the alarming reports from the Rhineland, where the separists are showing increasing activities. They now have created a "general directorate" which has convoked a grand rally to be held at Dusseldorf next Sunday for the purpose of proclaiming a Rhineland public.

The French régime is said here to have agreed to place seventy railroad trains at the disposal of the separists, who believe the situation created by the German Government's abandonment of passive resistance offers a suitable moment for the accomplishment of their designs. The secessionists have organized a special police force, which is to be clothed in green uniforms, similar to those worn by the Prussian "green police."

The German press in the Rhineland admits the gravity of the situation arising from the secession sentiment and declares this will materially complicate the impending negotiations with France. It gives warning that the strength of the movement must not be underestimated.

COLOGNE, Sept. 26.—"Give no quarter to the secessionist traitors," is the command given by the labor leaders in the Rhineland to their following, who are urged to bend all efforts toward the maintenance of national unity.

The opinion of the German press in the Rhineland area supports the Berlin's Government's action in calling off passive resistance, but warning is given against possible advantage being taken of the situation by the separist elements.

German quarters represent popular hatred of the separatist as fast crystallizing into extreme indignation. "If we hate a Frenchman because of the torture we have been forced to endure," said a German political leader, "we despise a separatist ten times more. However," he added, "whenever we run into a secessionist we scent a Frenchman."

ITALY GETS FORFEIT GREECE HAD POSTED

Agrees to Evacuate Corfu Today, but Only When the 50,000,000 Lire Are Awarded Her.

SLAYERS NOT YET FOUND

Athens Is Penalized by Allies for Dilatory Tactics After Britain Withdraws Objection.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Sept. 26.—Corfu will be evacuated by the Italians tomorrow and turned back to the Greek Government. Italy, however, will receive the 50,000,000 lire ($2,160,000) deposited by Greece in the Swiss National Bank as forfeit money from which any indemnity set by the Allies should be paid. This decision was announced by the conference of Ambassadors tonight as a result of this morning's meeting, the reason given for the forfeit by Greece being that the report of the allied investigators indicated the Athens Government had not done its best to find the murderers of the Italian delegation on the Greco-Albanian Boundary Commission.

At yesterday's meeting the British Ambassador refused to vote to give to Italy the 50,000,000 lire and suggested that the issue should be left for a later decision. The Italian Ambassador flatly rejected this proposal, stating that, in view of the fact that the assassins had not been arrested, Italy would not evacuate Corfu unless the forfeit was paid.

The British spokesman then asked his Government for new instructions, today's vote being the result. After the vote had been taken, Baron Avezzano, the Italian Ambassador, announced that the evacuation of Corfu would be completed tomorrow as promised.

The action of the conference of Ambassadors is regarded as the final settlement of the crisis growing out of the murder of the Italian mission. Italy reserves the right to ask the World Court to rule on her claim for payment of the costs of the occupation, but it is prob-

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BULGAR REDS STAND IN DECISIVE BATTLE

Troops Meet Rebels Near Ferdinandovo and Sofia Declares Victory at Hand.

KING ENLISTS VOLUNTEERS

Communists Declare Soviet and Execute Mayor of Berkovitza—Fight With Russian Rifles.

SOFIA, Sept. 26 (Associated Press).—The decisive battle in the Communist uprising is being fought in the City of Ferdinandovo and the village of Berkovitza, which are four miles apart and half way from Sofia to the Danube. This was the substance of a statement issued today by the War Office.

Five thousand Communist and Agrarian allies are besieged there, after having proclaimed a Soviet republic and established complete control over the area.

Four thousand soldiers, aided by civilian volunteers, have been carrying out an enveloping operation during the last five days, and have now drawn their lines completely around Ferdinandovo and Berkovitza.

"Bulgaria will fight to the last ounce of her strength not only her own battle but the world's struggle against communism," said Premier Zankoff today in an interview with the Associated Press correspondent.

"The Third International," he said, "plans to extend Sovietism to the other Balkan States and then to sweep westward. In spite of our weakness we are determined to win the struggle or die in the attempt."

Premier Zankoff then told the correspondent that the allied Governments, through the Commission of Military Control created by the Treaty of Neuilly, had authorized the Bulgarian Government to increase the military forces in the country to such strength as was deemed necessary to cope with the trouble in the interior.

Prisoners taken by the Bulgarian troops carry improved rifles of Russian design, while the tactics employed by the rebel officers strongly recall the methods used in the original Bolshevist revolution in Russia. Men armed only with clubs and batons are placed in the van of well-equipped troops, which open

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BERLIN SEES HOSTILE MOVE

Sends Troops to the Bavarian Border as a Precaution.

KAHR SAYS HE'S FOR UNITY

Munich Advices Assert Dictatorship Is Only Against Reactionaries and Reds.

HITLER CALLS FOLLOWERS

President Ebert Proclaims Ruhr Surrender—Berlin Awaits Effect on Entente.

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BERLIN, Thursday, Sept. 27 (2 A. M.—President Ebert early this morning proclaimed "ausnahme zustand" ("extraordinary conditions" similar to martial law) for the German nation.

President Ebert delegates executive power to War Minister Gessler, who becomes the military ruler of Germany.

Freedom of the press and assembly is abolished.

This action has been taken in consequence of advices from Munich that former Premier von Kahr has been appointed General Commissioner for Bavaria with full powers.

The Government has placed Saxon and Thuringian troops along the Bavarian border.

So long as Bavaria does not take military action the Government will try to solve the problem of this dictatorship within the Republic diplomatically. Should Bavarian troops threaten, the Berlin Government will not hesitate to use the Saxon and Thuringian troops to crush the revolt, using the powers vested in the national Executive, President Ebert.

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PARIS, Thursday, Sept. 27 (By Telephone from Berlin).—Chancellor Stresemann called an extraordinary session of the Cabinet at midnight and it was decided that the National Government would refuse to recognize the dictatorship reported to have been set up in Munich yesterday.

The Government will issue a proclamation against the Bavarian movement tomorrow and oppose it with all the means in its power.

The most serious consequences were expected to result from this conflict between the National and Bavarian Governments, an official said.

KAHR HAS COMPLETE POWER.

But Bavarian Movement Is Declared Not to Be Anti-Berlin.

MUNICH, Sept. 26 (Associated Press).—Dr. von Kahr, former Premier, was tonight appointed General Commissioner for Bavaria, with full power to proclaim an exceptional State and adopt any other military or police measures to protect Munich against insurrection from reactionary or radical sources.

The appointment follows upon the activities of the Hitler Guards or other so-called patriotic leagues, who are mobilizing for a general review on Friday.

This official action is viewed as a purely local precautionary measure and is in no wise aimed at the central Government.

The rumor that an exceptional state has been proclaimed is officially denied, although it is announced that von Kahr has full authority to take such a step if the situation in Bavaria demands it.

The radical shop Soviets intend to hold a congress of all the Bavarian units.

BERLIN, Sept. 26 (Associated Press).—Dr. von Kahr, former Bavarian Premier, has been appointed General Commissioner of State for Bavaria. He is empowered to proclaim martial law, if necessary, but it is denied officially that martial law has been proclaimed as yet.

Adolph Hitler, Bavarian Nationalist leader, has issued an appeal, according to a dispatch from Munich, summoning his followers to resign from other military organizations and join the ranks of the "storm battalions of the National Socialist German Workman's Party."

Another Nationalist leader, Prince von Wrede, has summoned all the Bavarian and German horsemen to form "a storm cavalry corps."

Rioting occurred yesterday outside the Town Hall at Zittau, Saxony, according to dispatches received today. The crowd stoned the police, who opened fire, killing two and wounding fourteen.

Copyright, 1923, by The Chicago Tribune Co.

BERLIN, Sept. 26.—Bavaria tonight proclaimed itself a dictatorship. Gustav Von Kahr brushed Field Marshall Von Ludendorff, Herr Hittler, Premier Von Knilling and other candidates aside and became the first Dictator in Bavaria.

The Constitution has been suspended.

Owing to the majority of inhabitants favoring a monarchy and dictatorship the revolution was accomplished in orderly fashion without bloodshed. Herr Von Kahr assumed the dictatorship and issued a proclamation, saying:

"In these serious hours I have taken over the office of General Commissioner for the nation, for my warm love of Bavaria, of the nation and of the Pan-German Fatherland."

The proclamation concludes by calling

Strong Opposition to Kemal Is Rising With Trade Lagging and Finances Strained

BERLIN, Sept. 26. — Members of the Turkish colony in Germany who are friendly to the new Nationalist Government in Turkey are much exercised over the reports now reaching Central Europe of discord among Mustapha Kemal and many of his leading associates.

Until the Lausanne Treaty was agreed upon the Turkish Nationalists held their differences under cover, and presented a solid front to the Entente. But the moment they had won what they regarded as a great diplomatic triumph over the powers and insured the withdrawal of European armies from Constantinople, the dissension among Mustapha Kemal's chiefs came out into the open.

The resignation of Raouf Bey from the Premiership and his open opposition to Mustapha Kemal and Ismet Pasha provoked much comment in Central Europe and England. Raouf is a naval officer. He received much of his education abroad, partly in Germany, and speaks all the Continental languages as well as English. He made a trip throughout Turkey recently, after his resignation, and provoked a great storm of criticism from the ardent Kemalists by visiting their opponents in all the important cities.

The rumblings reaching Central Europe indicate that discontent with Mustapha Kemal's handling of affairs is gaining ground. Mustapha and his associates were so sweeping in their introduction of western ideas and ideals that they shocked reactionary Mohammedans into silence for a time, but there now is evidence that the pace they set has been too fast for many of the old-timers, who are becoming vocal and aligning themselves with the anti-Kemalist factions.

Turkey's dispute with Russia over commercial relations, which practically cut off all communications with Russia for some time, has been greatly criticised by many Turks. The financial situation is so strained that reconstruction work is difficult and Mustapha's enemies are charging his policy with the failure of Turkey to regain its trade.

With the disappearance of foreign trading houses from Constantinople under the Kemalist regulations and restrictions, the business situation becomes gloomier every day, and Mustapha Kemal is a far less popular man as a director of reconstruction than he was as a leader of Turkish soldiery against the Greeks.

Washington Democrat Wins First Election For Congress Held Under Coolidge

SPOKANE, Wash., Sept. 26.—Election of Judge Sam B. Hill, Democrat, of Waterville, as Representative in Congress from the Fifth Washington District over State Senator Charles E. Myers of Davenport in yesterday's special election seemed indicated on the face of returns compiled by The Spokane Chronicle today.

With returns received from all except seventy-eight precincts, Judge Hill had a lead of 518 votes.

Senator Myers in a statement said: "I guess I'm licked."

Political observers expressed the belief that the missing precincts could not change the result, as their vote would be small.

The returns gave Judge Hill 18,068 votes and Senator Myers 17,550.

Myers ascribed his apparent defeat to the fact that "the producers are more or less desperate and no doubt balloted for what they thought would benefit them."

The vote over the entire district was light, in spite of the pleas of leaders of both parties for a heavy turnout, fewer than 42 per cent. of the registered voters appearing at the polls.

Yesterday's special election was the first for a member of Congress since President Coolidge took office, and national issues were emphasized in the contest. Myers based his candidacy on the Administration record of President Harding and his promised support of the policies of President Coolidge.

Judge Hill declared his advocacy of a special session of Congress and a Government-fixed price of $1.75 for wheat, and cited his adherence to Democratic principles.

Both candidates received the endorsement of national political leaders in their campaigns.

In the 1920 election the Republicans carried the district by a majority of 10,928. In the election of 1922 the Republican majority was 2,172.

PHILADELPHIA'S NEWEST HOTEL, The Robert Morris. All outside rooms.—Advt.

When You Think of Waiting, Think of Whiting.—Advt.

TAKE BELL-ANS AFTER MEALS. Gives Amazing Benefit Start today. Advt.

How did your garters look this morning? Because you are particular about your dress you might like to be reminded that you need a fresh pair of "Boston" today.—Advt.

upon every one of pure German extraction to support him, and he declares the strongest measures will be taken against "all enemies of the National Fatherland."

Among the laws definitely announced suspended are all those guaranteeing freedom of speech, press, assembly, telephone, telegram, secrecy of mail, secrecy and sanctity of person, dwelling and property. Habeas corpus is declared non-existant.

Herr Von Kahr is vested with powers to call troops and use troops, arrest any one he chooses, keep prisoners without trial and seize the property of any one he declares an enemy of the nation.

In the ferment following the surrender on passive resistance the Council of Bavarians met and listened to Premier von Knilling explain his stand during his trip to Berlin. Premier von Knilling was immediately discredited as Bavaria's spokesman. A dictatorship was favored in an exciting scene, and when Herr von Kahr's name was proposed he was unanimously made dictator.

The Ministerial Council asserted that it had acted under Paragraph 48 of the German Constitution, which provides for extraordinary powers in serious times. Martial law had not been declared at midnight, but it is expected. The German Constitution has been declared set aside as far as Bavaria is concerned.

Herr Hitler issued the following order:

"Party members: Since I have taken over the political leadership of the fighting forces, I order every party comrade of all military organizations not belonging to our fighting forces to immediately join the storm troops, either the Reichsflagge or the Oberland divisions of our national Socialist German Workers' Party. Whoever fails to join the storm troops in ten days will be forced out of the party."

In Berlin today numerous organizations of former officers met and pledged support to a military action to overthrow the present coalition. One meeting was broken up and nineteen officers arrested last night. Prince Karl today issued a proclamation to the Order of German Knights asking that every one place his auto at the disposal of the Nationalist war elements, adding:

"Whoever wants a united pan-German Fatherland must help save the country from Marxism and Bolshevism, and therefore the knights, uhlans and chevaliers and other German knights, must join up with the storm troops."

At a meeting of the "Bismarck Boys" organization of the Nationalist Party, it was declared that the giving up of the passive resistance would be accepted quietly, but the hour was awaited for active resistance. National conscription was urged.

Adolph Hitler, commanding the gray-shirted Bavarian Fascisti, demands civil war in Germany. Munich today is filled with posters calling fourteen mass meetings equivalent to a mobilization of the monarchist elements. If not war, then at least a little bloodshed is planned to indicate the Bavarian dissatisfaction with the national Government's capitulation to France which was announced in a formal proclamation today.

Knilling Opposed Ruhr Surrender.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

MUNICH, Sept. 26.—Herr von Knilling returned from the Berlin Conference of State Premiers this morning. During the day he received representatives of the press and outlined the results of the discussion.

He declared he was alone in the demand that the withdrawal of passive resistance should not be a subject of negotiations with the invaders and it must remain solely for the Reich to decide. He also stood alone in the demand that Germany should declare that the Versailles Treaty was broken and that therefore all payments should cease until the sovereignty of the Reich over the occupied territory was restored. Knilling spoke for the Bavarian Government. Hitler has been elected political leader of the fighting section of the Fatherland Association.

EBERT PROCLAIMS RUHR SURRENDER

Necessary to Preserve the Life of the People and the State, President Says.

BERLIN, Sept. 26 (Associated Press).—President Ebert and Chancellor Stresemann announced in a formal proclamation today that the German Government had been compelled through bitter necessity to end the Ruhr battle. Adherence to passive resistance, said the document, would have brought on the economic collapse of Germany and consequently would have threatened the livelihood of the German people. The text of the proclamation follows:

"On Jan. 11 French and Belgian troops occupied the German Ruhr territory against right and treaties. Since then the Ruhr and Rhineland have endured most grievous oppression. Over 130,000 Germans, men, women, old men and children, have been driven away from their homes. For millions of Germans the idea of individual liberty no longer exists.

"The occupation was accompanied by numberless acts of violence. Over 100 of our countrymen lost their lives; hundreds of others are still languishing in prison. Sentiments of justice and patriotism were stirred by the illegality of the invasion. The population refused to work under foreign bayonets. The whole German people is grateful for that fidelity to the German Reich and steadfastness that stood the test of the hardest times.

"The Government of the Reich undertook to watch over its distressed compatriots so far as it was able. There was thus an ever-increasing drain upon the resources of the Reich. The funds in aid of the Ruhr and Rhineland last week reached the sum of 8,500,000,000,000 marks, and an expenditure of at least double that amount was foreseen for the present week.

"The former production of the Ruhr and the Rhineland ceased and the economic life in occupied and unoccupied Germany became disorganized. It is most seriously to be feared that should the same line of action as hitherto be proceeded with, the creation of a regular currency, the maintenance of economic life, and existence itself would be impossible for our epople. In the interest of Germany's future, as in that of the Rhineland and the Ruhr, this danger must be removed. In order to preserve the life of the people and the State we are today faced with the dire necessity of relinquishing the struggle.

"We realize that in doing so we are calling upon the inhabitants of the occupied territories to make sacrifices of a moral character still greater than those in which they acquiesced up to now. Their struggle has been heroic, their self-control incomparable. We shall never forget what the occupied territories achieved and what has been given up by those who preferred to leave their native country rather than be disloyal to the fatherland.

"The Government's first duty is to see that the prisoners are released and that those who have been expelled may return. The fight for the elementary rights of humanity comes before all economic and material concerns. Germany has declared her readiness to assume most severe material sacrifices for the liberty of German subjects and German soil but that liberty is for us not an object of negotiation for barter.

"It depends on the powers which have invaded our territory and on their allies by adhering to this idea to give peace to Germany or to bring about by rejection of this peace all the consequences which would ensue with respect to the relations between peoples. We invite the German people to stand closely together in the days of dire moral and material strife which are to come. Only thus shall be frustrated all projects for dismemberment of the Reich, and the nation recover its honor, life and liberty, which is its imprescriptible right."

Germany's foreign troubles are just about to commence, and the time to speak of "capitulation" has not yet exactly arrived, for the fate of the Ruhr and Rhineland is intimately interlocked with the impending resumption of the reparations problem.

This is the gist of a candid statement today by a Government leader to a private audience of Berlin editors, who were frankly told that the Government contemplated the immediate future with profound skepticism, if not pessimism, and that it was not deluding itself into the belief that daylight and freedom awaited Germany, now that she had relinquished passive resistance.

"Our troubles are only just beginning," he continued, "and we have yet to learn the Entente's attitude toward our abandonment of passive resistance and whether the occupying powers are sincerely desirous of co-operating with us in the complex task of restoring order."

The question of whether the administration of the German railways is to revert exclusively to German nationals and whether the evicted officials will be reinstated constitutes only one of the mooted points on which the Government is not in a position as yet to express an opinion. The Government's outstanding concern, said this official, occupies itself with the fate of the Rhineland, and it is a cardinal point on which clarity is demanded.

On this issue the Government's spokesman expressed himself with a frankness that amazed his audience.

"If France makes demands in this direction," he said, "it remains to be seen how the other Allies will view such a procedure. Such an eventuality would, of course, create a new European situation and it would then become necessary to choose between capitulation and a breach. The time to talk of this has not yet arrived, but the German Government hardly looks for pronounced activity in favor of Germany in Entente circles. Until England, Belgium and Italy have spoken it would be premature to mention breach.

"If, on the other hand, we have to deal exclusively with France, it would be a simple matter to conclude, in view of M. Poincaré's latest speeches, that negotiations would lead to nothing. The Rhineland were to remain under French the entire Entente, on the one hand, and Germany, on the other."

He believed that all the creditor nations were entitled to have a voice in deciding whether the Ruhr and the Rhineland were to remain under French sovereignty, and added that Germany did not purpose to indulge in such a dangerous international experiment as flatly to go on record before the Allies had expressed themselves.

"The German Government," he asserted, "does not purpose to leave the population of the Ruhr and the Rhineland to itself, for that would deservedly be stigmatized as treachery on the part of the German Government, which has given to the peoples of those territories repeated assurance of its determination to stand by them. The time for critical decisions is fast approaching; M. Poincaré must show his colors; so must England and Italy. It will then be up to Germany to decide what measure of her demands must be insisted upon or whether she is prepared to refuse to affix her signature as an alternative."

Chancellor Stresemann was closeted with the Foreign Relations Committee for two hours. He informed the Deputies that the Government would not make a declaration in the plenary session of the Reichstag on Thursday, as originally planned, as it preferred to await possible reaction by the Entente to the newly created situation. The Chancellor will probably open the debate on the foreign situation with the Government's statement next Tuesday.

So far the Government is without the slightest inkling as to the manner in which the occupying powers will respond to the new situation. Advices from the occupied areas express apprehension that France is determined to profit by the consternation and confusion resulting from the German surrender by actively attempting to promote her Rhineland plans, especially so far as Dusseldorf and Essen are concerned, the moment the Germans proceed to reinstate themselves.

These fears are based not only on the familiar suspicions, but also on more recent developments, such as the attempt to create "a Rhineland currency" and the increasing activities of the Separatists.

The Prussian Cabinet has decided to establish public feeding stations throughout Prussia in order to ameliorate the growing social distress arising out of the dislocation of food supplies and the chaotic price ranges. The step was decided upon after a careful canvass of the situation in the metropolitan and industrial sections, where the workers have shown a desire to be paid in food rather than in paper marks.

The Prussian Government has issued an appeal to the various municipalities and to private donors for co-operation in establishing the feeding stations, and is also seeking volunteers to operate the kitchens.

POINCARE IS CAUTIOUS.

Will Do Nothing Till Ruhr Resistance Is Called Off.

By EDWIN L. JAMES.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Sept. 26.—The most important question in the world today is: What will France do with her Ruhr victory? It is too early to give the answer, but one can give the indication that France is determined to do better with it than she did with the common victory in 1918.

Premier Poincaré is sitting tight. The only word from the Quai d'Orsay today is: "We are waiting." That means that M. Poincaré considers the proclamation of President Ebert today in Berlin signifies nothing to him until it has been put into practice by withdrawal of Berlin's resistance orders. Paris takes full note of the ill-will expressed in the German President's declaration, and that spirit on the part of the Germans is most likely to make the French Premier move very slowly and cautiously.

M. Poincaré, it is explained, considers that the real fight to get Germany to pay and to break her spirit of resistance to the treaty has not yet been won, as the tone of Herr Ebert's proclamation shows. While it is popular in Paris just now to compare the German backdown with the surrender of November, 1918, M. Poincaré would prefer to regard it in the same category as the first victory of the Marne.

His spokesmen emphasize that Berlin's decision does not mean the payment of reparations at once and the reaction on the exchanges today indicates the realization that however happy the coming negotiations may be, France will not begin large collections from Germany for some time to come. Indeed, the last three days the buying of francs is to be credited largely to other financial centres than Paris.

The turn of the Ruhr events has placed M. Poincaré in a position of dominance in international politics. It is his victory, his friends emphasize. America warned him not to occupy the Ruhr and England did likewise. He did it anyhow and credit for the result belongs to him.

From all parts of the world comes the query what will M. Poincaré do now? The best answer seems to be that he will arrange Ruhr armistice terms, to remain in effect until a more permanent arrangement is made between the Allies and Germany. These armistice terms, which would follow the recall of all Berlin's orders for resistance, would provide supervision by the occupying authorities of municipal administrations, in the Ruhr and Rhineland, operation of the railroads of the Ruhr and Rhineland by the French and Belgians, exploitation of the Ruhr State-owned mines for account of the Reparation Commission, and the collection of a coal tax of 40 per cent. and of a tax of 26 per cent. on Ruhr manufactured exports. In the mines and railroads the Germans would work under supervision of occupying officials. The French have in the last few days sent a large number of officials to the Ruhr in the preparation for the collection of imposts and the issuance of export permits.

With this armistice arrangement in effect M. Poincaré would await proposals from Germany, it being his attitude that the Allies hold security for non-payment and that it is up to the debtor to manage debt acquitment. This attitude is largely dictated by the miserable failure of all attempts of the Allies in the last four years to tell Germany how to pay. And the proposals by Germany, if they recognized continued occupation of the Ruhr, would be communicated to the allied Governments and Reparation Commission.

An allied reparations conference would then be in order, to be followed by a conference with the Germans, not for fixing terms but for discussion of execution of the allied terms. Much would depend on how the Germans behaved meanwhile.

It is emphasized in Paris that France and Belgium have made no advance promises about withdrawing troops from the Ruhr or permitting the return of expelled Germans or releasing those imprisoned. The intention of France is to reduce troops down to the number required to protect civilian officials, and it is argued here that this all depends on the Germans.

The French and Belgians will exercise their own discretion about the return of expelled Germans, the guiding principle being that they may return in so far as their return does not hamper Ruhr administration.

So Paris still waits on Germany to see whether Ruhr surrender carries with it willingness to try to pay reparations, or whether it carries some other intention. What Paris does depends on what Berlin does.

It is believed here that England, which has not approved Ruhr occupation, will leave entirely in M. Poincaré's hands the initial moves and will come in only when it is a question of examining German offers to the Allies which shall meet the primary French conditions of an end of resistance in the Ruhr and continued occupation of the Ruhr.

French Ready for Work in Ruhr.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

DUESSELDORF, Sept. 26.—When German surrender in the Ruhr and Rhineland becomes complete and all resistance ceases the French will be in the position to exploit the victory immediately, full plans to this end having been perfected several months ago.

With the German railroad workers at their posts the whole railroad system will again run normally, but under control of the French-Belgian régime, which in turn is under command of the allied Commander in Chief, General Degoutte. French and Belgian railroad agents will exercise control of exploitation, while accountants will control German administration and bookkeeping.

Similar methods will be applied to customs and taxes. The number of French customs officials will be doubled in view of the imminent German surrender large numbers have left France for the Ruhr within the last few days. They will control the German customs on the lines laid down when the interallied customs cordon was established in 1920. The wines, tobacco and coal taxes will also be collected by Franco-Belgian agents.

The changed disposition of Government servants is illustrated by the return to work of 600 Post Office clerks and chief officials at Wiesbaden. They have occupied the jobs held since Feb. 20 by a French staff. Sentries, however, continue to guard the buildings.

A similar return to work has already occurred at Coblenz, and other cities are expected to follow shortly.

Surrender Depresses Ruhr.

DORTMUND, Sept. 26 (Associated Press).—The news of the Government's abandonment of passive resistance reached the mining section of the Ruhr late Tuesday afternoon, and although the local newspapers have been forecasting such action, the official verification of the Government's plan produced a feeling of profound depression among all classes of the people.

The labor leaders are admonishing workers to remain calm. They warn them against supporting communistic agitation, which they say is now seeking to feed on the present critical situation. Disappointment over the lost battle is keenest in the ranks of the railway workers, who obviously are anything but cordial toward the French régimé.

The full effects of the Government's decision to cease passive resistance is expected to be first felt next week. The decision came unexpectedly and produced considerable confusion by reason of the fact that the labor leaders were unable to prepare their followers for the official news.

The organized railway workers throughout the Ruhr have definitely resolved not to work under French supervision.

BALDWIN MEETS CABINET.

Explains Position Taken at His Meeting With Poincare.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Sept. 26.—Prime Minister Baldwin will deliver tomorrow an address to the students of the Philip Stott College of Political and Social study at Overstone Park, near Northampton. It is understood he is unlikely to make more than a brief reference to his meeting with M. Poincaré.

Mr. Baldwin's intention apparently is to reserve anything like a full statement on the European situation until the opening of the Imperial Conference in London next Monday. A meeting of the Cabinet was held this morning and Mr. Baldwin took the opportunity of saying to a full gathering of the Ministers what he had already communicated to the individual members of the Government.

It may be taken that at this meeting Mr. Baldwin made it clear that in his conversation with M. Poincaré he did not in any way commit this country to a change of policy. It can be said with authority that what is of importance is not that either the French or British Prime Ministers were brought to a "conversion" to the point of view of the other, but that a new friendliness of outlook was established which cleared the stage for consideration of developments which are already taking place.

The move made in Paris was in the direction of creating a new psychological atmosphere and beyond the establishment of this atmosphere it is probable nothing more tangible has yet been achieved. Events now wait on what is to happen in Germany. No official announcement has been received by the British Government from Berlin tonight of cessation of resistance.

LONG BAVARIAN AGITATION.

Nationalists Organized to Fight Prussian Authority.

Ever since early last Spring, when Adolph Hitler and his reactionary followers defied the Bavarian Cabinet, it has been believed that it would only be a question of time before the Nationalists would be able sufficiently to centralize their power and overthrow the Government. Decrees as well as supreme court decisions were launched against the new Bavarian Fascismo, but without avail. The pressure from Berlin only increased the antipathy against the authoritative Government without the latter being able to execute the dictates from the Prussian capital.

In order to emphasize the charges that the Berlin Government before the war was responsible for the small part played in the Empire by Catholic Bavaria, Nationalist propaganda has recited the details of the War of 1866, when Bavaria sided with Austria against Prussia, of 1870, when it would have sided with France if it had only known the truth about Bismarck's scheme to precipitate war, and of 1914, when it was charged that the Munich Government was kept in utter ignorance of the diplomatic correspondence of the Wilhelmstrasse and Potsdam which led the way to the World War.

The principal point in the Bavarian Nationalist propaganda is that Bavarians, by their culture, religion, and life, object to being dominated by Prussia in any form, and consider that the Prussia of today is responsible for the inability of the Reich to rehabilitate itself. The press of Munich has long foreseen a new reactionary putsch in Berlin the moment the Ebert Government should attempt to restore normal trade conditions by making peace with France, and has repeatedly advised Bavaria to anticipate such a coup by asserting its independence of the Reich; otherwise it would be dominated by a Prussia worse than any in the past, the alternative of which would be communism.

Dr. von Kahr, who appears to have been made Dictator, was Premier in 1921 when Munich defied the Government at Berlin, particularly in regard to the demobilization of the Einwohnerwehr, or Home Guard, which had been organized in order to save Bavaria from Bolshevism but whose continued service was deemed an outstanding threat of secession.

BULGAR REDS STAND IN DECISIVE BATTLE

Continued from Page 1, Column 7.

fire as the unarmed vanguards are scattered by the fusillade of the regular soldiers.

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By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

SOFIA, Sept. 26.—Acting upon information received that a rising here was timed for tomorrow, the Government arrested some 500 local Communists last night and this morning.

The situation in the neighborhood of Ferdinandovo, on the railway between Sofia and the Danube port of Lom Palanka, has become, for the moment, rather worse, as the Communist insurgents have extended their activities to the adjacent town of Berkovitza, near the Yugoslav frontier. They seized Berkovitza, murdering the Mayor and some fifteen other non-Communist inhabitants.

The temporary success of the Communists is partly due to the fact that there are a good many of them in the Ferdinandovo district, which is generally regarded as their stronghold, and also to the statements of the insurgents, who announced that King Boris had been killed, and thus they recruited a number of non-Communists. Many of the insurgents are armed with rifles of the Russian 1922 model.

Troops concentrated from all over the country began an offensive today which has almost recovered Berkovitza and promises to put an end to this particular Soviet movement, supporters of which have begun to retire toward the Yugoslav frontier. In one case they engaged Bulgarian troops that were across their line of retreat, and suffered considerable losses.

LONDON, Sept. 26 (Associated Press).—Late advices indicate that the Government for the present has the revolutionary movement under control, but the army and police are so limited by the Treaty of Neuilly that doubt is expressed whether the Government will be able to check further outbreaks.

The army consists of about 20,000 men. They have the problem of keeping order among 5,000,000 people scattered over an area of 40,000 square miles and patrolling nearly 1,000 miles of border.

Like most European countries, Bulgaria is confronted with grave elements of unrest. Agrarians, Macedonians and Communists all harbor grievances against the Government. It is disclosed that the present communistic fomentation has the support of at least part of the Agrarians, who have not forgiven the death of Stambulisky and the wholesale punishment of their leaders, but the prime movers in the present outbreak are Communists, who, it is declared, are largely financed and equipped by Russians.

Political passion among the various parties burns at a white heat and all the efforts to conciliate them have failed. The most hopeful factor for the Government in the present situation is that the peasants, who form 85 per cent. of the population, are occupied with their corn crops, which are now ready for harvesting, and they are too sensible and philosophical to be inveigled into a movement which probably would bring them no profit.

King Boris is straining every effort to establish peace among the leaders of the various political groups, but without much success. He is described as a pathetic figure, spending most of his time in seclusion in Vranje Palace, near Sofia, always fearing what the next day may bring forth. He is not regarded as in any immediate danger, however, as he is extremely popular among all classes.

All the members of the Cabinet are closely guarded. A severe censorship is being exercised over the newspapers and close espionage is put on all Communists and other agitators. Pedestrians are not allowed in the streets after dark, and the Foreign Legations have armed guards outside.

JAPAN AGAIN SHAKEN BY SEVERE QUAKE

Disturbance Centres Around City of Kure, 450 Miles Southwest of Tokio.

TOKIO, Sept. 26 (Associated Press).—Another severe earthquake occurred in Japan on Monday in the Hiroshima district. The quake was especially violent around the city of Kure. The extent of the damage has not been determined, as communications have been disrupted.

Kure is in the extreme southwestern end of the island of Hondo, and approximately 450 miles southwest of Tokio.

Floods followed a typhoon yesterday in the Fukagawa and Honjo wards of Tokio. Many have suffered as a result, as thousands of refugees were encamped in rude shacks in these wards. The storm damaged rice and other crops in many prefectures.

Thousands of men, chiefly professional men and clerks, are out of employment here as a result of the earthquake. They are also without hope of obtaining employment for months to come, although there is plenty of work for common laborers cleaning away débris and at construction work.

The authorities are faced with the problem of caring temporarily for these men. They have been advised to leave Tokio, but there is nowhere they can go.

The clothing problem is next to that of unemployment. Great quantities of clothing were destroyed, and it will be months before merchants can restock. Meanwhile, cold weather is approaching. Even now the nights are colder and campers are suffering considerably.

Efforts are being made by the Government and the Red Cross to deal with a threatened epidemic of dysentery and typhoid fever. Many cases already have been reported.

The Japanese Government is making inquiries in the United States looking toward the purchase of 120,000 tons of building material.

THE UNIVERSAL BEVERAGE

In Europe the goat, the ewe and the ass supply many people with milk;

In Arabia and Persia the camel; in Tartary the mare; in Africa and China the buffalo;

In Tibet the yak; in Lapland the reindeer; in South America the llama and vicuna;

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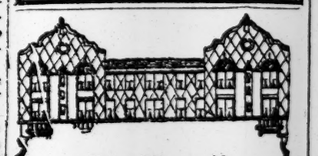

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THE STORY OF REVILLON FURS

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Entertaining Visitors

The trader's wife at a Revillon post is playing with a little Eskimo who has come with his mother for supplies. The little chap has brought his tiny sled and a husky puppy which looks very like a young collie. The trader's wife is dressed sensibly, very like her visitor in fur trousers and fur boots.

No. 141—Life at a Revillon Post

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The 1924 Cruise De Luxe to the Mediterranean
January 19th—March 26th,
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Z 2209 Times Annnex.

OKLAHOMA TROOPS PREVENT SESSION

Continued from Page 1, Column 5.

proceeding none save the military approached nearer the chamber than the military guard stationed about twenty feet in front of the main entrance. About one hundred soldiers were at the Capitol and 500 in the city.

Declare They Met and Recessed.

Undaunted by the result of their first skirmish with the military forces, the legislators prepared tonight for the next move in their attempt to meet to consider the official acts of Governor Walton.

A statement by Representative W. D. McBee, a leader in the Assembly move, declared that today's proceedings constituted a meeting of the House, notwithstanding its interruption by troops acting under orders of Governor Walton. With the statement, Representative McBee made public what he declared to be the Official Journal of the House. It detailed the brief action which terminated in the clearance of the Capitol corridors by the military.

Prevented from meeting or even caucusing, the House members tonight pinned their hopes for protection against the military authorities upon the efforts of a legal committee which is preparing court proceedings to mark the next stage in the conflict.

That there would be no immediate attempt to assemble again in defiance of martial law regulations was the promise made late today by House leaders to Adjutant General Baird H. Markham. Observers predicted that they would await a court ruling before essaying another assembly.

Representative W. B. Disney, Chairman of the Legal Committee, said tonight that the court proceedings could not get under way before morning. He refused to indicate what form the action might take or whether it would be instituted in the State Supreme Court or the Federal Court here.

It is expected, however, that an injunction will be sought against Governor Walton, with the possibility that National Guard officers will be made parties to the suit.

Attorney General George F. Short, who will oppose the action in behalf of the State when the court battle begins, told newspaper men that several types of legal action might be filed. He added that he did not know what to expect. The nature of the proceedings, he said, would determine the place of filing.

The "Journal of the House," designed to show that the session was regularly called today and that it was dispersed, is expected to be made the basis for the suit.

The Journal, written on stationery of the local hotel where the legislators make their headquarters, described the proceedings in detail as to words and actions.

A statement issued by the legislators declared that "the fight had only just begun," asserted their right to meet, and assured the people of the State that constitutional government would be restored.

Governor's Sleuths Arrest His Foe.

About ten of Governor Walton's armed secret operatives met the legislators at the hotel and forbade them to hold a session there.

A group of these operatives this afternoon arrested Campbell Russell, former Chairman of the State Corporation Commission and a bitter political enemy of Governor Walton.

Russell was taken to military headquarters and later to jail. A crowd of several hundred persons followed the officers and Russell. He was charged with "disorderly conduct and attempting to incite riot."

He had been distributing pamphlets attacking the Governor when arrested.

Adjt. Gen. Markham declared the military authorities "had nothing to do" with Russell's arrest.

Following Russell's arrest members of the Legislature, appealed to Adjt. Gen. Markham "for protection" from the Executive operatives, and upon the Adjutant General's orders Colonel Key personally ordered every secret service man in the hotel to leave. They departed quietly.

No session of the military court was held today. It was intimated that the tribunal had been disbanded for the day to permit its officers to be detailed for service at the Capitol.

The Governor's office at the Capitol, which was open early in the morning, had been closed before the arrival of the House members. Governor Walton remained at his residence throughout the morning.

This was "Oklahoma Day" at the State Fair here and several other offices closed as the noon hour approached.

Adjutant General B. H. Markham arrived at the Capitol at 11:30 o'clock to take personal command of the troops on duty.

The first of the Legislators to arrive at the capitol were met by military men carrying policemen's clubs and sidearms. None carried a service rifle. The lawmakers were permitted to enter the building singly.

Multitudes crowded the streets leading to the capitol.

Two sentinels posted at the door of the hall of the House of Representatives carried service rifles. Across the corridor, a similar guard was posted at the entry to the Senate Chamber. It was estimated that approximately 100 guardsmen were in and about the building. Every corridor, every outside entrance and all driveways in the immediate vicinity were patrolled.

At 11:49 A. M., the legislators grouped themselves within twenty-five feet of the door of the House Chambers.

A statement warning House members not to carry to the capitol building "any weapon even so small as a penknife," was issued to the legislators by W. D. McBee, leader in the special session program, who declared "there must be not the least thing provocative in our attitude."

John L. Graham, assistant Oklahoma City postmaster, notified McBee that he had received instructions today from the Postmaster General that the Post Office could not be used for any business other than governmental.

McBee assured him that the legislators had "never thought of using the Federal building" for the proposed session.

Seeks $150,000 Damages From Klan

MUSKOGEE, Okla., Sept. 26.—A petition seeking $150,000 damages from the Ku Klux Klan of Tulsa and State officials of the organization was received by W. V. McClure, Clerk of the United States District Court here, today from attorneys in Tulsa representing a man alleged to have been whipped by the Klan, it was announced at the clerk's office. The petition has not been filed pending the guarantee of filing fees.

COOLIDGE PUTS WORK BEFORE CEREMONIES

Continued from Page 1, Column 3.

to crystallize constructively the policies of President Harding he would need all the time at his disposal between now and the convening of Congress. All that time, he said, must be spent in laborious work. He explained that he was working under great stress. Innumerable matters were demanding his earnest attention, and he was obliged to give close, careful consideration to the preparation of his forthcoming message to Congress and to constructive legislation relating to the first session of a new Congress.

After the interview with the President the delegation gave out a statement in which it said:

"The delegation wishes to say that it was the President's earnest desire to accept the committee's invitation, but that in view of the situation in Washington, in America and throughout the world, he reluctantly reached a decision to take the delegation's advice, through a letter to be read on the occasion of the memorial service on Nov. 2, in New York, to give expression to his love of the late President and evaluation of his character and great services to his fellow-men."

WON'T NAME CONVENTION CITY

Coolidge Leaves Choice to Republican Committee.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 26.—Fred W. Upham of Chicago, Treasurer of the Republican National Committee, recently returned from Europe, had luncheon with President Coolidge today. It was said afterward that they had talked over the selection of the place for holding the Republican National Convention of 1924 and that the President had declared he had an open mind on the subject and trusted to the judgment of the Republican National Committee in making a choice.

Considerable politics is involved in the discussion within the Republican Party of the selection of the convention city. The choice lies between Chicago, San Francisco and Cleveland, each of which is a candidate. Various objections have been raised to all three places. Chicago, the favorite convention city in the past, is accused of being too hot during the convention period and of charging high hotel rates. One objection raised to Cleveland is that its hotel accommodations are not adequate for the convention crowds.

San Francisco is ready to furnish a large guarantee fund for the convention and many delegates would like to go there, having heard glorious accounts of the weather during the Democratic convention of 1920, the lack of profiteering on the part of the hotels and restaurants and splendid management by the local committees.

Two main objections have been raised to San Francisco and they are both political. One is that the railroad journey from the greater part of the United States would be so expensive that charges would be made that many delegates had been "bought" by candidates for the Presidential nomination through paying their heavy expenses for a trip to the Pacific Coast. Timidity by the politicians is being manifested over this fear.

Another consideration urged by some regular Republicans in opposition to San Francisco is that it is the home of Senator Johnson. They appear afraid that Johnson sentiment would be so rampant among the spectators at the convention if held in San Francisco that the delegates would be stampeded into giving the nomination to the Senator. When this view was expressed to President Harding as a reason for using his influence against choosing San Francisco for the convention, he brushed it aside with the remark that if Johnson could win the nomination over him he could do it in any place as well as in San Francisco.

A rather general opinion among Republican politicians is that Chicago has the best chance, but it is acknowledged that the San Francisco people are making an impressive contest for the honor.

NORRIE ABSOLVED BY AN EYE-WITNESS

Mrs. Thompson Gets Affidavit by Taxi Chauffeur—Calls Reports Misleading.

DETECTIVE BLAMES DRIVER

Tells Authorities, After Investigation, Whisky Was Found in Car.

Mrs. Lewis Stamford Thompson of Brookdale Farm, near Red Bank, N. J., in denying what she described as "misleading and sensational" reports concerning the motor-car accident in which her nephew, Lewis Gordon Norrie, Princeton senior, was killed early Sunday morning at Asbury Park, yesterday made public the contents of an affidavit which she said was made by an eyewitness, who absolved Norrie of blame for the accident. The signer of the affidavit, James Farrell, driver for the Seacoast Taxi Company of Long Branch, said the Norrie car was not going faster than twenty miles an hour. He said he saw no one in the Norrie car who appeared to have been drinking. Mrs. Thompson said:

"The impression has been given that it was a party of rowdies. It was not a party of rowdies but a family party staying at my house. The party at my house included friends and relatives who had come to see the races. Payne Whitney was there, and it was he who, after we were notified of the accident, arranged for a special train that was kept waiting at the Pennsylvania Terminal for more than an hour while a search was being made for medical assistance and which broke all records for the run to Asbury Park when it covered the distance in 1 hour and 4 minutes, carrying Drs. Charles A. Elsberg and James Russell.

"The impression has been given also that Lewis G. Norrie had been drinking. He had not been drinking, because he had been in training for the Princeton hockey team. There has been a lot of talk about mysterious doings at some road house, all of which is entirely unfounded.

"The persons in the car driven by Mr. Norrie and in the second car driven by Tyler F. Bronson left my house about 11 P. M., went to the Rumson Country Club, and on their way back to my house stopped for a little while to dance at Biggett's Mansion, one of the largest hotels in Asbury.

"There was no secrecy about or attempt to conceal the names of members of the two automobile parties. The first thought of relatives and friends was to hurry the injured to the hospital, where the authorities were furnished with the names and all the further information sought, concerning the members of the party."

Mrs. Thompson said that in the car driven by her nephew who was killed was Jane Scales, a schoolmate of her daughter at Richmond, Va., who was on the front seat with Mr. Norrie but who escaped injury, and in the rear seat, Adele Ryan, who was sitting beside L. T. Preston, another nephew of Mrs. Thompson.

In the Bronson car were Miss Geraldine Thompson, daughter of Mrs. Thompson; Lewis Thompson Jr., Berent W. Williams and Arthur W. Little Jr. Mrs. Thompson said the Norrie family believed the accident was caused by one of the cars skidding on the wet roadway after a light rainfall.

Blame for the accident was placed upon Mr. Norrie by County Detective Charles O. Davenport of Monmouth County, who yesterday turned in a report of his investigation to County Prosecutor Charles F. Sexton. Davenport said he had advised the Prosecutor that there was no occasion to make any arrest. He filed his report after making an inquiry which convinced him that members of the Norrie party had been drinking. He said he found in the tonneau two bottles of Scotch whisky partly emptied, and a siphon of vichy from which some of the contents had been drawn.

DETAINS NEGRO WOMAN HERE IN STOKES CASE

Banton Frees Her After She Makes Statement Asked by Chicago Prosecutor.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Sept. 26.—In pursuing its investigation into the alleged attempts of W. E. D. Stokes, New York millionaire, to defame the character of his wife, Helen Elwood Stokes, who is suing for divorce, the State's Attorney's office today revealed that for twenty-four hours it had secretly held one witness in jail, caused the arrest of another in New York and found a former frequenter of Chicago's underworld alleged to know of attempts made by agents to besmirch Mrs. Stokes. The police issued a general order for the arrest of Joe Brunner, alleged to have paid for supposedly perjured affidavits from underworld habitués concerning Mrs. Stokes.

Howard Miller, a negro, was the man held in jail and his wife, Nellie Rose Miller, was the woman arrested in New York whither she fled from Chicago. Both were released after making sworn statements. The woman had made an affidavit that she saw Mrs. Stokes in the apartment of a man in New York. On the dates she named Mrs. Stokes was ill in Denver, according to Charles Wharton, Assistant State's Attorney.

On request yesterday of Charles S. Wharton, Assistant State's Attorney of Chicago, Nellie Rose Miller, a negro, was taken to District Attorney Banton's office to be examined about an affidavit she was alleged to have made in relation to Mrs. W. E. D. Stokes. The woman was met by Detective Sergeant Bernard Flood on her arrival at the Pennsylvania Terminal from Chicago and volunteered to accompany him to Mr. Banton's office.

She volunteered to make a statement to Assistant District Attorney Albert B. Unger, and Mr. Benton telephoned to Chicago to learn if criminal charges had been lodged against her. Mr. Wharton informed him that no charges had been lodged against her and the District Attorney told the Chicago prosecutor she had made a statement which would be forwarded to him this morning. He added that he could not detain the woman under the circumstances.

While the woman was making her statement to a stenographer, Mr. Stokes and his attorney, John A. Nugent, appeared at the prosecutor's office. When the District Attorney announced that the negro was free to go, Mr. Stokes picked up her traveling bag and, accompanied by Mr. Nugent, escorted her to the street.

DENIES ROYAL ENGAGEMENT

But Epoca of Rome Suggests Princess May Wed Belgian Heir.

ROME, Sept. 26.—The Epoca today, "on the authority of a member of the Italian court," denies the rumor of an engagement of Crown Prince Humbert of Italy to Princess Marie José of Belgium. The report is declared to be "unfounded, audacious and premature."

The Epoca adds that "if the happy event of linking the two royal families is to be announced," it is more probable that it will be the engagement of Princess Giovanna of Italy to the Duke of Brabant, Crown Prince of Belgium.

News Condensed

GENERAL.

Cleared of Liquor Charge—Joseph A. Shearer, ex-Federal Prohibition Director for Ohio; Fred Countz, ex-dry agent for Cleveland; A. Frank Countz, his brother, and Samuel A. Hoskins, Columbus lawyer, were acquitted in the Federal Court in Cleveland of conspiracy to violate the National Prohibition law.

Judges Renominated—Democrats of the Sixth Judicial District nominated in Binghamton, N. Y., Justices Charles Hitchcock, Democrat, and Leon C. Rhodes, Republican, to succeed themselves.

Aviators Organize—More than 100 aviators, says a Los Angeles dispatch, have organized a professional pilots' association, their chief object being the abolition of stunt flying, which is held responsible for more than half the airplane accidents.

Wants Game Preserve—Alvin C. White offered the town of Litchfield, Conn., $45,000 for a new school, provided he were allowed to establish a game preserve at one end of Bantam Lake. The local fish and game association is unanimously opposed, so the offer probably will be rejected.

Butterfly Farm Barred—The Department of Agriculture has denied the application of W. F. Hewlett of Redlands, Cal., for thirty acres of public land for a butterfly farm, because of protests that such propagation would make easy the introduction of injurious insects.

To Seek Governorship—William R. Pattangall, Maine Democratic political leader, announced in Waterville that he would seek the gubernatorial nomination in the June, 1924, primaries.

To Fight Child Labor—The Executive Committee of the National League of Women Voters decided to urge upon the next session of Congress a child labor amendment to the Constitution and this country's entrance into the World Court.

FOREIGN.

Woman Gets Labor Post—Word comes from London that Miss Margaret G. Bondield, woman labor leader, has been elected Chairman of the General Council of the Trades Union Congress. She is the first woman to hold this post. She attended the Washington labor conference in 1919.

Hat Makers Win Strike—Midinettes of Paris milliners will return to work today, having won a two-day strike and gained a one-third increase in pay.

Ambassador Child Coming—Announcement comes from Rome that Richard Washburn Child, American Ambassador, and his wife will return to this country early in October for three months. Mr. Child is expected to consult with President Coolidge, but without special purpose.

Canada's Trade Grows—Canadian exports for the year ended Aug. 31 amounted to $1,001,037,574 and imports to $891,891,035, against $779,467,000 and $732,391,000 respectively the year before.

WASHINGTON.

Pope Pleads for Destitute—A message from the Pope emphasizing the need of extensive relief for the destitute children of Europe and Japan was read at the opening session of the annual meeting of the Catholic hierarchy of America.

CITY AND SUBURBAN.

Back to Prison—Harry T. Taylor, in prison ten of the last eleven years, was sentenced in Federal Court to three years in Atlanta Penitentiary on his plea of guilty to stealing a postal package from the General Post Office.

Held as Swindlers—Mrs. Alice Saitch and Julius Rainford, both negroes, were held for the Grand Jury on the charge of having swindled Linous Charles, a negro, out of $1,000 by pretending they could get him out on bail after he had been sentenced to two months in jail for contempt of court, because of a remark he made at the Marcus Garvey trial.

Firemen Were Handy—The Rescue Squad, working in the basement of 1,503 First Avenue to check an ammonia leak, turned fire fighters when an electric iron, left by a woman when she fled the fumes, ignited an ironing board in an apartment upstairs.

New Automatic Exchange—Washington Heights, the ninth machine-switching telephone central office in the city, will be put in operation at 611 West 175th Street at midnight Saturday to serve 7,000 subscribers.

Shoplifter Jailed—Otis Martin, 22, of 222 West Sixty-second Street, was sentenced to thirty days in the workhouse for stealing $34.19 worth of women's articles from Macy's to give them to his sweetheart.

Father and Son United—Leo Lipman, 12, who came alone from Gastoria, N. C., to meet his father here, lost the address and was found wandering in Brooklyn, was united with his parent when the police got his address by telegraph from the boy's mother in Gastoria.

Thieves Take Locks—A driver left his truck with $7,000 worth of locks in front of a restaurant at Eighteenth Street and Eighth Avenue, ate and came out to find it gone. The police truck squad is hunting it.

Blackjacked and Robbed—Barkotis Rossis was blackjacked and robbed of $261 in his confectionery at 720 Second Avenue, Long Island City.

Held as Robber—Willian Santre of Grant City, S. I., was held in $20,000 bail on the charge of having robbed Albert P. Semler's home in Grant City of $10,000 in jewelry, silver and clothing.

Job for Our Bankers—Dr. Albert B. Faust, professor of German at Cornell University, returning from Berlin, said that a group of experienced American night do more than any one else to stabilize the mark.

To Entertain Heroes—Franklin D. Roosevelt, ex-Assistant Secretary of the Navy, will give a reception at his Hyde Park, N. Y., home on Tuesday, to 200 members of the Army and Navy Legion of Valor whose annual convention starts financiers might do more than any one else to stabilize the mark.

FLOGGING IN FLORIDA BLAMED FOR DEATH

Victim Said He Believed Injury That Proved Fatal Was Due to Lashing.

BROTHER ASKS INQUIRY

Seeks Companion Who Was In State Hospital to Corroborate the Story.

William Fetter, 23 years old, of 4,338 Barnes Avenue, the Bronx, died Monday night at Fordham Hospital under circumstances which have caused his brother, Frederick Fetter, a member of the Fire Department, living at the same address, to ask an investigation in an effort to learn whether his brother's death was the result of a flogging which he is said to have received some months ago at the Florida State Hospital at Chattahoochee.

Fetter died five hours after his brother had given him a transfusion of eighteen ounces of blood in a vain attempt to save his life.

Before he died Fetter said he believed the injury which caused his death was the result of the flogging.

About a year ago while stealing a ride on a freight train in Florida, Fetter was arrested for vagrancy and sentenced to a turpentine camp for six months. While there he had a dispute with a keeper and, in a fit of anger, he told relatives, turned on the shower bath in the detention house, flooding the place. For this, he said, he was beaten and then sent to the Florida State Hospital, where he had more trouble, as the result of which, he said, four or five attendants overpowered him and gave him eighteen lashes. He said he believed it was this flogging that caused renewed trouble of the point of his spinal column, which was injured in a football game nin years before.

Dr. Karl S. Kennard, Assistant Medical Examiner, performed an autopsy Tuesday afternoon, and found that death was due to blood poisoning, caused by an abscess of the spinal vertebrae, which, Dr. Kennard said, might have been caused by such an injury as Fetter described.

Fetter and an ex-service man named Kelly were brought to New York from the hospital in Florida last June in charge of an attendant.

In an effort to find out how much truth there is in the story told by his brother, Frederick Fetter said he was trying to find Kelly. He will also examine letters Fetter sent to his mother at Tenafly, N. J., while in the Florida hospital, in which he is said to have made complaints about the treatment he received.

Officials Deny Charge.

CHATTAHOOCHEE, Fla., Sept. 26.—When officials of the Florida State Hospital were notified by a TIMES representative that the death of William Fetter was attributed to a flogging received while he was an inmate of this institution they said there was no foundation for such a charge. When State officials at Tallahassee learned of the statement they came to the hospital and investigated the affair. Attorney General Buford said he found the charges unfounded.

Italian Ambassador Returns.

Prince Gelasio Gaetani, Italian Ambassador to the United States, will arrive this morning from Naples on the Lloyd Sabaudo liner, Conte Rosso, after a two months vacation in Italy. He will leave this afternoon for Washington.

ITALY GETS FORFEIT GREECE HAD POSTED

Continued from Page 1, Column 6.

able that such a claim will not be pressed.

ROME, Sept. 26.—A ditpatch to the Giornale d'Italia from Corfu says that Italian transports today were embarking troops and war materials from the island, which recently was seized by the Italians after the assassination of the Italian members of the Greco-Albanian boundary commission.

ROME, Sept. 26 (Associated Press).—The Italian press and public are expressing gratification over the decision of the Conference of Ambassadors in awarding Italy the 50,000,000 lire deposited by Greece as a guarantee of reparation in the Greco-Albanian frontier murder case.

The newspapers say that this was the only logical solution of the affair, and some of them express considerable resentment over what is termed the "new and strange opposition of English policy toward Italy."

Most of the newspapers point out that the assistance of France contributed greatly to overcoming what is declared to have been the obstinacy of the British representatives, which is generally attributed to "underhand financial influences."

GENEVA, Sept. 26 (Associated Press)—The Greco-Italian crisis was revived here tonight by Nicholas Politis, former Greek Minister of Foreign Affairs, now representative of his country on the Council of the League of Nations.

Assuming from press forecasts that Greece would be obliged to pay Italy the 30,000,000 lire deposited by her as security for indemnity, M. Politis declared that such a decision on the part of the Conference of Ambassadors would be an outrageous injustice, and would prove that the big nations of Europe are in complicity to strike a blow at a small and defenseless country.

M. Politis charged the Conference of Ambassadors with having reached its conclusions without waiting for the final report of the commission of inquiry into the murder of the Italian members of the Greco-Albanian Boundary Commission, and insisted that several members of the mission were convinced that the Greek Government was not responsible and that the murders constituted an act of personal vengeance against General Tellini, head of the Italian delegation, and were plotted in Albanian territory.

It was declared by M. Politis that the investigation was continuing because a bandit who surrendered had confessed to the Greek authorities that ten days previous to the assassinations he had been requested by the Albanian chief of police to organize the murder on Greek territory of a member of the frontier commission, which he had refused to do.

Contending that the inquiry was entitled to continue until tomorrow, M. Politis said he failed to understand the haste of the Conference of Ambassadors.

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By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

ATHENS, Sept. 26.—The notorious Greek brigand named Memos today presented himself to the Greek authorities at Janina, and declared that he is in possession of valuable information, which, he feels, would surely lead to the immediate arrest of the orderers of General Tellini and his ues. The Greek Government has a reward of 20,000 drachmas for capture, but he has succeeded in escaping across the Albano-Greek frontier, and has joined the Albanian gendarmerie.

Last Monday, Memos boldly entered the office of the Chief of Police at Janina and calmly requested permission to give evidence before the interallied commission inquiring into the murders on the condition that the Greek Government protect his life, which was in danger. This request was granted, and Memos appeared before the interallied commission.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

GENEVA, Sept. 26.—Backed by France as in the Conference of Ambassadors, Signor Salandra, Italy's representative, decided today that the questions of the League's competence in the present Corfu incident ought not to be submitted to the Hague Court, but should be settled by the Council itself. His argument was that the questions were too vague and cite the definite case; but, himself has whittled from them every vestige of reference to the case of Corfu.

Mr. Wood, for England, answered that as far as he was concerned he would be well contented to make them far less vague and cite the definite case. But egged on by M. Hanotaux, Poincaré's agent here, Signor Salandra stuck to his argument that the Council whose competence his country denied three weeks ago should be the sole arbiter of whether that competence existed.

125 KILLED IN QUAKE AT KHORASSAN, PERSIA

TEHERAN, Persia, Sept. 26. — One hundred and twenty-five persons were killed in an earthquake at Khorassan on Tuesday, according to a dispatch received here today.

ROME, Sept. 26.—A slight earthquake shock was felt in Dalmatia this morning. No damage resulted.

ALLAHABAD, British India, Sept. 26.—Nine villages were destroyed and twenty-two partially destroyed by the earthquake which shook the vicinity of Bujnurd, Persia, on Thursday, says a message received from Meshed, Northeastern Persia, today. The shock caused the death of 157 persons and the injury of 146.

The centre of the disturbance was the Atrak River, along the line between Mana and Shirvan.

WARD RESTS CASE; OFFERS NO WITNESS

Continued from Page 1, Column 1.

against the walls, and four rows of chairs were placed between the lawyers' tables and the fence dividing the room. Judge Mills, wearing his black skull cap, was with his associates, State Senator Ellwood M. Rabenold and Allan R. Campbell, at the defense table. Mrs. Ward, who had visited her husband in the jail for an hour before court opened, entered and shook hands with the attorneys, with the eyes of the crowd, 50 per cent. women, centred upon her.

Ward Greets Lawyers.

Ward came in one minute before 10 o'clock. He made his way slowly through the crowd, and with a smile at his wife warmly greeted his lawyers. He held a brief conference with Senator Rabenold, who has sat at his client's elbow throughout the trial, while Mrs. Ward glanced through one of the many letters, from all parts of the country, that are finding their way to the characters in the drama at the Westchester County Court House.

Promptly at 10 o'clock Justice Wagner ascended the bench, and as the court attachés' rapping died away he bowed to the jury, to counsel and settled back in his high-backed, green leather-tufted chair to hear Judge Mills.

"Your Honor," said Judge Mills, "I enter formally each one of the nine motions which your Honor denied yesterday. I presume that you deny them again?"

Justice Wagner nodded. At that time no hint that the defense would go to the jury solely on the prosecution's case had come from Ward's side. It was expected, from the hint dropped by Judge Mills, that witnesses would be called to substantiate, in so far as it proved possible, the reality of the fugitive "Charley Ross" and "Jack Rogers," alleged by Ward as the blackmailers whose plot ended in the death of Peters.

"I shall then begin my summing up," said Judge Mills simply, and his sudden move sent a commotion rippling through the court. Attorney General Sherman, who had been leaning his head against an arm crooked to rest on the table, sat up quickly. He shot a surprised look over his shoulder at his aids—Special Deputy Attorney General Thomas J. O'Neill and Deputy Attorney General Wilber W. Chambers.

Mills Starts His Argument.

Ward and his wife hitched their chairs around to watch the jury. A reporter tripped over a chair in his haste to have the wires say: "The defense rested." Judge Mills moved over to the prosecution's table, placed directly in front of the jury box. An overcast sky sent a leaden light into the rather dim room, and he was forced to bend his head lower to peer through his heavy spectacles at his notes.

"It is plain to you," he said, slowly, "that this is the first opportunity I have had in this long trial to look upon you this way and address you, and contradict what my learned adversary has said. We are at the beginning of the end, and I have to say to you that I have the most profound satisfaction that my client has come to the bar of justice in this way, prosecuted by the State, and that he is emerging in this way.

"One of my first satisfactions is in finding nothing in the people's case that was not there before. The cards have been laid out and I have counted them all. They are dog-eared and torn; I have had them before."

Attorney General Sherman, apologetic in manner and voice, broke in at this point. Judge Mills faced him, half-angry, half-surprised.

"I am sorry to interrupt," said the youthful State's lawyer, "but I must. I am trying this case on the evidence."

Justice Wagner nodded a sustainer of the objection and cautioned Judge Mills to keep from comments.

"You were all examined," continued Judge Mills, "before being accepted, to see if you had followed the rumors of the press. I have been a member of the Westchester County Bar Association for many years and believed that I would have to pay the Attorney General the honor to believe that he would bring out something new, but there is nothing.

"Like Old Mariner," He Says.

"You recall in the examination of former District Attorney Weeks, who was our opponent at one stage of this case, that he showed one by one that all except the firearms expert testified before the first Grand Jury. I have been in the case since the first indictment was presented. I am like an old mariner riding the sea; now he steers for the open gate of the home port, realizing that the opposition contains nothing but wind, nothing but near puffs at that. Now with every sail set, holding fast and true, here on this craft, we are home safely as we sought.

"Another satisfaction has been that my own citizens from Westchester County have been in the jury box; ones I have worked with as a bar member. My client is judged by twelve of his own citizens under the Constitution of the United States. My last satisfaction is this, by the grace of no one, but by the Constitution, I may speak for my client. No man shall be deprived of his life, liberty and property. I am entitled to free speech. I am not complaining of laws as enforced. I have gone to my home, day after day, week after week, a weary man because I hadn't talked of this man, and now I speak for him."

Pausing time and again and pacing back and forth, the counsel for the defense would halt often to thrust a forefinger earnestly at the jury to emphasize a point. Now and then he would put his head on one side, beat a clenched fist against an open palm, and confidentially argue with the twelve listening men. "Come now," he would say coaxingly. "Honor bright!" he would say at other stops.

Again and again, as though to persuade the jurors to do likewise, he let his glance rest momentarily upon the pile of dirty clothing heaped before him. The pile was the clothing and cheap shoes, the queer medley of pocket luggage, found on the body baggage of Peters. His singular strategy in attracting attention to a State's exhibit was disclosed later when he furnished the court with a minor climax.

Ralph Ward Enters Court.

Judge Mills, launching into his summation, was touching on the "barbarity of the old English law, which denies to the defense counsel the last word," when Ralph D. Ward, brother of the defendant, came in. There was a quick turning of heads to see if George S. Ward, President of the Ward Baking Company, father of the brothers, and an absentee from this State for months, had finally decided to come to his son's side. Ralph Ward, however, entered alone.

"That old law is still the law in New York State," continued Judge Mills, "although in many States it has been changed. However, I stand ready to answer any question asked by the State or for the consideration of the jury. We have nothing to evade. We came of our own accord to the bar of justice when there was no suspicion against us, and from the very first we have sought an early trial.

"There never was a citizen of old Westchester County who suffered more unjustly than Walter S. Ward. This indictment against him was unfounded. It is my painful duty, and much I regret it, to call your attention to how this Attorney General discharged his office, but here is a man who is in danger of his life and I must.

"Do you jurors want any man persecuted? Do you want any man unfairly treated? I charge here that this man has been most unfairly prosecuted by the State, by the Attorney General. I charge him, first, with the improper coaching and bulldozing of witnesses. You all heard former Troopers Greene and Collins blundering, honestly, of course. You heard how Trooper Greene blundered.

"They took him in hand and they made him change his testimony. These witnesses testified to searching the scene of the death of Peters on their hands and knees. They never were on their hands and knees until they were taken in hand by Mr. Chambers. And did you notice the treatment of Dr. Vall, one of the witnesses called by the State? You could see that he loved Walter S. Ward as a brother might, and did you notice how this man, from out of the county, forced to the front, good brother O'Neill, one of our county lawyers?

Shows Picture to Jury.

"Do you remember how brother O'Neill went to the rail and as much as called Dr. Vall a liar and a knave? As Almighty God is my judge, I never knew anything like that to be done in Westchester County. Is that what you want, gentlemen of the jury?

"Remember that picture of the dead man that the Attorney General handed around to you? Remember those swollen and distorted features that you looked at while this Attorney General delayed court?"

Judge Mills quickly picked up from the table a photograph of Mrs. Ward and her two children, taken before the tragedy, on the steps of their former home in Sutton Manor, New Rochelle.

"We show the living," he continued, Handing the picture to Foreman Schilling. "Look at those two lovely kiddies—why if they live seventy years they will not be as old as I am, as I stand here before you this morning."

The lawyer halted his summation as the jurors studied the photograph of the two blond children and of Mrs. Ward.

"I now come to the worst thing of all," the attorney went on. "Here on Monday last, beside my client, sat his loyal and devoted wife, the woman God gave to be with him. She has been with him in these hours of trial and tribulation, but you can see in her face the wearing marks of grief as you compare it with that face in the photograph. She is harried by the persecutions of sixteen long months.

"The Attorney General, without notice, called her to the stand last Monday as a witness against her husband. 'Whom God hath joined together, let no man put asunder.' When you ask a man's wife to testify against him you ask a violation of God's law. Did you ever hear of that before?"

Challenge to Sherman.

Declaring that Mrs. Ward's testimony added nothing to the State's case, Judge Mills said:

"It is a well-established point of law that when a case has been conducted unfairly that the jury may disregard the case. Can a case that has been sought to be mintained by such methods have merit? Cases in Westchester County have never been tried by third-degree methods. I challenge the Attorney General to sum up this case himself and explain this case, and not by proxy."

Charging that the prosecution did not dare to present all its witnesses, Judge Mills said that the inference is that the Attorney General found since their examination that their testimony was false and that he did not dare to present false testimony.

"The lives of Ward and Peters had never crossed before," he continued. "Peters arrived in New York at 5 o'clock that afternoon; he had never been in New York before. Coud Ward have had malice in his heart against Peters. Ward shot down a despised blackmailer; not a blackmailer by interest, but one who hired himself out that night as a gunman."

Judge Mills then took up the opening address of Mr. Sherman, assailing it point by point in an effort to show that the State had failed to keep its promise to prove the charge against Ward.

"Not the slightest shadow of proof has been brought forward against Ward," he said. "The defendant must not prove his innocence; it is up to the State to prove him guilty. The defense rested without bringing forward any witnesses to prove his innocence. Each part of a chain of circumstantial evidence must fit into the other, and this evidence must be inconsistent with the defendant's innocence before he can be found guilty.

"The prosecution hangs its case on the statement that Ward's statement is incredible on its face. They claim to have disproved portions of his story. But they have brought no other version forward for the jury's consideration. This statement was brought to the authorities by Mr. Campbell and Mr. Rabenold. Were these men fools? Were they so foolish as to believe an incredible statement? No."

Judge Mills declared that neither Ward nor any of his lawyers had placed Peters in the band that fired at Ward on the Sunday meeting on a Port Chester highway, three days before the killing. He said that the State ridiculed Ward's statement that, despite the volleys aimed at him, he had gone a second time to meet the band.

"They intended, and this is my theory only," he said, "to run him into Connecticut, to kidnap him, and then force him to write to his father, arriving from Europe the next day, for money."

Guard Family Secret.

The attorney then took up the State's contention that Ward never returned to recover the gun which he said Peters had held when the defendant fired in self-defence. He explained this, by saying that Ward did this to prevent the authorities from thinking Peters had committed suicide. Going over the case against him, Judge Mills finally came to the failure to put Ward on the stand. He attributed this to desire to shield the family secret.

"You gentlemen," he said, "would say as he does: 'I suffer, but my lips shall never publish the shame of others of my blood.'"

At the end of Judge Mills's argument court was adjourned until 10 o'clock this morning.

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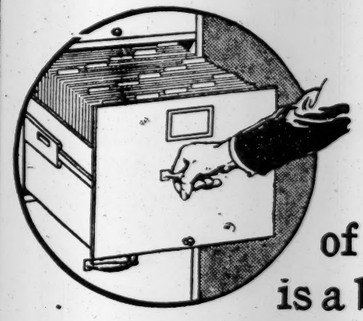

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PLAN CLASSIC ARENA FOR CITY'S THEATRE

Imposing Stone Structure at Speedway and 167th Street Favored by Gallatin.

A SETTING FOR PAGEANTS

Would Seat 3,500 on Natural Slope and Accommodate Variety of Spectacles.

With a $150,000 anonymous endowment believed available, plans for the first open air theatre in New York City are now being worked out tentatively by the Department of Parks, Commissioner Francis D. Gallatin said last night. The project was suggested by Acting Mayor Murray Hulbert, and the site chosen is on the Speedway at 167th Street.

Preliminary sketches for the theatre call for a seating capacity of 3,500, with benches of cut stone or may dictate concrete. A hollow at this point would lend itself to a semi-amphitheatre arrangement, Mr. Gallatin said, and the rising tiers would be built into the cleft of ground, giving a panoramic sweep of Speedway and river.

The theatre is being patterned after the Greek theatre, save that Mr. Gallatin thought it doubtful that the Greek stage with its stone backing and entrances would be reproduced, as this would obscure the view.

In addition to dramas, operas, concerts and recitals, he said, the theatre also would be used for patriotic meetings and for reviews of pageants on the Speedway and for water carnivals and boat races in the stream below.

The open-air theatre would have a flat stage, Mr. Gallatin said, and dressing rooms would be provided underneath.

CROMWELL CHARGES TOLD TO GRAND JURY

Continued from Page 1, Column 2.

"a high official" wrote to the Board of Governors and made a "covert threat" of adverse legislation against the Stock Exchange unless the wires of certain bucket shops were restored by the officials of the Exchange after they had been ripped out because the firms were suspected of having stolen the orders of customers.

When Mr. Cromwell came out of the Grand Jury room he was asked if he intended to give out a statement regarding the identity of the accused men.

"Apparently not," he replied, but added that when he reached the Stock Exchange there was a possibility that he might make a statement of some kind.

Mr. Pecora, Mr. Cromwell and the latter's lawyer then held a fifteen-minute conference in the Chief Assistant District Attorney's office, during which it was learned that Mr. Pecora had informed Mr. Cromwell that it would be necessary to obtain the testimony of three officials of the New York Stock Exchange who, it was said, had been mentioned by Mr. Cromwell in his testimony before the Grand Jury.

Mr. Cromwell, it was understood, told Mr. Pecora that it would not be necessary to issue subpoenas for them, and promised to have the three witnesses present in the Grand Jury chamber when the investigation is resumed at 10:30 o'clock this morning. Whether these witnesses were some of those who had signed the affidavits which Mr. Cromwell brought with him to the Grand Jury room could not be learned. There was a report that one of the witnesses is the Secretary of the Exchange, Jason Westerfield.

Mr. Pecora conferred with District Attorney Banton after the departure of Mr. Cromwell from the Criminal Courts Building, and later Mr. Banton said that he had issued specific orders that the names of the persons mentioned in the Grand Jury investigation were not to be made public until the Grand Jury had concluded its proceedings, if then.

"How long do you expect the Grand Jury investigation to last?" Mr. Pecora was asked in Mr. Banton's presence.

"It may be concluded tomorrow," he replied.

"Is there a possibility of your calling before the body the legislators or other officials against whom Mr. Cromwell directed his charges in his speech at Atlantic City?"

Awaits Additional Testimony.

"That all depends on the testimony of the witnesses that are to be examined tomorrow. In fact the calling of additional witnesses of any kind will depend on the testimony of those witnesses to be examined tomorrow."

"Did Mr. Cromwell say that he had with him the letter or letters he was alleged to have received from a 'high' official containing a covert threat against the Board of Governors of the Exchange or himself if the tickers of certain bucketshops were not restored?"

"He made no mention of letters," Mr. Pecora said. "If he had that intention in mind I suppose he laid it aside when I told him that I would arrange for his immediate appearance before the additional September Grand Jury."

"Did Mr. Cromwell say or intimate that he would make a statement to the public revealing the identity of the three legislators and other 'high' officials whom he accused in his speech at Atlantic City of having attempted to coerce the Exchange in letters into granting favors to bucket shops under threat of legislation aimed at the Stock Exchange?"

"We have no control over Mr. Cromwell's attitude in any way, shape or form, nor would not attempt to control his attitude if we could," Mr. Pecora answered.

"Did Mr. Cromwell or Mr. Battle tell you before Mr. Cromwell entered the Grand Jury room the nature of the statements contained in the affidavits Mr. Cromwell carried with him?"

"Neither Mr. Cromwell nor his lawyer said anything to me in that connection," he replied.

When District Attorney Banton came out of his chief assistant's office a few minutes before Mr. Cromwell and Mr. Pecora started for the Grand Jury room he was asked if the statement of the head of the Stock Exchange would be limited to the four particular instances of attempted coercion referred to by Mr. Cromwell in his speech at the American Bankers' Association convention.

"I want him to tell everything that he knows about anything indicating an attempt to violate the law," he replied.

A few minutes after the Grand Jury began its investigation Mr. Battle, pacing up and down the other room, refused to reveal whether he had advised Mr. Cromwell not to make a statement to the prosecutor, and added: "Mr. Cromwell merely is here in obedience to the Grand Jury subpoena. We have no controversy with District Attorney Banton." He also declared that Mr. Cromwell would not give out any statement regarding his testimony before the Grand Jury or any other matters connected with the investigation.

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In reviewing our conversations with friends it is wise to regard the full measure of our talks and strike a balance in favor of "the other fellow."

Human nature has its own moods, which are often difficult to reconcile.

Much depends on health, atmosphere and circumstances.

(*Signed*) John Wanamaker

Dahlia Blooms

An exhibition of choice blooms is now in progress at the 9th Street Motor Entrance of the New Building.

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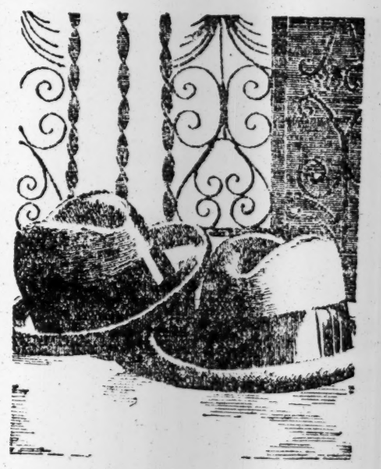

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LINKS PRESIDENT WITH DRY POLITICS

Druggists' Spokesman Challenges Coolidge on Alleged Anti-Saloon League Offer.

ASSAILS HAYNES'S REGIME

Disregards Limits of Constitution, He Says—Narcotics Law Enforcement Also Criticized.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Sept. 26.—Asking whether President Coolidge was "playing politics" with prohibition enforcement, Eugene C. Brockmeyer of Washington, General Counsel for the National Association of Retail Druggists, attacked the administration of the Federal Prohibition Commissionr in an address to the druggists' convention today.

"The influence of the Anti-Saloon League is swaying men in public office, from the highest down," Mr. Brockmeyer said.

The speaker showed why the retail druggists of the country were opposed to Haynes but the Commissioner of Internal Revenue and the Secretary of the Treasury had their support.

"But we will be fair," he continued. "President Coolidge is a new man in the office. He has not had time to familiarize himself with many of the real conditions. He has been grossly imposed upon.

"If the present incumbent at the White House is playing politics, or intends to play politics, we want to know it. It has been said that the delegates from Ohio have been promised to him by the Anti-Saloon League in the next campaign on the pledge that he is going to appoint the present National Prohibition Commissioner in an address to prohibition laws contrary to the Constitution.

"We ask the co-operation of 50,000 retail druggists throughout the country. If you do your full duty, the public will understand what to do when it votes for President again.

"The Prohibition Commissioner," the speaker said, "has been enforcing what many persons term 'fanatical prohibition.'

"I credit the Commissioner with sincerity and honesty of purpose," he said; "with being well meaning and as having the support of a tremendous sentiment in the United States, but many people, like him, overlook the fact that there are limitations to the Constitution and, worse than that, they don't seem to care.

"Prohibition is not the only issue involved. The administration of the Harrison act is in the hands of a moral crusader who hasn't the remotest idea what it means, and cares less. Narcotic imports under international treaties have been reduced 33 per cent. on the basis of the medical needs of the American people. Why this added exercise of arbitrary power? The motive? For the purpose of claiming before the people the checking of narcotic drug addiction for political gain.

"If I had any criticism to make of the people of the United States it would be, first, that they are not holding Congress in check on its power as laid down in the Constitution, and second, they are not holding their administrators to the boundaries fixed by the law. Thus, there is trouble, and there is going to be more trouble, from the same reason."

Mr. Brockmeyer complained that a communication to President Coolidge of two weeks ago offering the assistance of the association on the problem had been turned over to Commissioner Haynes instead of to Secretary Mellon.

BOY SAVED FROM RIVER.

Police Grapple for Brother Said to Have Fallen In Also.

Michael Janowitz, 5½ years old, of 112 Broome Street, while playing about the bulkhead at Corlears Hook Park, under the Williamsburg Bridge, yesterday fell into the water and was rescued by George Underhill of 128 North Third Street, Brooklyn, a handy man on the barge Camp Huddleston, which is used as a nursery annex to Gouverneur Hospital. As soon as Michael had been taken to Gouverneur Hospital the police began dragging the waters around the bulkhead for his brother, John, 7½ years old, but no trace of him was found.

According to Michael, he and his brother had gone "fishing" for "killies." The big brother was leaning over the edge, Michael said, and Michael was holding his hand to keep him from slipping in when suddenly John saw some of the fish and, in trying to scoop them into a tin can, fell in and dragged Michael in with him. A number of persons saw Michael go into the water and shouted for help. Several declared they saw the 7½-year-old brother go into the water also.

Underhill has rescued three other boys and a woman from near the same point this year.

ALLEGES UNDERWOOD PLOT.

Effort to Prevent 1924 Nomination Charged by Alabama Legislator.

MONTGOMERY, Ala., Sept. 26.—Representative J. Lee Long created excitement in the lower house of the Legislature today when he charged that Frederick I. Thompson, an Alabama newspaper publisher and member of the United States Shipping Board, is engaged in an effort to defeat Senator Underwood in his candidacy for the Democratic Presidential nomination.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 26.—Commenting today on the charge made in the Alabama House of Representatives by Representative Long that he was seeking to defeat Senator Underwood in his candidacy for the Democratic Presidential nomination, Frederick I. Thompson, a member of the Shipping Board, made this statement:

"Senator Underwood is the best judge of those most sincerely seeking to serve his Presidential ambitions; certainly not Mr. Long, whose opinions are without weight."

Eight Kuzbas Indictments Dropped.

Judge Talley yesterday in General Sessions dismissed grand larceny indictments against Roger Baldwin, director of the Civil Liberties Union; H. S. Calvert, Matt Mulari, Edgar Oliver, Thomas Reese, Monte Schuyler, Tom Barker and Cairi Killen, who were accused last April of defrauding Americans sent to the Kuzbas Colony in Russia. The indictment against P. Pascal Cosgrove, who was alleged to be the head of the American Organizing Committee of the Kuzbas Colony, of which the other eight men were members, was not dismissed.

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Reversible Velour Portieres
$31.75 a pair

Made by *Lord & Taylor*, of an exceptionally fine quality of velour, in all of the popular shades, with French open edges. They are slightly longer than the average portiere, being 7 feet 9 inches long.

Irish Point Curtains

We have just received from abroad these attractive new curtains in a variety of designs. $4.75, $6.75 and $9.75 a pair.

FIFTH FLOOR

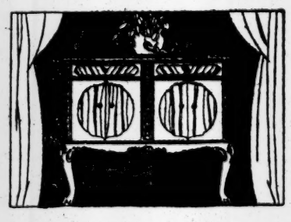
Household Linens
Attractively Priced

Table Linens—Irish linen table cloths, size 70 x 70 inches, $3.75. Napkins to match, Dozen, $4.25

Belgian Linens—Fine imported sheets and cases of Belgian linen, hemstitched. Sheets single size, a pair, $13.50. Double size, a pair, $16.50. Pillow cases, 22½ x 36 inches, a pair, $3.95

Huck Towels—Pure linen huck towels, of substantial quality with hemstitched edge, damask borders and monogram space. Dozen, $6. Guest size, dozen, $4.50

SECOND FLOOR



Victrolas in Period Design

This new period model is one that has just been introduced by the Victor Company and wonderfully combines the beauty of a fine old design with the superb tone of the instrument itself.

SEVENTH FLOOR

Broadway **Saks & Company** At 34th Street

***Men's* HIGH SHOES, STREET *and* SPORT OXFORDS**

Reduced to 4.95

Accumulated broken lines from our regular stock—687 pairs of high grade shoes included—every pair a noteworthy value!

Scotch grain or cordovan high shoes; others in calfskin with single or double soles; black or tan calfskin street oxfords in brogue or conservative models; sport oxfords of smoked horsehide, or light tan or cherry calfskin, trimmed with contrasting colored saddles. Sizes 5 to 12.

FIFTH FLOOR

Good Merchandise At Low Prices—Always

Macy's Red Star

Store of the Millions and the Millionaires

Copyright, 1923, R. H. Macy & Co., Inc.

65th Year—No. 8 Published In Herald Square NEW YORK, THURS., SEPT. 27, 1923. Published Now and (possibly) Then Prices: Always Lowest-In-the-City

SUPRE-MACY Week Nears Close

NEW CURTAINS IS FALL DECREE

Housewives are busily decorating their homes now with curtains and portieres for Fall. Macy's stages an exceedingly opportune sale for this purpose today.

Assortments of fine quality Curtains will be offered at prices ranging from $1.49 to $3.49 a pair.

Macy's Remembers Youngsters Today

The boys will receive their share of attention in the Supre-Macy Sales today. An offering of 1,000 Boys' Blouses at 69 cents will undoubtedly bring the young contingent out in force, accompanied, of course, by their mother.

The blouses are woven English Madras, in Oxford and striped effects. A lot of 1,000 Boys' Pajamas at $1.34 will also be offered.

Macy's Groceries Appeal to Thrifty

A visit to Macy's Grocery Department is a revelation in Thrift. Fresh, wholesome groceries at special savings are attracting many Supre-Macy shoppers this week. Among the offerings are a sale of "Red Star" Boneless Bacon at 32 cents a lb. (usually 38c); French Olive Oil, 89c quart can (usually $1.34); and Breakfast Cocoa at 14c the half-pound tin.

Floor Coverings

Many persons will have an opportunity to renew the floor coverings of their home in the Supre-Macy Sales today.

Inlaid Linoleum, of excellent quality and durability, will be offered at $1.39 a square yard. The former price was $1.88.

The Day's Good Values
Some of the Special Offerings in Today's Supre-Macy Sales

Men's Imported Razors, 74c

Men's Ribbed Union Suits, $1.69
(Usually $1.94)

Women's Skirts, $4.69
(Special Purchase)

Women's Suits, $22.74
(Usually $29.75)

Women's Tailored Blouses, $1.88

New Curtains, $1.49 to $3.49 pr.

Velour Portieres, $14.74

Marchioness Girdles, $3.69
(Usually $4.89)

Boys' Pajamas, $1.34

Linen Huck Towels, 29c

White Bed Spreads, $1.59 and $1.79

Wool Velvet Carpets, $2.06 yd.
(Formerly $2.84)

Misses' Astrakhan Jacquettes $21.74

Jaunty short coats, trimmed with caracul or mouffion (combed sheep) collars and cuffs. Youthful and smart, attractively lined. In Beige, Brown, Light and Dark Gray, sizes 14 to 20. Today!

SATURDAY ENDS WEEK'S EVENTS

The fourth day of the Supre-Macy Sales Week is already here.

Sales of Men's Fall Ribbed Underwear and of Shaving utensils will bring cheer to the men. The women will be intrigued by a host of offerings, among them sales of Suits, Skirts, Tailored Blouses and Untrimmed Velvet Hats.

Astrakhan Jacquettes with a fetching touch of smartness will awaken a long-felt need in the heart of many a young miss.

The Gospel of Thrift spreads rapidly as discoveries of new sales are being made on every floor. There is extraordinary opportunity to purchase new Fall merchandise at great savings. Shoppers are taking advantage of it, voicing their praise for Macy's enterprise in staging a festival of values at such an opportune time.

MILLINERY EVENT FOR THE LADIES

Untrimmed Velvet Hats at $2.79 will be one of the features of the Supre-Macy Sales today. These hats are particularly favored for Fall Wear and are made in a very good quality of velvet.

They come in black and Autumn colors in the Large Dress Models, Mushrooms, Rolled Brims, Cornered Effects and Tricorners. The usual price on them would be $3.95.

Speaking of the hats brings to mind the sale of Ostrich Feather Trimmings at $2.49.

HOUSEFURNISHINGS

Fall Sale of Housefurnishings Is Still On. Multitudes of attractive offerings at reduced prices.

Coats of the Newer Fabrics

For Women and Misses

Emphasize Those Modes of the Paris Openings Distinctive of the Haute Couturiers

129.50

SHOWING ample originality in the puffed sleeve, a fashion that has become a distinct vogue in the smartest of coats of soft woolen fabrics. Attractively placed fur trimmings on collar, cuffs and along the front of these coats are among their most distinctive notes.

FASHONA COATS

85.00

Illustrative of the modish wrappy silhouette, generously collared and cuffed with fox fur.

Other Furred Coats
69.50 *to* 169.50

FIFTH AVENUE **Stewart & Co.** AT 37TH STREET
Correct Apparel for Women & Misses

YOUNG MEN'S TOPCOATS

In our very complete assortments of medium and heavy weight overcoats for young men we are presenting raglan and slip-on models in the choicest overcoatings made in England, Ireland and Scotland, including hand loomed shetlands, fleeces, tweeds and homespuns.

The imported overcoats were made exclusively for us by one of the leading tailors of London, and our own productions follow the lines and draping of the most approved English models.

Our overcoats range in size from 33 to 42 chest measure.

DE PINNA

5th Avenue at 50th Street

Best & Co. English "Whitehall" Clothing

"WHITEHALL"

English Sport Suits

WITH LOUNGE OR PLEATED BACK

47.00

A Topping Value!

THAT'S what the Londoner would say, and we know we'll hear a lot of good American words in praise of these suits, too. Stunning, English cloths—many of them confined to us—roomy English cut, authentic London styles, a triumvirate of good qualities that is indeed unusual at $47.00.

Four pieces, including long trousers and knickers

MEN'S SHOP **Best & Co.** FIFTH FLOOR

FIFTH AVENUE AT 35th STREET—NEW YORK

The New York Times

"All the News That's Fit to Print"

Published Every Day in the Year by THE NEW YORK TIMES COMPANY.
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NEW YORK, THURSDAY, SEPT. 27, 1923.

DISORGANIZED LABOR.

There is no use in wasting harsh words on the strike of the New York pressmen. It was properly characterized by the International Pressmen's Union. Besides being a strike without notice and without demands made, and while there was good progress in peaceful negotiation, it was in clear violation of agreements between the local union, the International Union and the publishers, and was unauthorized and illegal under the rules of the union itself. The inevitable result was that the officers of the International Union revoked the charter of the New York pressmen. Thus a strike which was intended to establish the ruthless power of the local union led directly to its extinction.

No enemy of labor unions could have devised a heavier blow against them than the course followed by the New York pressmen. It was like an unprovoked declaration of war. If such rash action were to become common, it would take the heart out of collective bargaining. Instead of appealing to reason and fair adjustment, the men openly resorted to brute force, seeking to coerce the publishers by crippling without warning a business upon the orderly ongoing of which the livelihood of thousands of working people depends. The strike precipitated, a contest which, if it were to be carried on in the spirit of the men who began it, would compel the publishers to meet force with force in the sense of calling up all their resources to avoid surrender to a mob tyranny.

For this was not a fight against organized labor. Labor never showed itself more disorganized than in the headlong and futile act of the New York pressmen. A small and noisy and reckless minority of them, eager to strike at any time with or without excuse, seized upon a routine meeting of the union, where it was not known, except to the plotters, that the question of a strike was to come up at all, and snatched a decision which was obviously against the judgment of the more sober-minded members. The vote to strike was had under circumstances of such passion and intimidation, was so manifestly unlawful from the first, and was so suicidal in effect, that it might seem as if craftily designed by enemies to bring the local organization of the pressmen into discredit and disrepute. This was not organized labor, but labor running amuck. If the unions are to take their management out of the hands of men able to look before and after, and turn them over to hot-heads always spoiling for a fight, they will not only lose the respect of the community, but will forfeit the advantages which organized labor has won for itself in the modern world. No one can deal with a union which itself deals treacherously.

The terms of the settlement agreed upon between the publishers and the International Pressmen's Union are a victory for reasonable methods, for peace in the industry, and for the adjudication of all possible future controversies in the fashion of civilized men. A board of conciliation is first to do its best to smooth out any difficulties that may arise, but if it is not successful the matters in dispute are to be referred to impartial arbitrators. By their decision both sides pledge themselves to abide. This is the establishment of a principle of the greatest benefit to workers, employers and the public alike. To have achieved this in the form of a contract between the International Pressmen's Union and the New York publishers, together with the entire repudiation and defeat of the wanton strike by the local union, is something in which all who have worked for that end, both the publishers and the officers of the International Union, may take legitimate pride. And the misguided strikers will themselves come in time to see that a great step in their true interest has been taken.

THE RUHR SETTLEMENT.

In finally deciding to decree abandonment of passive resistance in the Ruhr, Chancellor STRESSEMANN has exhibited statesmanship of a high quality. Only by the greatest firmness and courage could he have brought the German people to admit the necessity of a surrender. He had to give up the policy of his predecessor. He had to announce the shattering of patriotic hopes. In a word, he had to face the hard realities and act in accordance with them. It may be that his bold and resolute course will make him so unpopular as to force him out of office before long. But in any event it is a satisfaction to know that Germany could produce in her acute crisis a man with fibre and strength enough to do what had to be done. It is to be hoped that, in the troublous times still ahead for the German Government, public men may come forward with such clear-eyed sagacity and heroic resolution as Chancellor STRESSEMANN has displayed.

For the French Government the result is a brilliant vindication of the policy which it has pursued since last January. Sure that it had adopted the right means to its declared end, it has persisted in its course with admirable and unshaken calm. Now that it has won a complete victory in its main contention, the hour for moderation has come. There is good promise that French statesmanship, too, will rise to the emergency by making the occupation of the Ruhr from now on as nearly "invisible" as possible, and by taking up with Germany in a broad spirit the settlement of the big questions of reparations and security and beneficial trade between the two countries that remain to be settled. As for the English Government, after its vacillations and diplomatic defeats of the past two months, it should be in a chastened frame of mind prompting it to do its best in co-operating with France to bring about political and industrial peace in Central Europe.

JOHN MORLEY.

Not by the title he took when translated to the House of Lords, which he had assailed so stoutly and whose claws he was eager to cut, but as JOHN MORLEY will he be remembered—that pure and noble and disinterested figure, one of the last survivors of a famous company of statesmen that has passed into history. A philosophic radical, an agnostic in the party of "the Nonconformist conscience," a devotee to the last of the Cobdenite gospel, a man who meant to be just, and was always tenacious of his principles, he was often classed as a doctrinaire, a solitary, too honest and unbending for politics, something less than a statesman.

Yet in two important respects time has vindicated his prevision and the statesmanship of his policies. The Irish Free State is a testimonial to the wisdom of his insistence for more than forty years on Home Rule and his steady sympathy with Irish nationalism. What extremity of alienation and division, what wounds that must be long in healing, if ever they are healed, what disasters whose effects Ireland must long suffer, might have been avoided if the Liberal Party could have been united in 1886! It will be recalled that JOHN MORLEY is supposed to have had a strong influence on Mr. GLADSTONE, persuading him to stick, in the Home Rule bill of that year, to the separation of the Irish from the British Parliament, a principle which both were forced by the prevailing sentiment of their party to abandon. Again, as Secretary of State for India, MORLEY was copiously howled at for his reconstruction of the Indian Government with a view to a larger development of the representative principle. For good or for ill, a wider recognition of that principle, a larger sop to Indian nationalism, is now being given.

Entering Parliament in middle life, MORLEY failed at first as a speaker. He began as a sort of essayist; and he never quite acquired "the House of Commons manner." He did become a direct, clear and forcible speaker, if not debater. He even came to more than hold his own on the platform; though these occasions of uproar and heckling were at first wormwood to his sensitive and fastidious spirit. He had not the graces or the voice of the orator; but he was heard with attention and respect because everybody knew that he was honest, that he meant to be fair, that no office could tempt him to give up his principles. His judgment was occasionally at fault. His preference of the accomplished but temperamental and feminine-fantastic Lord ROSEBERY over Sir WILLIAM HARCOURT was more than a little queer in spite of Sir WILLIAM'S notorious rough tongue, and MORLEY had to join Sir WILLIAM in the Liberal broils that followed. His resignation from the Asquith Government in 1914 saddened many of his admirers. It seemed like a "great refusal." It could be explained only as a corollary of pacifism, an outgrowth of the "Liberalism of CORDAY." Yet the circumstances are still unknown. Doubtless MORLEY has left an explanation of them. It might be inferred from a remark of WINSTON CHURCHILL that MORLEY felt that younger men were needed, at least a unanimous Cabinet, to make a war Government successful.

Of his long, brilliant service as a writer for the press and an editor we need not speak; nor of his books, which a new generation is now beginning to read. His life was stainless. His character was of the loftiest. If British "sociocracy," the mongrel-named substitute for democracy, can produce men of his fibre, there need be no fear of its future. There was nothing sombre in his old-age vision. Only three months ago he was saying: "We can trust to the growth of responsibility; we may look for circumstances and events to teach their lesson."

PATCHING AND TINKERING.

The State Architect has given notice that the time has come when patching and tinkering of the old wrecks of certain State hospital buildings will no longer serve a useful end, and that they are a menace to the lives of the unfortunates who are obliged to live in them. The responsibility of continued maintenance of these buildings is thus transferred to the people of the State. They have been asked to approve bonds in the amount of $50,000,000 to replace these obsolete "firetraps" with modern fireproof structures, and to provide against the overcrowding which is worse now than at any other time in the history of the State.

It is not quite fair to say, as Mr. FOLKS has said, that the thirty years of State care of the insane have been "thirty years of failure." They have seen an improvement over the years when many insane were kept in almshouses and poorhouses, but they have been years of shortcoming and compromising. As the State Architect says, the installation of standpipes and fire alarms cannot convert a "funeral pile" into a fireproof building. There must be new buildings, as free of fire hazards as they can be made. To put the entire burden upon the present taxpayers is neither practicable nor just. The issuance of bonds is the only way out. The people of the State ought to authorize this at the coming election in November, when the question will be submitted to popular vote. The fire at Ward's Island last February is a warning that must be heeded.

COMMUNISM IN BULGARIA.

Though the Communist revolt in Bulgaria has been exaggerated in dispatches from Paris, Belgrade and Saloniki, inference from such news as has been allowed to come through the censorship from Sofia indicates that it is serious. There seems to have been some fighting in the capital itself, which is heavily garrisoned; and through the country, though individual Communist risings are soon suppressed, it is admitted that they show unexpected recuperative power.

Premier TSANKOFF may be sincere in saying that Bulgaria is fighting the world's battle against the Third International. Doubtless the Russians have helped start the fire; though TCHITCHERIN, naturally, asserted some six weeks ago that the incriminating documents supposed to have been found in the possession of the Russian Red Cross Mission in Bulgaria had been planted there by the Tsankoff Government. Whatever the truth about this, in some parts of the country the peasants who supported the late Premier STAMBULISKY and his efforts to repress communism are siding with the Communists against the bourgeois bloc which overthrew him.

This endless chain of party strife goes back to 1915, when Bulgaria came into the war. Ex-Czar FERDINAND and ex-Premier RADOSLAVOFF are the men really responsible for the present revolution. They put Bulgaria into the war, and put STAMBULISKY, head of the pacifists, in jail. When Germany and Bulgaria lost the war STAMBULISKY came out of jail and locked up his political opponents. His persecution of the old party leaders and the city population that supported them provoked a reaction; STAMBULISKY was killed, DASKALOFF, second in command of the farmer party, was murdered in exile, and the other leaders were locked up. The natural consequence is the driving of many peasants into alliance with the Communists.

The Tsankoff Government has obtained permission to increase the army beyond the limit laid down in the Treaty of Neuilly. Of the 20,000 volunteers permitted by it, the Government has been unable to raise more than 7,000 or 8,000, a number obviously inadequate to the suppression of an extensive revolt. Yet the raising of a large army, vainly sought by Bulgarian Governments for years, will certainly rouse the suspicions of Bulgaria's neighbors. It was a privilege the Allies refused to the pro-Ally pacifist STAMBULISKY, but now, under pressure of the revolutionary danger, grant to a Government of much more questionable record. Though the party of RADOSLAVOFF has been forced out of the Coalition Ministry, there is a suspicion that the Government set up by last Summer's revolution is much under the influence of the army officers and the Macedonian irredentist refugees.

This explains the concentration of Serbian troops on the frontier. The Yugoslavs have no interest in a revolution in Bulgaria, but they have a strong interest in preventing an army raised to suppress that revolution from being used in support of Bulgaria's claim to Macedonia.

THE POLICE AT THEIR BEST.

The New York Police Department is far from perfect, but it can always be counted upon for efficient service in such troubles as the newspapers have been having for the past week. In a labor dispute of that kind the police do not take sides. They are absolutely impartial. But they resolutely do their duty to keep order, to prevent or punish violent assaults upon men engaged in lawful business, and to safeguard property threatened with injury or destruction. These were the animating purposes of the policemen detailed to the various newspaper offices, and they did their work beyond all praise. They were vigilant, foresighted, prepared for every emergency, and saw to it that full protection was given to the men printing and delivering newspapers. The whole was done with the finest organization and effectiveness. It was merely one proof more that the police force of this city, whatever its defects may be, is prompt and spirited in upholding the law in any crisis where the safety of life and property is endangered.

ROBBING PETER TO PAY PAUL.

The Secretary of Agriculture proposes a reduction "of at least 25 per cent. in freight rates, especially on agricultural products intended for export." The Interstate Commerce Commission is discussing the lowering of freight rates, particularly on wheat and flour. All this is politicians' political economy. The Southwestern miller calls for a 50 per cent. reduction in the freight rates on wheat.

Mr. C. E. SPENS, Vice President of the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy Railroad, is one of the officials whose opinion of this modest request was asked. He makes a very instructive reply. If wheat rates are to be reduced, all grain rates will have to be reduced. Producers of corn, barley and so on aren't going to become heavenly minded altruists all at once. The revenues of the great grain-carrying roads would shrink enormously. Secretary WALLACE says that we are to be "on a permanently higher scale of industrial wages." The railroads are to pay high wages out of a purse depleted for the supposed benefit of the farmers. Mr. SPENS points out that the Interstate Commerce Commission on Jan. 1, 1922, reduced the rates on domestic wheat and its products about 13 per cent.; those on coarse grain and its products about 21 per cent., and that the present export rate from the Missouri River to the Atlantic seaboard is but 2 per cent. a hundredweight higher than before the advance established in 1920.

The carriers voluntarily reduced the export rate on wheat from Kansas City to Baltimore from 52 to 38½ cents a hundredweight, from Kansas City to the Gulf from 38 to 30½ cents. A forced reduction further will injure the railroads; and the price of wheat will continue to be fixed by the law of supply and demand, not by regulation of railway rates. You can fix the rates, but the price of wheat will fluctuate as it has fluctuated. In 1922 the price of cash wheat in Chicago varied as much as 51½ cents a bushel. In the first six months of 1923 the fluctuation was 25¾ cents. Meanwhile, the earnings of the Burlington road on wheat were 10 cents a bushel.

Why does the farmer always lay his troubles to the railroads? Mr. SPENS states that the cost of thrashing a bushel of wheat in the vicinity of the Kansas towns of Norton and Ludell is from 12 to 15 cents a bushel. His railroad hauls the wheat from Norton to Kansas City, 373 miles, for 12 cents a bushel, from Ludell to Kansas City, 432 miles, for 13 cents a bushel. "Is not the trouble with the wheat industry as a whole," asks Mr. SPENS, "that the margin between operating costs and revenue is too narrow? This is the situation with the railway industry as a whole." Some politicians seem ready to gamble for votes on the chance of improving one situation by worsening the other.

The opportunity for amiable jesting over the sacrifice of the editorial page by the New York newspapers, during their past week of stress, was too good to be lost. Now, it was said, we have the true measure of value as between news and opinion. With the house on fire, it was seen what furnishings the owner thought best worth saving. There was a fine line of facetious comment of this order. But the sober fact is that with joint publication of the news, forced by the strike, there could not be separate editorial utterance. Fancy a reader finding a World editorial under a Tribune head! The very need of preserving the independence of the editorial page compelled its temporary elimination.

A Special Law for Islands.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

There would seem to be room for another international law (another American doctrine), and that is where foreign nations own islands close to the shores of another nation they shall be in duty bound to see that their nationals therefrom do not actively engage in the violation of the laws of the neighboring power.

Is it wise for the nations of Europe to presume too far on the patience and good-will of the United States with reference to the violation by their nationals of our prohibition laws?

J. W. HAMILTON.

St. Paul, Minn., Sept. 19, 1923.

LOWDEN OPPOSES FEDERAL BOARDS

Former Illinois Governor Declares All Executive Functions Should Be Centralized.

URGES RESPONSIBLE HEADS

National Tax Association Opens Warm Contest on Question of State Taxation of Banks.

WHITE SULPHUR SPRINGS, W. Va., Sept. 26.—Centralization of all executive functions of the Federal Government within designated departments was advocated by former Governor Lowden of Illinois in an address here today before the National Tax Association as a means of lessening the tax burden and of eliminating "the deadly inertia" of boards and commissions.

Mr. Lowden deprecated the growth of boards and commissions, declaring that they worked to bring about unnecessary expenditures and enabled officials sitting upon them to evade responsibility for their acts.

"It is said that there are ten departments of Government at Washington," he asserted. "In act, there are many times ten independent and practically unrelated agencies of Government there. No department under these circumstances can avoid becoming rigid and lawbound, and red tape necessarily becomes the rule. If, instead, the department heads were authorized to prescribe the duties of subordinates, the red tape would largely disappear, and the responsible head would have power commensurate with his responsibility. Instead of an inert mass, you would have a living organism with an actual head.

"There are now something more than forty independent establishments of government within no department of government and answerable directly to the President. It is obvious that the President can have no knowledge of, much less exercise supervision over, these independent agencies of government.

"There should not be a single function pertaining to administration which does not come directly under some Cabinet official. The President, with his multifarious duties pressing upon him, cannot be safely depended upon to properly direct any administrative activity unless the initiative comes from the head of a department."

The growth in the lack of law enforcement was attributed by Mr. Lowden as partly the result of an increase in the commission form of government, and he held that "good and efficient public service makes it mandatory that responsibility be fixed definitely."

One of the most hotly contested questions before the conference came to the fore today with the address of J. Vaughan Gary, counsel for the State Tax Board of Virginia, on State taxation of banks.

Mr. Gary's discussion was based on a first-hand knowledge of the Federal Court case of the Merchants National Bank, decided about a year ago in Richmond, Va., under which several States have been faced with the necessity of returning to national banks large sums collected under income taxes.

Discussion of the matter in connection with the address was held to include a fight to be waged on a resolution introduced by Samuel Lord, Chairman of the Minnesota Tax Commission, which would declare that Congress should pass an act along the lines of the Kellogg bill, defeated at the last session, to remedy the situation brought about by the Richmond decision.

SAYS WE ALARMED LATINS.

Bishop Thirdield Calls Naval Mission to Brazil a Blunder.

LAFAYETTE, Ind., Sept. 26.—Bishop W. P. Thirkield of Mexico City and Peru, speaking at the Northwestern Indiana Conference of the Methodist Episcopal Church here today, declared that the appointment of the large United States naval commission to Brazil was a far-reaching diplomatic blunder, which helped to defeat the aims of the Santiago Pan-American Conference and now threatened the peace among South American republics.

Bishop Thirkield said that the recent Pan-American Conference, while not a failure, did not achieve its chief goal in securing the limitation of armament and a permanent program of peace and good-will throughout the American continent.

Brazilian contact with the naval commission, Bishop Thirkield said, stirred the military ambitions of the youth of Brazil and encouraged an enlarged naval program, which has awakened distrust and jealousy among neighboring republics. A spirit of resentment against the United States for making assignment of such a commission was promptly evident, the Bishop said.

He cited preparations in Argentina and Uruguay, which he said have been the result of the situation in Brazil.

SPAIN CUTS DOWN NEWS.

Only Official Statements May Be Published on Political Topics.

MADRID, Sept. 26.—New censorship provisions have been put into effect prohibiting the publication of any reports bearing on the plans of the Military Directory, except upon the authority of the President of the Directory, General Primo Rivera, the members of the Directory or the official in charge of giving information to the press. The measure, it is announced, is for the purpose of preventing the spread of alarm through false reports.

The Governor of Madrid has informed the Military Directorate that he will suppress any attempt by the tradesmen to increase prices of necessities which he says must be based upon the earnings of the working people. He will compel the storekeepers to make sworn statements as to the prices of their goods.

The newspaper La Voz says:

"The diplomatic dispatches affirm that Great Britain is trying to postpone anew the Tangier conference in London with the object of giving Spain time to accomplish the subjugation of the Moroccan rebels. When this is effected an agreement on the controversy is believed certain."

DAHLIA EXHIBITION OPENS.

Prizes Awarded for Notable Flowers Out of Wide Variety.

There is a large variety of blossoms, excellent in quality and brilliant in color in the eighth annual exhibition of the American Dahlia Society, which opened on the roof of the Hotel Pennsylvania last evening and will continue through the week.

The "Jersey's Beauty," grown at the Edward Dean Adams place at Rumson, N. J., by its originator, William H. Waite, and shown by the Sheepers Company, won a first prize and a gold medal.

Among trade exhibitors are J. W. Smith, West Collingwood, N. J.; E. W. Darling, New Bedford, the Babylon Dahlia Gardens; Stuart & Fischer, and W. A. Burpee, Philadelphia.

Among the amateurs Abraham I. Elkus took a first for the best twenty-five varieties, Mrs. Thomas Victor, W. J. Brown, Leo Ritter, W. G. Pollak, W. H. Maple, Dr. F. R. Waite of Upper Montclair, N. J., and Lucille Bonert were other exhibitors. Edward Dean Adams took a first for the largest yellow cactus dahlia.

PROFIT IN NATIONAL PARKS.

Officially Estimated to Be $100,000,000 for States.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 26.—Financial returns of the National Park system during the season now closing to the States in which the reservations are situated were estimated today by the Interior Department at $100,000,000. This total, it was said, does not include consideration of indirect profits due to retention of funds which otherwise would be spent outside the State and to health and other benefits.

More than $6,000,000 was spent in and near Yellowstone Park by tourists, while Glacier Park is credited with having brought $1,250,000 of "travel money" into Montana and Mount Rainier Park $1,500,000 into Washington. Crater Lake was described as a $7,000,000 asset to Oregon with an indicated annual return of 4 per cent. on its valuation.

Yosemite brought $5,000,000 to California in addition to the unestimated value of the pure water supply insured by its vast watershed, and the Sequoia and General Grant Parks added $1,000,000.

Visitors to Rocky Mountain National Park, Colorado, numbered 65,000, their stay in the State averaged ten days and their daily expenditure was estimated at $8 each. To the total of $3,200,000 thus spent by visitors to Rocky Mountain Park was added $2,500,000 spent by residents of the State in travel to and recreation in the park.

Tourists were estimated by civic organizations in Denver to have carried $40,000,000 into Colorado, where Mesa Verde National Park is situated, and Grand Canyon National Park was credited with bringing $2,000,000 into Arizona.

MAY TAKE COLORADO RIVER.

Federal Power Board Considering Control of Its Development.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 26.—Proposals that the Federal Government take over development of the Cororado River as a necessary adjunct to control the periodic floods of that waterway is receiving serious consideration by members of the Federal Power Commission.

The problem of the Colorado, presented anew to the commission as a result of the refusal of Arizona to ratify the compact authorized by Congress between the seven States interested in the river's basin, has brought to light so many conflicting angles, it was explained today, that Federal control is viewed as the logical solution.

The pending application of an Arizona corporation for a license covering a power project at Diamond Creek, in Colorado Canyon, was cited as one of the complications. Members of the commission contend that, since this applicant has complied with all requirements, it holds a "moral lien" on the site, but on the other hand, they are convinced that issuance of the license inevitably would injure the interests of other States along the river.

The scope of the project as filed with the commission would entail the use of an inordinate proportion of the river flow, according to witnesses at the recent hearing, and its operation would "take the cream off the power market," from which the future development costs would have to be met.

Responsibility of the Federal Government for protecting the public against floods to the extent of its power was said to be the gasis on which the commission would consider the main question.

CADETS START A MAGAZINE.

The Pointer, at Army School, Both Serious and Humorous.

West Point cadets have a new magazine. The Pointer, a semi-monthly, was brought out for the first time Sept. 1, with forewords by General Pershing, Brigadier General Fred W. Sladen, Superintendent, and others. D. P. Page Jr., as editor-in-chief, heads an editorial board of nineteen cadets. The Pointer contains material both serious and whimsical. It has twenty-four pages and is attractive in style and make-up.

General Pershing contributed a retrospect of "the changes which have occurred in this country since my cadet days," in the course of which he observed:

"Heretofore requirements of service have forced the army officer to spend a large portion of his career out of touch with the everyday life of the American citizen. Today, however, the officer finds his principal mission to be the instruction and guidance of those patriotic fellow-citizens who volunteer their services for the national defense. His most important tasks lie in the lecture halls, the armories, the schools, the colleges and the Summer training camps."

FAUNCE ASSAILS CLIQUES.

President of Brown University Urges "Unity Work and Loyalty."

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Sept. 26.—"Cliques can have no place in genuine democracy," President William H. P. Faunce of Brown told the faculty and students body this morning at the opening of the 160th college year. "College men should show the world that all their smaller loyalties are swallowed up in one great loyalty to the college itself—that is true preparation for citizenship," he added.

"We hear of the farmers' bloc, and the labor bloc and the railroad bloc—until one would like to ask: 'where is the American bloc?' he continued.

"Above our little group of friends always rises our college, and above our college our country. That is the spirit that makes an institution or a nation. Unity, work, loyalty—these are the three indispensable elements of college life."

Although registration figures are not complete it is expected that the total number of students will be about the same as last year—1,200.

ACCUSE BARGE CANAL FOES.

Speakers Tell State Conference Its Safeguards Have Been "Ripped."

SYRACUSE, N. Y., Sept. 26.—The $170,000,000 barge canal is threatened by insidious forces seeking to make it merely a waterpower reservoir and to curb its competition with other carriers, George Clinton Sr. of Buffalo, grandson of De Witt Clinton, charged in his opening speech at the New York State Barge Canal conference here today.

The Walker act, in removing from the hands of the Superintendent of Public Works the supervision and maintenance of the canal system of the State, is unconstitutional, Frank Gardner, Secretary of the New York Board of Trade and Transportation, charged in a speech to the Resolutions Committee.

The legal safeguards of the canal system have been ripped by successive acts of Republican and Democratic Legislatures, according to both speakers.

GETS $10,000 FOR INSULIN.

U. of P. Gift From J. D. Rockefeller Jr. Is for Public Patients.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 26.—Provost Josiah H. Penniman of the University of Pennsylvania announced today that John D. Rockefeller Jr. had given to the university $10,000 to treat with insulin a larger number of public ward and dispensary patients suffering from diabetes and to teach physicians in general practice the proper method of employing insulin in the treatment of the disease.

Since the announcement of the discovery of insulin the medical staff of the university hospital has been studying its use and has had under its care a limited number of patients.

Arrangements are being made to give instruction to physicians, and announcement of the courses will soon be made.

DR. BUTLER ATTACKS NEW PRUSSIANISM

Today's Nationalism, He Says at Columbia's Opening, Is Same Evil We Fought in 1918.

PLEA FOR CULTURAL IDEALS

Dr. Dewey Warns Against Rule of Practicality—New York University Begins Its Year.

President Nicholas Murray Butler, in his annual address at the opening exercises of Columbia University yesterday, assailed present-day nationalism and the current doctrine that a nation is an end in itself as "simply the pure Prussianism against which nations that called themselves liberty-loving were in arms five years ago."

While all Governments gravely profess their devotion to peace, said Dr. Butler, they do not feel that the time has come yet to do anything about it. The question of whether mankind can learn by experience was the topic of President Butler's address.

The 170th academic year of Columbia University opened at 3 a. m. yesterday with traditional ceremonies in the Columbia gymnasium. The auditorium was filled with 2,500 students and faculty mebers. John Dewey, LL.D., professor of philosophy, delivered the annual academic address, discussing the topic of "Culture and Professionalism in Education," and Chaplain Raymond C. Pnox of the University delivered the prayer and benediction.

Classes in all departments of the university begin today. It was estimated that the enrolment this year would exceed 30,000. Applications for admission have greatly exceeded facilities in several departments, notably Columbia College and the College of Physicians and Surgeons.

An appeal to workers in both the professional and the non-professional fields to co-operate in "fostering in every department of the university an interest in inquiry and liberal discussion and love of scientific thinking, that if of free and disinterested thinking," was made by Professor Dewey. Professor Dewey pointed out the danger in the tendency of unuiversities to multiply schools preparing "for what is called practical life," and declared that no social class is at present predestined to play the major role in politics and in social management.

"Disinterested love of inquiry and idealistic devotion to the things of the mind in science and art are not flourishing in our high schools, colleges and universities as are the studies that prepare us for what is called the practical life," he asserted.

President Butler in his address, dwelling on the reluctance of mankind in the mass to learn from experience, said:

"What is the explanation of the constant trying all over again, in the name of progress, of those forms of folly, of wrong and of oppression which the scholar well knows have long since been demonstrated to be futile as aids in the development of the life of men?

"The great war through which the world has only just now passed was hailed on every hand as the greatest teacher that mankind had had in centuries. From this teacher we were to learn the lessons of the impotence and wrong of national egotism and national self-aggrandizement. The existing state of armed peace, interrupted by occasional wars, was to give way to formal co-operation between the nations to maintain the peace of the world and to advance its civilization by multiplying the comforts and satisfactions of men. He would be a hardy observer who today, less than five years after the armistice, would assert that any of these ends is being even measurably attained.

"The statute-books are being loaded down with mere expressions of opinion in the form of laws, usually criminal laws, and then surprise is expressed that these expressions of opinion in the form of laws are not obeyed as are those laws which rest upon the sound foundation offered by human experience and which are supported by a substantially unanimous judgment.

"Can men learn?' is a question that will bear some pondering. In particular, it would be interesting to get light upon the question why it is if individual men can and do learn that men in groups, societies, nations, show so few signs of being able to learn."

Exercises at the Columbia Medical School were held in the lower lecture room in Fifty-ninth Street yesterday at 10 A. M. Dr. Thomas W. Salmon, Professor of Psychistry, spoke on "Mind and Medicine."

The School of Arts and Pure Science and the College of Engineering of New York University officially opened their ninety-third year yesterday with the annual welcome of the Dean to the incoming freshman class. Professor Perley L. Thorne of the Department of Mathematics, acting as Dean of the College of Arts in place of Dean Archibald L. Bouten, who is on a year's leave, greeted the class of 1927 at the traditional opening day ceremonies in the Gould Memorial Library Chapel. Dr. Marshall S. Brown, Dean of the Faculties, delivered the principal address. Dr. George Alexander, President of the University Council, and acting Chancellor of the University in the absence of Dr. Elmer Ellsworth Brown, also spoke. The founding of a combined department of classics, which will be headed by Professor Ralph Van D. Magoffin, was announced together with that of the new department of music under the direction of Assistant Professor Albert Stoessel, and the new department of Fine Arts.

CAN END COAST POLLUTION.

Bureau of Mines Will Offer Remedies to a World Parley.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 26.—Pollution of river and coastal waters by leaking and refuse oils, with consequent injury to shipping and riparian property, can be virtually eliminated, in the opinion of the Bureau of Mines.

This decision was announced today, based on the preliminary report of a special committee which has been working on the problem for more than a year in response to legislation enacted by Congress. Invitations for an international conference on control of oil pollution will be sent out by the State Department under authority of the same congressional resolution, as soon as the committee has rendered its final report.

Remedies suggested by the committee include control of waste from streamside industrial plants, installation of devices on ships to prevent egress of oil waste, and provision of barges or other receptacles in harbors for receipt of necessary refuse.

K. OF C. TO MEET MASONS.

Woonsocket Branches Plan Social Session and Co-operation.

WOONSOCKET, R. I., Sept. 26.—The Woonsocket Masonic Club and Woonsocket Knights of Columbus will meet on Oct. 23 in a social session, according to announcement issued by both organizations here today. Plans are being made on a large scale for the gathering, which is unique in this city, and some of the most prominent men in the respective organizations are scheduled to address the meeting.

The project originated with the Masonic Club and the invitation extended to the local Knights was enthusiastically accepted at the meeting of the council.

Co-operation on common grounds and greater social intercourse between the two organizations are the purposes of the gathering.

SAYS EGGS PROVE OLD IDEA.

Prof. Scott of Princeton Comments on the Dinosaur Discovery.

Special to The New York Times.

PRINCETON, Sept. 26.—"This immensely sensational discovery confirms the beliefs which scientists have read for some years," declared Professor William B. Scott Blair, Professor of Geology in Princeton university, today concerning the discovery by the Asiatic expedition of the American Museum of Natural History of twenty-five dinosaur eggs. Dr. Scott declared that, while it was considered probable that these ancient reptiles were oviparous, it had never been expected to find the eggs intact.

"Scientists have thought for years that Central Asia must contain evidences of the life of higher groups. But they also thought there was no hope of discovering such quantities of specimens as have now been gathered," said Professor Scott, who was a classmate of Dr. Henry Fairfield Osborn, paleontologist with the third Asiatic expedition, at Princeton in 1877. "The whole work of this remarkable discovery is in direct confirmation of the beliefs of the past, for as a rule ninety-nine shells out of a hundred reptiles are egg-laying animals."

Dr. Scott was particularly interested to learn more concerning the exact nature of the eggs found and the conditions under which the nests were built and preserved, for he explained that usually eggs of this type of reptile have shells of a leathery consistency rather than the hard, brittle shells of other eggs. But to be so perfectly preserved he thought these dinosaur eggs must be of the hard-shelled sort. He further pointed out that the crocodile, to which the dinosaur is in many ways closely related, has eggs of the hard-shelled character.

It is also probable that, like most reptiles, the dinosaur had nothing to do with the hatching of the eggs, Professor Scott declared, other than placing them in favorable conditions for incubation, since the spectacle of one of these huge lizards, weighing many tons, sitting on a nest, however firmly constructed, is hardly possible.

TARAFA BILL IS ADOPTED.

Rail Merger Measure Now Goes to Zayas for Final Action.

HAVANA, Sept. 25 (Associated Press).—The railroad and port measure, known as the Tarafa bill, finally passed the House tonight. The vote was 92 to 7.

The House had concurred in the Senate amendments to the original bill, and the measure now goes to President Zayas for action.

The Tarafa bill was designed to consolidate the Cuban railroads and to provide for the establishment of national ports. As passed by the House originally it was considered to contain provisions which were declared to be monopolistic and confiscatory. These were removed in Senate committee.

As amended by the Senate the bill provided that after the proposed holding company had started consolidation of the railroads the lines affected should institute a 20 per cent. rate reduction on the base charge for carrying sugar more than 125 kilometers, and also make a 30 per cent. cut in their charges for transporting the mails.

Sugar companies and other industries were authorized under the amended bill to continue the operation of private ports as in the fiscal year of 1922-1923.

WILL RESTORE WAYSIDE INN.

Henry Ford Will Oeprate It Both as Museum and Tavern.

SUDBURY, Mass., Sept. 26.—"I intend to restore the Wayside Inn as nearly to its original condition as possible and then to operate it both as a museum and as a tavern," Henry Ford said today. The manufacturer recently purchased the tavern made famous by Longfellow.

"I take a very deep interest in this building," he said, "and bought it with the purpose of making a shrine for the people of the United States. It is richer in colonial, historic and literary interest than any similar structure that I know of."

Mr. Ford said that he contemplated few changes. One room, he said, would be named the Edison Room.

The old sign which announces an admission charge of 25 cents from all visitors will remain, Mr. Ford added, remarking:

"If people have interest enough to want to see that place, they will not object to paying. Anything free is not worth having."

BATTLESHIP MEN TESTIFY.

Last of the Arkansas Witnesses Heard In Collision Inquiry.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWPORT, R. I., Sept. 26.—Taking of testimony of witnesses from the battleship Arkansas in the court of inquiry investigating the ramming of the destroyer McFarland by the Arkansas off Cape Cod on Sept. 19 was completed today, with the exception that of Captain Ridley McLean, commanding officer

JOHN D. GOT A JOB JUST 68 YEARS AGO

"What If I Had Missed It?" He Asks, Recalling Promise of Work on Farm.

HAS A FAMILY REUNION

Plays Nine Holes of Golf and Almost Equals His Usual 42 or 43.

Special to The New York Times.

TARRYTOWN, N. Y., Sept. 26.—Clouds and mist hovered over Pocantico Hills today, but there was sunshine in the house, for this was the sixty-eighth anniversary of the day when John D. Rockefeller got his first job, the day he celebrates with more joy than any other in the year. He was up early as usual and greeted the members of his household in high spirits.

"The day I got my first regular employment," he said. "What if I had missed it? How many times I have thought of that; for the three years and a half of business training I had in that commission house formed a large part of the foundation of my business career. My father had said he would take care of me; would put me on a farm. How much I should have missed. Do you wonder that I tramped the streets of Cleveland for six weeks in sultry weather. I never thought of obstacles. I was bound to find my chance."

So the flag flew high on the terrace south of the great gray stone house and there was an air of holiday everywhere on the estate. Mr. Rockefeller devoted his regular daily hour after breakfast to work with his secretary upon correspondence concerning the various benevolent organizations he has founded.

Promptly at 10 o'clock he marched to the first tee and sent a new white golf ball flying down the middle of the fairway toward the first green. He was on the green in three, played the conventional two putts and scored a five.

Although past 84 years, Mr. Rockefeller's step was as steady and his stroke as hard as if he were only 60. He has been doing this nine holes at Pocantico in 42 and 43 of late and today's game was almost up to standard, though it might have been better if his friends in the foursome had developed a greater gift of silence.

A few friends joined Mr. Rockefeller at luncheon and in a drive over the Westchester hills in the afternoon. There was a family reunion at dinner in which Mr. and Mrs. John D. Rockefeller Jr. participated. In response to their congratulations, Mr. Rockefeller said he could not remember when he ever had felt better. On this anniversary day he followed faithfully the plan he began half a century ago of giving a fair division of the twenty-four hours among work, play and recreation, not forgetting the regular half hour of sleep after luncheon.

OPENS PALESTINE DRIVE.

Sir Alfred Mond Appeals for Restoration Fund Contributions.

Sir Alfred Mond, former member of the British Cabinet and member of Parliament, was welcomed by a capacity audience last night at the Town Hall, where he opened his campaign for the Palestine Restoration Fund.

"The prestige of the Jewish race throughout the world," said Sir Alfred, "is involved in the Palestine question. The British Government expects every Jew to avail himself of the opportunity presented to make Palestine a national Jewish home."

Samuel Untermyer welcomed the guest of honor. He said that as creator and head of the British Economic Board for Palestine Sir Alfred had made a great contribution to the upbuilding of the land of Israel. Other speakers were Louis Marshall and Oscar Straus.

FOR A COOLIDGE GRANDCHILD

"Slumberland Afghan," Knit by President's Wife, Exhibited.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., Sept. 26.—A "Slumberland Afghan," a covering for an infant, knit by Mrs. Calvin Coolidge, attracted much attention this afternoon in the exhibition of the handknit garments which won the $11,000 in cash prizes in the national knitting contest.

The Afghan was worn by Robert Johnson Jr., 9 months old, of Atlantic City, and after the exhibition was sent back to the White House by special messenger, where, it was declared, it would be kept for the President's first grandchild.

THE WEATHER

WASHINGTON, Sept. 26.—The central of the tropical disturbance reported Tuesday as forming over the old Bahama Channel passed northwestward near and to the eastward of Providence Island during Wednesday and Wednesday night. Its centre was in the vicinity of Great Abaco Island, Bahama, and apparently moving slowly northwestward. Vessels off the South Atlantic Coast have been advised by radio to continue to exercise every precaution and storm warnings remain displayed from Charleston, S. C., to Key West, Fla. The storm warnings were changed to hurricane warnings at and between Savannah, Ga., and Jupiter Inlet Wednesday afternoon.

In New England and the Middle Atlantic States the weather will be partly cloudy without material change in temperature Thursday and probably Friday. In the South Atlantic States the weather will be cloudy and unsettled with probably rains Thursday and Friday.

New England and Eastern New York—Partly cloudy Thursday and Friday; moderate temperature.

Eastern Pennsylvania, New Jersey, Delaware, Maryland and District of Columbia—Partly cloudy Thursday and Friday; no change in temperature.

Western Pennsylvania and Western New York—Cloudy and unsettled Thursday, Friday, probably showers; mild temperature.

COUNTRY-WIDE WEATHER CONDITIONS.

Observations at United States Weather Bureau stations during the twenty-four hours preceding 8 P. M. yesterday:

Station.	High.	Low.	Temperature.	Barom-eter.	Rain-fall.	Weather.
Abilene	94	68		29.74	..	Cloudy
Albany	66	58		30.22	..	Cloudy
Atlanta	84	68		30.04	.02	Clear
Atlantic City	74	66		30.22	..	Cloudy
Baltimore	78	62		30.16	..	Cloudy
Bismarck	74	54		29.84	..	Clear
Boston	62	54		30.16	..	Cloudy
Buffalo	86	64		30.06	..	Clear
Charleston	84	72		30.00	..	Clear
Chicago	78	62		29.90	.04	Clear
Cincinnati	88	62		30.00	..	Clear
Cleveland	86	66		30.04	..	Clear
Denver	74	46		29.68	..	Cloudy
Detroit	82	64		30.02	..	Rain
Galveston	86	80		29.94	..	Clear
Helena	62	46		29.98	.08	Cloudy
Jacksonville	88	72		29.92	.40	Clear
Kansas City	80	66		29.78	..	Clear
Los Angeles	74	62		29.86	..	Clear
Milwaukee	78	62		29.94	..	Clear
Minneapolis-St. Paul	86	58		29.78	..	Clear
New Orleans	90	74		29.94	..	Clear
New York	64	62		30.25	..	Rain
Oklahoma	90	72		29.76	..	Clear
Philadelphia	78	54		30.22	..	Cloudy
Pittsburgh	86	62		30.06	..	Clear
Portland, Me.	64	54		30.34	..	Clear
Portland, Ore.	64	54		30.18	..	Cloudy
Salt Lake City	62	50		29.92	.40	Cloudy
San Antonio	90	74		29.84	..	Cloudy
San Diego	70	62		29.92	..	Clear
San Francisco	68	56		30.10	..	Clear
Seattle	64	52		30.18	..	Clear
St. Louis	82	64		29.94	..	Cloudy
Washington	82	62		30.16	..	Clear

NEW YORK CITY WEATHER RECORDS.

Official Temperatures.

2 A.M.	67	12 M.	80	8 P.M.	63
4 A.M.	66	1 P.M.	82	10 P.M.	62
6 A.M.	63	2 P.M.	83	12 P.M.	61
8 A.M.	68	6 P.M.	63	9 P.M.	63
10 A.M.	76	4 P.M.	63	10 P.M.	62
12 M.	80	7 P.M.	65	11 P.M.	63

Average temperature yesterday, 62.
Average same date last year, 64.
Average same date for 46 years, 64.

Barometer, 30.20 at 8 A. M., 30.23 at 8 P. M. Humidity, 97 at 8 A. M.; 52 at 8 P. M. Winds at 8 A. M. east, velocity 12 miles; at 8 P. M. southeast, velocity 14 miles. Weather, cloudy at 8 A. M.; cloudy at P. M.

SOCIAL NOTES

New York.

Former Ambassador and Mrs. John William Davis of 470 Park Avenue, have issued invitations for the wedding of their daughter, Miss Julia MacDonald Davis and William McMillan Adams, which is to take place on Saturday morning, Oct. 13, at the Church of St. John's, Lattingtown, Locust Valley, L. I. A reception will follow at Mattapan, the country home of the bride's parents. After Nov. 1, Mr. Adams and his bride will reside at 28 Strandagervej, Copenhagen.

Miss Helen Armstrong, daughter of Dr. William Armstrong of Hartford, Conn., and John Grinnell Wetmore Husted, son of Mrs. James W. Husted of Peekskill, N. Y., will be married on Saturday in Trinity Church, Hartford. Miss Isabel Rockefeller is to be one of the bridesmaids.

Mrs. George B. St. George gave a luncheon yesterday at Sherry's for Mrs. E. Livingston Burrill.

Mr. and Mrs. Michael J. Mulqueen are occupying their apartment at the Vanderbilt.

Mr. and Mrs. Edmund Dwight and Miss Julia H. Dwight have returned to town and have taken possession of their new apartment at 840 Park Avenue.

Miss Eleanor P. Frost, who is to be married to Lieutenant Arthur Burgin Craig, U. S. N., this afternoon, entertained her bridesmaids at luncheon yesterday at the Ambassador.

Mrs. James T. Terry, who arrived on the Leviathan after spending more than six months in Egypt and France, has taken an apartment at the Lorraine.

William K. Vanderbilt entertained at luncheon yesterday at Pierre's.

Mrs. Reginald C. Vanderbilt entertained at luncheon yesterday in the Oak Room at the Ritz-Carlton. Mrs. Elbert H. Gary, Mrs. Lewis Nixon and Mrs. Morgan Converse were her guests.

Dr. and Mrs. Allen M. Thomas have motored from Bar Harbor and are staying at the St. Regis.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry S. Black and Mrs. Black's sister, Mme. von Rath, will arrive at the Plaza for the Winter next Monday, after occupying their cottage at Southampton this Summer.

The British Consul General and Mrs. Gloster Armstrong will entertain at their residence, 175 West Fifty-eighth Street, on Monday afternoon, Oct. 8, for the British Chargé d'Affaires and Mrs. Henry Getty Chilton.

Mrs. C. N. Bancker Camac of 128 East Sixtieth Street and her daughter, Miss Harriet Camac, are expected to arrive tomorrow at their town house. Miss Camac spent the Summer abroad and on her arrival last month joined her mother at their Murray Bay cottage.

MRS. VIPONT PERRY WEDS E. P. MERWIN

Ensign's Widow the Bride of New Yorker in Stockbridge, Mass. —Other Marriages.

The wedding of Mrs. Vipont de R. Perry, widow of Ensign Newman Kershaw Perry, U. S. N., and Edward Payson Merwin of the Hotel Belleclaire took place yesterday at the Stockbridge (Mass.) home of the bride's mother, Mrs. William E. Doane. On account of the recent deaths of Mr. Merwin's mother and the bride's father, only members of the two families and a few intimate friends were invited to the wedding.

Mrs. Charles Stuart Wilson, the bride's sister, and Mr. Merwin's brother-in-law and sister, Mr. and Mrs. L. St. Clair Colby of this city, were among those who witnessed the ceremony.

Mr. and Mrs. Merwin will make a motor trip through the northern part of this State and in Canada, and will return to the Belleclaire the latter part of October. They will pass part of the Winter in Atlantic City.

Cecil—Cumming.

Miss Eileen Gladstone Cumming was married to Dr. Russell L. Cecil yesterday at 4 o'clock in the chantry at St. Thomas's Church. Mrs. Frank Elliott and Miss Rose Cumming attended the bride and James Cecil was best man. A reception was held at Sherry's following the ceremony.

Conner-Coston Wedding Today.

Dr. Laila A. Coston, daughter of Herbert H. Coston of Scranton, Pa., and Dr. Lewis C. Conner of this city, will be married at 11 o'clock this morning at the home of the bride in Scranton. The bride has been a practicing physician in New York. Dr. Conner is Professor of Medicine at the Cornell Medical School in this city, and is the senior attending physician and President of the Medical Board of the New York Hospital. During the war he was commissioned as Brigadier General. After a canoe and hunting trip in Canada, Dr. Conner and his bride will reside at 121 East Sixty-second Street.

Col. Lanza to Wed in Paris Today.

The wedding of Colonel Conrad H. Lanza, U. S. A., and Mlle. Renée Nazareth will take place today in Paris at the Church of the Misericorde. Mlle. Nazareth is the daughter of Commandant Nazareth, who was on President Poincaré's staff during the war. Colonel Lanza is the son of the Marquise Clara Lanza of 19 West Thirty-first Street, this city, and of the late Marquis Manfredi Lanza, and is a grandson of the late Surgeon General Hammond of New York and Washington, D. C. Colonel Lanza and his bride will reside at Fort Bragg, N. C.

Engaged to State Senator O'Brien.

Mr. and Mrs. John Webster Dougherty of Beaver, Pa., announce the engagement of their daughter, Miss Margaret Ruth Dougherty, to State Senator Duncan T. O'Brien of 161 West 122d Street, this city, son of Dr. and Mrs. Michael C. O'Brien.

Miss Dougherty was graduated from Trinity College, Washington, D. C., and received her degree from Columbia. Senator O'Brien is Chairman of the Military Affairs Committee and is a graduate of Fordham University.

The wedding will take place in the early Autumn.

Cushman-McFarlane Engagement.

Mr. and Mrs. Larimer A. Cushman of Riverdale-on-Hudson and Mochon Island, Va., announce the engagement of their daughter, Miss Emilie Caroline Cushman, to David Eugene McFarlane, son of Professor and Mrs. Charles T. McFarlane of New York. Miss McFarlane is a graduate of the Finch School, and her father is a professor at Teachers College. Mr. Cushman is a member of the class of '22 at Columbia. The wedding will take place next Spring.

New Afternoon Dancing Club.

Something new in the approaching social season will be an afternoon dancing club, which will welcome whole families, and where persons of all ages can dance. The new club will be under the management of Mrs. Lindsley Tappin and Miss Ruth Montgomery and they will be held on Saturdays in the grill room of the Plaza. Only members and their guests are to be admitted. Mrs. Doan Barber, Mrs. Harris Fahnestock, Mrs. William G. Rockefeller, Miss Beatrice G. Pratt and Mrs. William R. K. Taylor are among the patronesses.

Speaker Gillett Visits Poincare.

PARIS, Sept. 26.—Frederick H. Gillett of Massachusetts, Speaker of the American House of Representatives, was received today by Premier Poincaré.

ALLEN BOYD FORBES FINANCIER, DEAD

Chairman of Board of Harris, Forbes & Co. Dies Suddenly at His Summer Home in Greenwich.

Allen Boyd Forbes, Chairman of the board of the banking and bond house of Harris, Forbes & Co. of this city, died suddenly yesterday at his Summer home, Greenwich, Conn. He was recognized as one of the outstanding figures in the financial world for more than thirty years.

Mr. Forbes was born in Cleveland and was educated in Northwestern University and Yale University. After graduating from the Yale Law School in 1888 Mr. Forbes became associated with the legal department of Swift & Co., Chicago. He entered the office of N. W. Harris & Co. in 1891, becoming a partner in 1899. He came from Chicago to this city in 1901 to take charge of the New York office of N. W. Harris & Co.

In 1899 Mr. Forbes married Laura Hately of Chicago, who survives him together with two sons, Craige and Gordon Forbes. His parents, Mr. and Mrs. Alexander Forbes, reside at Mount Holly, N. J.

George H. Yewell, Artist, Dies.

LAKE GEORGE, N. Y., Sept. 26. — George Henry Yewell, New York artist, died last night at his home at Diamond Point on Lake George. He was the oldest member of the National Academy of Design and a patron of the Metropolitan Museum of Art in New York, in which city he had resided since 1873. Earlier he studied in Paris, Rome and Cairo. He was born in Havre de Grace, Md., in 1830.

Mr. Yewell studied art with Thomas Hicks and at the National Academy of Design in New York City, and in Paris at the Atelier Couture. He specialized in portraits. He painted abroad for several years and was for more than ten years a resident of Rome, Italy.

Funeral of Louis J. Firuski.

Funeral services for Louis J. Firuski, who died on Monday at his home, 225 West Eighty-sixth Street, after a brief illness, were held yesterday at the Union Temple, Bedford and Lafayette Avenues, Brooklyn. Mr. Firuski was owner of the Pioneer Warehouses, President of the Hebrew Orphan Asylum of Brooklyn, and connected with the Brooklyn Jewish Hospital, the Brooklyn Federation of Jewish Charities, the Hawthorne Protectory, the Hebrew Educational Society and other organizations. He was born in St. Louis, Mo., and came to Brooklyn early in life. Mr. Firuski is survived by his wife Sara, his son Maurice and two daughters, Mrs. Hortense Seligman and Mrs. Rita Kempner.

William Brooks Close.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Sept. 26.—The death occurred at Yarmouth, Isle of Wight, of William Brooks Close, aged seventy, who was a pioneer in American land settlement. He and those who invested through his firm were responsible for the colonization of large parts of Iowa, Minnesota, Kansas and Oklahoma under his direction. During the Klondike gold rush he was a moving spirit in building a railway over the most difficult country connecting the seaboard with the head waters of the Yukon River.

John Jay Pierrepont Dies on Train.

John Jay Pierrepont of 1 Pierrepont Place, Brooklyn, died suddenly on Tuesday while a passenger on a train from Bar Harbor to this city. He came of one of the oldest families in this city. Pierrepont Street, Brooklyn, was named after the family. He was 75 years old. His father, who owned much real estate in the heart of Brooklyn, was identified with the Union Ferry Company.

Ex-Congressman T. U. Sisson.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 26. — Thomas Upton Sisson, former member of Congress from Mississippi, died suddenly from a stroke of apoplexy today in his apartment in the Congress Hall Hotel. His widow, to whom he was married on July 21 last, was Miss Cecil B. Norton, who at the time of the marriage was general director of the community concert department of the District of Columbia public schools.

Dr. Merritt O. Badger.

BRANFORD, Conn., Sept. 26.—Dr. Merritt O. Badger, long at Guatemala City, Guatemala, and participant in many important enterprises in that country, was buried in Orange today. He died Sunday at his home in Short Beach, this town.

Obituary Notes.

Judge GEORGE C. MOORE, retired, died yesterday at his home in Westbrook, Conn., aged 92. He retired as Town Clerk in 1916 after fifty-four years' continuous service. He was Judge of the Probate Court sixteen years, until retired for age.

FRANCIS WESTGATE, manager of the Empire Theatre, Providence, R. I., died in that city yesterday. He had been associated with the B. F. Keith enterprises for thirty-five years. He was thirty-second degree Mason. He left a widow and one son.

EDWARD R. FALSOM, Mayor of Irvington, N. J., died at his home on Tuesday. He was 80 years old and had been in office since 1917. He left a widow and two sons.

HARRY BOWERS, 47, a lawyer, who lived at Pink Shutters, Llewellyn Park, West Orange, N. J., died on Tuesday in the Orange Memorial Hospital. He was a former President of the Standard Asro Corporation. He was a member of the American Bar Association, the Academy of Political Science, the Japan Society and the Lotos and University of Pennsylvania Clubs. He is survived by his wife.

WILLIAM C. GRASSAU of 882 Ocean Parkway, Brooklyn, died on Tuesday in the Swedish Hospital. He had been for fifteen years superintendent of Greenwood Cemetery. Mr. Grassau was 47 years old.

HENRY S. PAYEE, for fourteen years manager of the Orange and Bloomfield branches of the Metropolitan Life Insurance Company, died Tuesday night at his home, 106 Haight Street, Orange. He was a native of Brooklyn and 46 years old.

Dr. EDWARD W. BUCKLEY, 63, of St. Paul, Minn., Supreme Physician and member of the Board of Directors of the Knights of Columbus, died in a hospital in St. Paul last night.

MOSES H. DOW, widely known as a manufacturer of shoes manufacturing goods in Haverhill, Mass., died there last night. He was in his sixty-third year.

A. D. AUERBACH, member of the firm of D. Auerbach & Sons, candy manufacturers, at Forty-sixth and Forty-seventh Streets and Eleventh Avenue, died yesterday at his home, 970 Park Avenue. He was born in this city fifty-six years ago and had long been prominent in the candy trade. He left two sons and a daughter.

Fire Record.

A. M.	Loss.
3:00—House, 516, Row 5, Hicks Beach, the Bronx (vacant)	Total loss
5:55—38 St. Mark's Pl. (tenement)	D. Arpert	Not given
6:10—4 W. 61 St. (New York American Building)	Not given
8:55—30 Rivington St.	not given	Slight
9:45—214 W. 63 St.; Max Kaplan	Not given
10:00—636 10 Av.; Michael Scalsi	Not given
11:35—At 239 W. 18 St. (taxicab); Sam Heller	Trifling
P. M.	
12:40—107 W. 104 St.; Ida Kelly	Not given
2:10—419 E. 54 St.	Not given
2:40—219 W. 101 St.	Not given
3:11—239 Av. B; Mary Jenkowsky	Not given
5:45—104 Bedford Av.; Gus Britt	Not given
6:20—1,514 Brook Av., the Bronx; Louis Bookbindey	Not given
6:28—Pier 38, North River, foot of King St.; steamer, Mallory Line	Not given
7:26—103 St. and Forest Av., the Bronx; Irving Landau	Not given
7:30—1,135 Forest Av., the Bronx; Joseph Karney	Not given
8:10—117 W. 26 St.; Louis Oshen	Not given
9:11—31 and 33 Waverley Pl.; Morris Kahl	Not given
9:45—308 Bremen St.; not given	Not given

SEEK A LOAN ON "FAITH."

Detroit Wants $5,000,000 Here, but Cannot Issue Bonds.

Special to The New York Times.

DETROIT, Mich., Sept. 26.—Controller William J. Nagel will go to New York next week, he announced today, to negotiate a loan for the Department of Street Railways. The money, if available, he states, will be borrowed on the "faith and credit" of the City of Detroit, and not on any contemplated bond issue.

Eastern bond markets, the natural market in which municipal bonds are generally sold, are closed to Detroit bond issues in the immediate future, Mr. Nagel says. But a loan is needed for the furtherance of street railway extensions and improvements, as contemplated for the Department of Street Railways under the $5,000,000 bond issue approved by the electors on April 2, but for which the city now finds it has an insufficient bond margin to issue the securities.

Died.

ADLER—Henrietta, in her 78d year, dearly beloved mother of Moe, Alfred, Harry, Lester, Lewis, Norman and Dollie A. Israel. Funeral services to be held on Friday morning, at 10 o'clock, at Sol Rothschild's Funeral Parlor, 159 West 120th St.

BAROVICK—Ruth Hildreth, in her 23d year (nee Schlansky), beloved wife of Dr. Sidney H. Barovick, mother of Seth Harold, darling daughter of Dr. and Mrs. Harry P. Schlansky, sister of Burnett S. Schlansky, on Tuesday, Sept. 25, 1923. Funeral from her parents' home, 750 Kelly St., Bronx, on Thursday, Sept. 27, at 11 o'clock A. M.

BROWN—Suddenly, on Tuesday, Sept. 25, 1923, Sadie Hall Brown, beloved mother of Jessie Brown Dalton, at her residence, 353 East 17th St., Brooklyn. Funeral services at the Lefferts Place Chapel, 96 Lefferts Place, near Grand Av., Brooklyn, Friday at 2 P. M. Interment Greenwood Cemetery. Jersey papers please copy.

BURDSALL—At Great Barrington, Mass., Monday, Sept. 24, 1923, Mary Rogers, widow of Richard H. Burdsall. Funeral services at her late residence, 381 Irving Av., Port Chester, N. Y., Thursday, Sept. 27, at 2:15 P. M., Daylight Saving Time.

CLEARY—John J., beloved husband of Jennie (nee Kelly) and brother of Mrs. J. E. Liddy and Mrs. W. J. Cremers. Funeral from his late residence, 461 Fort Washington Av., Thursday, Sept. 27, at 9:30 A. M.; thence to the Church of St. Elizabeth, Broadway and 187th St., where a mass of requiem will be offered for the repose of his soul at 10 A. M. Interment Calvary Cemetery. Automobile cortege.

COX—On Tuesday, Sept. 25, 1923, Arthur Wellington, beloved husband of Eleanor and son of William and Martha L. (nee Sharp). Funeral services at his late residence, 460 East 157th St., New York, on Friday evening, Sept. 28, at 8:30. Interment private.

DE BEVOISE—William Howe De Bevoise, son of the late George Pine and Matilda Howe De Bevoise, at St. Paul, Minn., on Sept. 25, 1923. Interment at St. Paul.

DE DIAZ—Mrs. Matilde Buitrago De Diaz, on Sept. 24, in her 80th year. Funeral on Friday, the 28th, from her late residence, 435 West 135th. Services at St. Joseph's Church, West 125th, at 10 A. M. Bogota, Colombia, South America papers please copy.

DRUCK—Sol, beloved husband of Fannie. Funeral, Thursday, Sept. 27, 2 P. M., 59 Seneca St., Far Rockaway, L. I.

FREY—Josephine I., beloved daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Francis Frey, Sept. 26, at her residence, 207 East 15th St. Funeral services Thursday, Sept. 27, at 8 P. M.

GRIFFIN—Matilda A. Campbell. Funeral Church, Broadway at 66th St., Thursday, 10 A. M.

LEDERER—On Tuesday, Sept. 25, Joseph, in his 53d year, beloved husband of Anna (nee Kohn), devoted father of Blanche Rosenthal and Ruth Lederer. Funeral service at the West End Funeral Chapel, 200 West 91st St., Friday, Sept. 28, at 10 A. M.

LEDERER—Columbia No. 13, U. O. T. S. Sisters are requested to attend funeral services of Joseph Lederer, husband of Sister Anna Lederer, at West End Funeral Chapel, 200 West 91st St., on Friday, Sept. 28, at 10 A. M.
BERTHA B. GRAD, President.

McLENATHEN — John Quincy, beloved husband of Mary Edna Beers, at Lake Placid, N. Y., on Sept. 26. Funeral services at his late residence on Friday, Sept. 28.

MINGLE—Suddenly, on Tuesday, Sept. 25, 1923, Harry Bowers, husband of Millicent Dyer Mingle. Funeral services at his late home, Pink Shutters, Llewellyn Park, West Orange, N. J., Thursday, Sept. 27, at 2:30 P. M. Philadelphia and Williamsport (Pa.) papers please copy. Kindly omit flowers.

PIEPER—George F., at his residence, 285 West Englewood Av., West Englewood, N. J. Notice of interment later.

PIERREPONT—On train from Bar Harbor, Me., early Tuesday morning, Sept. 25, John Jay Pierrepont, son of the late Henry Evelyn and Anna Maria Jay Pierrepont, in the 75th year of his age, after a brief illness. Services at Grace Church, Grace Court and Hicks Streets, Brooklyn Heights, Thursday afternoon, Sept. 27, at 4 o'clock.

PIERREPONT—Sons of the Revolution in the State of New York. The members of this society are requested to attend the funeral services of their late associate, John Jay Pierrepont, at Grace Church, Grace Court and Hicks St., Brooklyn Heights, N. Y., on Thursday afternoon, Sept. 27, 1923, at 4 o'clock.
ROBERT OLYPHANT, President.

SANGER—Rachel, wife of Adolph Sanger and mother of Elias L., Harry, Mack W., David, Leo. Funeral, 135 South 130th St., Belle Harbor, L. I., Friday, 1:30 P. M. Interment Linden Hill Cemetery.

STEMMLER—At her residence, Villa Lorraine, Madison, N. J., on Monday, Sept. 24, 1923, Jennie T., beloved wife of Theodore W. Stemmler. Funeral services and interment at convenience of family.

TALBOT—At Newark, N. J., on Sept. 25, 1923, Ross E., widow of Andrews M. Talbot, in her 73d year. Services at her late home, 249 Roseville Av., Thursday afternoon, Sept. 27, at 3 o'clock. Interment Fairmount Cemetery.

TELLER—Louise R., dearly beloved sister of Julia Elias and Ida Teller. Relatives and friends invited to attend the funeral from her late residence, 558 West 151st St., Friday morning, at 10 o'clock.

TILLINGHAST—At Englewood, N. J., Sept. 25, 1923, Katherine Swift, wife of the late Joseph R. Tillinghast. Funeral service at the Chapel at Greenwood Cemetery, Thursday, Sept. 27, at 2:30 P. M., Providence, R. I., and Bennington, Vt., papers please copy.

WEINSTEIN—Dr. Julius W., beloved husband of Pauline and father of Sylvia and Estelle, suddenly. Funeral services at Meyers's Funeral Parlor, 228 Lenox Av., on Thursday, Sept. 27, at 10 A. M.

WHITE—After a lingering illness, on Sunday, Sept. 23, 1923, Henry Kirke White, son of the late Samuel Pomeroy White, M. D., and Caroline Mary Jenkins, in his eighty-seventh year. Funeral services at his late residence, 29 West 86th St., on Thursday, Sept. 27, at 4:30 P. M. Interment at convenience of family.

YEWELL—On Sept. 25, 1923, at Diamond Point, N. Y., George Henry Yewell, in his 94th year.

In Memoriam.

HIRSH—In loving remembrance of our dear sainted mother, Jeannette Heymann Hirsh, who passed away on Sept. 27, 1913. The memory of her goodness, devotion and nobility of character can never be forgotten. May her soul rest in peace.

LOEWENSTEIN—Fanny. In loving memory, wife of Sigmund Loewenstein, mother of Harriet B. Goldstein; died Sept. 27, 1918.

LOST AND FOUND

Advertisements for tomorrow received to midnight. Bryant 1000.

LOST.

BOX—Madison Av., Tuesday; party please return same; reward. K 440 Times.

BRIEF CASE—Brown leather, with folder. Return Abadie, 329 Broadway; reward.

GLASSES—Tortoise shell, blue leather case, Broadway, near 40th. Broad 6268.

HANDBAG—Tan silk, Bay Ridge local, Tuesday morning; important keys; reward. Sunset 5835, Ext. 7. M. & F. Co., 86 34th St., Brooklyn.

PURSE found at New York Exchange for Woman's Work, 541 Madison Av., Tuesday; owner claim upon identification. Manager's office, 9:30 to 4:30 any day.

SUITCASE—Will taxi driver who shipped trunk and suitcase from 263 West 73d to Penn Station at 5 P. M. Tuesday please return, left in taxi, to Mrs. R. A. Coleman, above address? Reward.

SUITCASE, new, black leather, left in taxi, Penn Station; reward. Mrs. R. A. Coleman, Endicott 10068.

UMBRELLA—Left in checker cab Sunday night, monogram G. E. L. Return to Apt. 14, 79 West 11th St.

Jewelry.

BAR PIN—Platinum, 53 diamonds; princess ring, 21 diamonds, lost Saturday, Boardwalk, Coney Island; liberal reward, no questions asked. M. Adelson, care of J. Weil, 1,867 7th Av.

BARPIN—Diamond and sapphire, lost between Ambassador Hotel and Cunard pier or in taxi Monday, Sept. 24; reward $400. Charlton & Co., jewelers, 634 5th Av.

BAR PIN—Platinum, 5 diamonds, Metropolitan Museum, Sunday afternoon, Sept. 23; liberal reward. Anderson, Room 1700, 2 Rector St.

BAR PIN—Plain, diamonds and sapphires, Thursday or Friday; reward. Minn, 140 West 69th. Columbus 3996.

BOX containing earrings, 2 pair, and watch, in taxi from Penn. Station to 48th St.; liberal reward. Call Chickering 0760.

BRACELET, platinum, diamonds and sapphires, between 92d St. and west side subway; reward. Stuyvesant 8626.

EARRING—Platinum, with onyx and crystal ball drop, in or near Cort Theatre, Saturday; reward. Phone New Rochelle 354.

PIN, diamond sunburst, Saturday afternoon, between Grove St. and Sheridan Square Theatre, Greenwich Av.; reward. R. Conyngham, 92 Grove St., Apt. 61.

PIN, circle sapphires and diamonds set in platinum, between Franklin Simon's and Altman's, Friday, 21; reward. Room 1210, 1,270 Broadway.

PIN—Lost Tuesday, black onyx, surrounded by diamonds, valued as keepsake; liberal reward. Room 804, 30 East 42d St.

RING, solitaire diamond, in envelope bearing name of Wills, Hurvitz & Co., on Sept. 17, between 71 and 68 Nassau St.; liberal reward. Toplis & Harding, 522 5th Av.

RING, ruby, platinum, set with small diamonds; in Plaza Hotel, ladies' dressing room, Monday, 1 o'clock; liberal reward. E. J. Harder, 346 Broadway.

WRIST WATCH, rectangular platinum, with silver mesh strap, in B. R. T. subway at 34th St. station; reward if returned to S. P., 718 5th Av., New York, care of Hanan.

WRIST WATCH, white gold, initials C. T., west side, Broadway between Dey and Cedar Streets, about 2 o'clock Wednesday; reward. S 863 Times Downtown.

WRIST WATCH—Gold, initials E. F. H., Sept. 19, taxi, between 42d St. and Hotel Latham; liberal reward. Y 2496 Times Annex.

WRIST WATCH, lost Sept. 25, small, lady's gold Elgin; initials on back, Q. H.; reward. Thomas Harrold, Americus, Ga.

WRIST WATCH, studded with diamonds and sapphires; suitable reward. Miss L. Kaufman, Hotel McAlpin.

$500 REWARD

for return of bar pin containing six large and seventeen small diamonds, lost Sept. 22 at or between Long Branch and North Asbury Park, N. J. A. C. Benett, 15 William St. Broad 2764.

$250 REWARD

for return of bar pin containing nine graduated diamonds, lost Sept 19 between Grand Central Terminal and Lyceum Theatre or in taxi. Marcus & Co., 5th Av. and 45th St.

Wearing Apparel.

FUR—Stone marten, left in yellow taxi engaged 33d St. and Broadway Tuesday, 4 o'clock; reward. Telephone Shore Road 8826J.

NECKPIECE, sable, two animals, Pennsylvania Station, N. Y., Sept. 25, about 4:15 P. M.; $100 reward. Notify H. C. Klp, 15 Maiden Lane. Cortlandt 2384.

NECKPIECE—Silver fox, Sept. 24, Music Box Theatre. $100 reward if returned to Equitable Trust Co., Madison Av. and 45th St.

NECKPIECE—Single sable, Saturday afternoon, Ritz Theatre; reward. Whitehall 1900, Extension 98.

NECKPIECE—Lost, a gray fox animal, near or on Cunard Line pier on Monday; reward. Mrs. Wheelock, 986 5th Av.

NECKPIECE, small brown martin, Broadway-129th St. car Tuesday night, 11:30; generous reward. Morningside 8420. Hahn.

SABLE NECKPIECE, two-skin, Russian, at Proctor's, 23th and 29th Sts., Broadway; reward. 20 5th Av. Apartment 15A.

SABLE neckpiece, narrow; Tuesday; not below 45th St.; reward. 43 West 49th St.

Cats, Dogs and Birds.

COLLIE DOG, male, Sunday; liberal reward. Jefferson 9214.

DOG—Tuesday morning on 41st St., 6th Av. to Broadway, white poodle dog; deaf, cataract left eye; reward. Silvio Restaurant, 128 West 41st.

WIRE-HAIRED FOX TERRIER, white, with black and brown markings; name Lassie; liberal reward. Weil, 412 West 110th. Academy 5276.

FOUND.

RING, with stones; owner describe same. Write K 431 Times.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

J. W.—P. J. DEAD, ALL OTHERS LIVING, but mother feeble; best get in touch with Samuel in Philadelphia, 829 N. 3d St. Reply. EDWARD W. (Brother).

School Information

For expert advice on the selection of a school in N. Y. City or any part of the U. S., consult The School Information Department

RED BOOK MAGAZINE

See Pages 7-19

October Issue Now on Sale.

Telephone, call or write to M. Mercer Kendig, Director, School Department.

31 West 43d Street Longacre 8058

Preparatory to Vacating Premises

Cimone Furniture Galleries

The highest in everything—but price. Established 1875.

Closing Out Our Entire Stock of Superb Furniture

at reductions upwards to 50% and more

Positively No Exchanges or Approvals

Goods paid for at time of purchase will be held for Future Delivery.

42-44 East 49th Street Between Madison & Park

B. Altman & Co.

New Autumn Gowns

portraying the latest authentic style features in fashionable costuming for fashionable women, are now ready for selection in the spacious Ready-to-wear Department, on the Third Floor

Quality, chic and clever craftsmanship are distinguishing characteristics of these charming gowns; while in many instances the prices are quite astonishingly low—as in the following:

Evening Gowns of rich velvet brocade	$72.00
Formal Gowns of black chiffon velvet	68.00
Afternoon Frocks of silk	49.50
Daytime Frocks of charmeen	48.00

Madison Avenue - Fifth Avenue, New York

Thirty-fourth Street Thirty-fifth Street

Stern Brothers

W. 42d St. (bet. 5th & 6th Ave.) W. 43d St.

A Special Offering of

Women's Tailored Suits

Revealing the New Autumn Silhouette in three carefully selected models which exemplify an unusual degree of smartness together with a high standard of workmanship.

At $45.00

Most attractive sports suits developed in very good looking plaids and mixtures in an excellent range of colorings.

SARAZEN TO MEET BARNES AT PELHAM

Champion and Former Titleholder Advance in Pro Golf and Will Clash Today.

CRUICKSHANK HAS TROUBLE

Beats Derr on Home Hole After Hard Match—Hagen, Kirkwood, McLeod and McLean Win.

The seeded stars in the 1923 P. G. A. championship, which is being fought out on the links of the Pelham Country Club course at Pelham Manor, N. Y., were victorious in yesterday's matches, but today will tell another story, for several of these first-flight players are due to meet one another. Every match on today's schedule promises to be a battle to the finish with the clash between Gene Sarazen of Briarcliff, the defending champion, and Long Jim Barnes of Pelham, a two-time holder of the title, topping the card. Sarazen, for whom golf championships were mere trifles a year ago, has been stripped of one title after another until he is now defending his last remaining crown. Barnes has not held a title since he surrendered his 1921 open championship to Sarazen a year ago at Skokie, so today's encounter promises to be something more than a golf match.

In the same half of the draw Robert Cruickshank of Shackamaxon, who might now be the open champion had it not been for Bobby Jones's superb iron shot to the green in the play-off at Inwood, will meet Willie Macfarlane, Oak Ridge pro, who has been going along great guns this season and one of the "dark horses" in this year's P. G. A. event.

The other two matches will bring together Freddie McLeod of Washington, former national open champion, and Walter Hagen and George McLean of Grassy Sprain, Shawnee and Westchester open titleholder, and Joe Kirkwood, the Australian.

Barnes, continuing his policy of ending his matches as early as possible, defeated Cyril Walker of Englewood by 8 and 6, a figure that was second in point of brevity only to Macfarlane's 9 and 8 elimination of Jack Stait, Hartford pro. Hagen piled up a four-hole lead on Johnny Golden of Dutchess in the morning round and held on in the afternoon session, winning 4 and 3.

Cruickshank Hard Pressed.

All the other matches were nip and tuck affairs. Cruickshank, trailing Ray Derr of Lulu Temple, Philadelphia, until the last quarter, won out on the last hole, 1 up. McLeod clinched his match with Clarence Hackney of Atlantic City, holder of the Canadian and Philadelphia open titles, and Kirkwood stopped Johnny Farrell, young Quaker Ridge pro, on the finishing green.

Sarazen was given a scare by Alex Campbell of Cincinnati, Ohio, but won out by 3 and 2, and George McLean of Grassy Sprain, the Shawnee and Westchester County open champion, and Willie Ogg of Worcester, Mass., recent winner of the Maine open championship, went extra holes after one of the greatest battles of the day, McLean winning 1 up on the thirty-eighth green.

For the greater part of the Kirkwood-Farrell match, the local pro looked like a rather easy winner. He was three up on the Australian trick shot star at the end of eighteen holes. Then, to start the afternoon round, Kirkwood reeled off three birdies in four holes, a 4 at the first, a spectacular 3 at the second and a deuce at the fourth.

Farrell, after the second shots had been played to the first hole, took three to hole out while Kirkwood chipped up and holed out. At the next hole he played a weird slice off the course, leaving him a blind shot to the green, out of the rough. He pitched over the intervening hill almost into the cup, his ball stopping only a few inches from the hole.

Farrell was still 1 up going to the ninth, but missed a short putt for a half, giving Kirkwood a hole which should not have been his, although he played a great approach shot around a tree to the green. Kirkwood, dormie 2 going to the seventeenth, lost the hole to Farrell, 5 and 4.

Kirkwood Makes Tricky Putt.

Johnny put his drive on the green at the home hole, and Kirkwood followed suit with a shot that caught the bank and rolled down to within two yards of the cup. After Farrell had overrun eight feet, he holed coming back, but Kirkwood got down a tricky putt for his half, giving him the match.

McLean proved his ability as a match player hard to down when he came from five holes behind at the end of the morning round to defeat Ogg on the thirty-eighth green. George squared the match by winning the tenth, eleventh and twelfth in a row, and from then on it was a fight to the finish. The play at the home hole was a true test of nerves. Ogg was just off the edge of the green from the tee, while McLean was almost out on the adjoining fairway, with a cluster of trees to carry, and a difficult green to hold in case he was successful. His effort was short, still in the rough, while his third went over the green and into a gravel path. Now playing three while Ogg was still playing two, McLean pitched his ball through the trees to within five feet of the cup, and holed the putt, while Ogg took 3 to hole out, leaving the Grassy Sprain star with still a chance left. McLean then won out two holes later.

McLeod's wonderful mashie play and putting were responsible for his victory over Hackney. Freddie trailed his challenger by two holes at the end of the morning round, but forged one hole in the lead at the turn in the afternoon. Hackney then got the eleventh and twelfth, but McLeod won the next, and then two more in succession. At the fourteenth, after topping his second, he played a pitch through the trees stone dead for a 4, and at the next he laid a spoon shot within twelve feet of the pin and holed the putt for a 3. Dormie 2 going to the seventeenth, the Washington pro topped his drive, losing the hole, but he got his half at the home hole.

The summaries:

Upper Half.

Robert Cruickshank, Shackamaxon, defeated Ray Derr, Lulu Temple, Philadelphia, 1 up.

Willie Macfarlane, Oak Ridge, defeated Jack Start, Hartford, Conn., 9 and 8.

Jim Barnes, Pelham, defeated Cyril Walker, Englewood, 8 and 7.

Gene Sarazen, Briarcliff Lodge, defeated Alex Campbell, Cincinnati, 3 and 2.

Lower Half.

Freddie McLeod, Washington, defeated Clarence Hackney, Atlantic City, 1 up.

Walter Hagen, New York, defeated John Golden, Dutchess, 4 and 3.

Joe Kirkwood, Australia, defeated Johnny Farrell, Quaker Ridge, 1 up.

George McLean, Grassy Sprain, defeated Willie Ogg, Worcester, Mass., 1 up (38 holes).

AQUEDUCT ENTRIES.

First Race—Claiming; for three-year-olds and upward; six furlongs. Cum Sah, 100 pounds; Pietrus, 105; Whirlwind, 108; Caveat Emptor, 104; Billy Watts, 109; *Amor Patriae, 105.

Second Race—Steeplechase; for three-year-olds and upward; about two miles. Melum, 138 pounds; Grouch, 135; Domingo, 145; Bon Garcon, 132; Bethany, 190; **Sweet Kiss, 135.

Third Race—Claiming; for three-year-olds and upward; one mile. Carmen Fantages, 96 pounds; Scare Crow, 101; *Maize, 110; *Sequel, 101; Keenan, 101; Bravo, 111; Electron, 101; Potentilla, 101; Billy McLaughlin, 118; Gex, 108; *Trite, 113; *Puree, 110.

Fourth Race—The Babylon Handicap; for two-year-olds; six furlongs. Mr. Mutt, 108 pounds; Tester, 115; Tree Top, 120; Bracadale, 126; Boneparte, 118; Ladkin, 119; Stanwix, 120; Anna Marrone 2d, 116.

The weight on Tree Top includes a penalty of 5 pounds.

Fifth Race—Handicap; for mares three years old and upward; one mile. Miss Cerina, 117 pounds; Dolores, 123; Solisa, 124; Polly Ann, 120; Mary Patricia, 115; Silk Tassel, 120.

Sixth Race—For maidens two years old; five furlongs. Vulhad, 115 pounds; Purchaser, 115; Goldfield, 115; Samaritan, 115; Gypsy King, 115; Feysun, 115; Deputy, 115; Cora Austin, 115; Time Exposure, 115; Best Beloved, 115; Exploit, 112; Bonnie Omar, 115; Forearm, 115; Pricemaker, 115; Dancing Fool, 115.

*Apprentice allowance of 5 pounds claimed.

**Apprentice allowance of 10 pounds claimed.

Weather cloudy; track fast.

HAVRE DE GRACE RESULTS.

FIRST RACE—For two-year-old fillies; maidens; purse $1,300; five and a half furlongs. Whetstone, 114 pounds (Callahan), $7.90, $4, $3.50, first; Memento, 114 (McAtee), $4.10, $3, second; Ebb Tide, 114 (Bullman), $7.20, third. Time—1:07 1-5. Pink and Yellow, Elsbeth, La Drole, Quick Time, Antiquity, Pollymara, Clinging Vine, Brush All, Georgia Williard and Spindale also ran.

SECOND RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; steeplechase; claiming; purse $2,000; about two miles. Gold Style, 150 pounds (Mergler), $3.60, $4, $3.80, first; Henry Dattner, 133 (Pierce), $12.20, $5.70, second; Distant Shore, 138 (Sims), $4.50, third. Time—4:04 1-5. Nonus, Mount Defiance and Beck also ran.

THIRD RACE—For two-year-olds; penalties and allowances; the Onward Purse; purse $1,000; five and a half furlongs. Sunary, 103 pounds (Chalmers), $7.10, $4.90, $3.10, first; Yankee Princess, 109 (Lang), $9.30, $5.60, second; Brice, 103 (Callahan), $3.40, third. Time—1:06 3-5. Flax, Colonel West, Strut Miss Lizzie, Branton, Dr. O'Mara, Golden Armor and Frumpery also ran.

FOURTH RACE—For two-year-olds; claiming; purse $1,300; six furlongs. Faith, 100 pounds (Chalmers), $67.90, $15.20, $7.40, first; Seth's Lemon, 109 (Marinelli), $4.20, $3.50, second; Mabel R., 97 (Lee), $4.50, third. Time—1:12 3-5. Lady Boss, Frank G. and Lady Myra also ran.

FIFTH RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; the Autumn Claiming Handicap; purse $1,500; one mile and seventy yards. Bigheart, 118 pounds (Lang), $3.90, $2.90, out, first; Thimble, 103 (Corcoran), out, second; Tippity Witchet, 110 (Harrington), out, third. Time—1:45 1-5. John Finn also ran.

SIXTH RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $1,300; one mile and a furlong. Silent King, 104 pounds (Barnes), $14.40, $6.90, $5.40, first; St. Donard, 100 (Lee), $9.90, $6.10, second; Maryland Belle 115 (Peoi), $4.40, third. Time—1:53 3-5. Valentia, Royal Duck, Trevelyan, Vitamon and South Breeze also ran.

SEVENTH RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $1,300; one mile. Forest Lore, 103 pounds (Maginelli), $4.30, $4.00, $3.20, first; Cloughjordan, 99 (Lee), $3.80, $3.80, second; Pastoral Swain, 110 (Lang), $4.10, third. Time—1:40. Sea Cove, Royal Charlie, Westwood, Gondelier, Camouflage, Red Wingfield and Quo de Morny also ran.

Weather clear; track fast.

AQUEDUCT ENTRIES.

First Race—Claiming; for three-year-olds and upward; six furlongs. Cum Sah, 100 pounds; Pietrus, 105; Whirlwind, 108; Caveat Emptor, 104; Billy Watts, 109; *Amor Patriae, 105.

Second Race—Steeplechase; for three-year-olds and upward; about two miles. Melum, 138 pounds; Grouch, 135; Domingo, 145; Bon Garcon, 132; Bethany, 190; **Sweet Kiss, 135.

Third Race—Claiming; for three-year-olds and upward; one mile. Carmen Fantages, 96 pounds; Scare Crow, 101; *Maize, 110; *Sequel, 101; Keenan, 101; Bravo, 111; Electron, 101; Potentilla, 101; Billy McLaughlin, 118; Gex, 108; *Trite, 113; *Puree, 110.

Fourth Race—The Babylon Handicap; for two-year-olds; six furlongs. Mr. Mutt, 108 pounds; Tester, 115; Tree Top, 120; Bracadale, 126; Boneparte, 118; Ladkin, 119; Stanwix, 120; Anna Marrone 2d, 116.

The weight on Tree Top includes a penalty of 5 pounds.

Fifth Race—Handicap; for mares three years old and upward; one mile. Miss Cerina, 117 pounds; Dolores, 123; Solisa, 124; Polly Ann, 120; Mary Patricia, 115; Silk Tassel, 120.

Sixth Race—For maidens two years old; five furlongs. Vulhad, 115 pounds; Purchaser, 115; Goldfield, 115; Samaritan, 115; Gypsy King, 115; Feysun, 115; Deputy, 115; Cora Austin, 115; Time Exposure, 115; Best Beloved, 115; Exploit, 112; Bonnie Omar, 115; Forearm, 115; Pricemaker, 115; Dancing Fool, 115.

*Apprentice allowance of 5 pounds claimed.

**Apprentice allowance of 10 pounds claimed.

Weather cloudy; track fast.

U. S. Golf Association to Bar Slotted or Punched Clubs

The United States Golf Association announced yesterday that after Jan. 1, 1924, all slotted or punched clubs would be barred. Stamped lines may be used if they do not exceed one-sixteenth of an inch in width and are not less than three thirty-seconds of an inch apart. All rough or raised edges must also be removed. Clubs with slotted and punched faces, which are used to put an abnormal "cut" on a ball, were barred more than a year ago by the golfing authorities of Great Britain. Discussion on the subject was hot during last Summer when Americans playing in tournaments in England were forbidden to use anything but smooth clubs.

KNOBBIE IS WINNER ON AQUEDUCT TRACK

Rancocas Horse Comes Again to Beat Miss Star in the Arverne Handicap.

Coming back into the lead in the last few strides after having been apparently beaten, the Rancocas Stable's five-year-old horse Knobbie made a great finish to win the Arverne Handicap at the Aqueduct track yesterday afternoon, beating the Riviera Stable's Miss Star by a length and a half in the very fast time of 1:11 4-5 for the six-furlong sprint. George D. Widener's Last Straw was third. L. Fator rode the winner, which earned $3,175 for his stable. He carried 123 pounds and was the favorite.

Happy Thoughts, the $75,000 filly which E. F. Simms bought from W. V. Thraves at Saratoga, was the practically prohibitive favorite in the Holly Purse, a five-furlong dash for two-year-old fillies. Six went to the post in the chute, with Happy Thoughts in the outside position, where she could keep clear of interference. As in all her races, the brown daughter of Sir Martin completely dominated her opposition, breaking with all her usual speed and immediately drawing away. Schuttinger held her in strong restraint all the way and she won with the greatest ease in 0:58 4-5, beating J. E. Widener's Negrina by two lengths at the finish. The latter won second money by a neck from W. B. Miller's Pond Lily.

The summaries:

FIRST RACE.

For two-year-olds; maidens; claiming; purse $1,000. Six furlongs.

Horse.	Wt.	Jockey.	Odds.	Fin.
Drumbeat	103	Legere	8-5	1
Parvenu	102	Thurber	4-1	2
Dante	109	L. Fator	Even	3
*Mad Trooper	111	Rice	30-1	4
John Garland	106	Burns	60-1	5
Barero	106	Wakoff	60-1	6
*Praiseworthy	107	M. Fator	30-1	7

*J. Byer entry.

Place and show—Drumbeat, 2 to 5, out; Parvenu, 4 to 5, 1 to 4; Dante, 1 to 3, out.

Time—1:13.

Start straggling; won handily; place driving. Drumbeat, ch. c., 2, by Trompe la Mort—Agnier; owned by George Willing Jr. and trained by A. J. Joyner.

SECOND RACE.

For three-year-olds and upward; the Caller Steeplechase Handicap; selling; $1,000 added. About two miles.

Horse.	Wt.	Jockey.	Odds.	Fin.
Lollipop	137	Campbell	1-1	1
Crest Hill	142	Byers	9-5	2
Vox Populi II	138	O'Connor	7-1	3
Jim Coffroth	138	Preece	10-1	4
Red Clover	138	Borgan	3-1	5
La Marsoulin	138	Mahoney	7-2	6

Place and show—Lollipop, 2 to 1, even; Crest Hill, 7 to 10, 1 to 3; Vox Populi II., 5 to 2, 6 to 5.

Time—4:17 3-5.

Start good; won ridden out; place driving. Lollipop, ch. g., 4, by Ultimatum—Colleen; owned by Samuel Ross and trained by M. Smart.

THIRD RACE.

For three-year-olds and upward; conditions; the Centaur; purse $1,000. Six and one-half furlongs.

Horse.	Wt.	Jockey.	Odds.	Fin.
McKee	112	Rice	7-1	1
Runviso	112	Turner	1-6	2
Pittston	112	L. Fator	8-1	3
Hyperion	112	Coltiletti	20-1	4
Baby Boy	108	McCorm'k	1,000-1	5

Place and show—McKee, even, out; Runviso, out, out; Pittston, 7 to 10, out.

Time—1:19.

Start good; won ridden out; place driving. McKee, b. c., 3, by Ultimus—Ballymena; owned by C. A. Stoneham and trained by A. J. Goldsborough.

FOURTH RACE.

For three-year-olds and upward; the Arverne Handicap; $3,000 added. Six furlongs.

Horse.	Wt.	Jockey.	Odds.	Fin.
Knobbie	123	L. Fator	3-2	1
Miss Star	110	Turner	11-5	2
Last Straw	107	Legere	15-1	3
*Tryster	127	Coltiletti	5-1	4
*Galantman	102	Thurber	5-1	5
Cyclops	114	McTaggart	6-1	6

*Westmont Stable-Greentree Stable entry.

Place and show—Knobbie, 1 to 2, 1 to 5; Miss Star, 4 to 5, 1 to 3; Last Straw, 4 to 1, 8 to 5.

Time—1:11 4-5.

Start good; won ridden out; place driving. Knobbie, b. h., 5, by Wrack—Gold; owned by the Rancocas Stable and trained by S. C. Hildreth.

FIFTH RACE.

For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $1,000. One mile and one-sixteenth.

Horse.	Wt.	Jockey.	Odds.	Fin.
High Prince	110	Jelley	9-5	1
Sweepy	110	Legere	7-5	2
East Indian	110	L. Fator	9-2	3
Masquerado	108	Thurber	7-1	4
Overtake	113	Rice	7-2	5
Ramkin	113	M. Fator	10-1	6

Place and show—High Prince, 7 to 5, 3 to 5; Sweepy, 1 to 2, 1 to 5; East Indian, 7 to 5, 3 to 5.

Time—1:46.

Start good; won driving; place same. High Prince, b. g., 3, by Mont d'Or II.—Yefmina; owned by P. S. P. Randolph and trained by owner.

SIXTH RACE.

For two-year-olds; fillies; purse $1,000. Five furlongs.

Horse.	Wt.	Jockey.	Odds.	Fin.
Happy Thoughts	119	Schuttinger	1-15	1
Negrina	107	Carroll	30-1	2
Pond Lily	107	Thurber	15-1	3
Relentless	113	McTaggart	15-1	4
Stardrift	101	M. Fator	100-1	5
Miss Marcella	105	Stutts	100-1	6

Place and show—Happy Thoughts, out, out; Negrina, 4 to 1, even; Pond Lily, 6 to 5, out.

Time—0:58 4-5.

Start good; won easily; place driving. Happy Thoughts, br. f., 2, by Sir Martin—Gipsy Love; owned by the Xalapa Farm and trained by Roy Waldron.

Weather cloudy; track fast.

DONOGHUE RELEASED TO RIDE PAPYRUS

Famous English Jockey Gets Consent of Joel to Come Here, Cablegram States.

ZEV GALLOPS 1 1-8 MILES

Radiogram Reports Papyrus Eating Well on Aquitania—Elaborate Landing at Pier.

A cablegram was received yesterday by the Westchester Racing Association from London announcing that J. B. Joel had finally given a release from his engagements to Steve Donoghue, so that the most famous of English jockeys may come to this country to ride Papyrus in the $100,000 international race at Belmont Park on Oct. 20. Donoghue has ridden Papyrus in all his great races and was the natural choice to ride the Derby winner against the best of the American three-year-olds. Joel had a call on his services for a number of important races following the running of the St. Leger, the last of Papyrus's three-year-old stake engagements in England.

It is now certain that if Zev is selected as the American representative the two leading jockeys in the world will meet in a duel that will be second in interest only to the battle of their mounts, for Earl H. Sande, who will pilot Zev, if that colt is chosen to meet Papyrus, is conceded to be greatest of the American jockeys of today.

There appears to be no doubt that Zev will be fit for the race of his career if he is the selection of the committee of the Jockey Club. Trainer Hildreth is bringing the son of The Finn and Miss Kearney along steadily and yesterday morning he sent the brown colt out for a workout over the mile and an eighth course on the Belmont Park main track. Zev was accompanied in his gallop by his stable companion, Little Chief, the four-year-old son of Wrack. They breezed the distance in 1:53 2-5, Zev trimming the older colt handily. The fractional times were as follows: 0:26, 0:48 2-5, 1:14, 1:39, 1:53 2-5.

A radiogram was also received yesterday from Basil Jarvis, trainer of Papyrus, which is coming on the Aquitania, stating that both he and Dr. Pride-Jones were well pleased with the condition of the Derby winner on shipboard. The colt is cleaning up his food now in good shape. The message stated that the weather had improved and that there were hopes of a fine voyage for the remaining days.

As the transatlantic liners now coming into port are late, it is expected that the Aquitania also will be later in reaching her pier tomorrow than usual. With everything favorable she customarily would reach her berth about 3 o'clock, but it is feared that it will be late in the afternoon before she can get in. If more storms are encountered it is practically certain that Papyrus will have to wait until Saturday morning before he can set his feet on American soil.

Through the courtesy of Sir Ashley Sparks, the Cunard company is having a special landing stage built in order to reduce to a minimum all danger of injury to the English colt in disembarking. It will be eighty feet in length and the drop will be only one foot in five. The floor will be covered with matting nailed down to prevent slipping and as a further precaution cleats will be placed across the matting.

Joseph E. Widener has placed his palatial French horse van at the disposal of the distinguished English visitor. It is the last word in comfort in horse transportation and it will be at the Cunard pier ready to receive Papyrus when he steps off the ship. The entire side of the van is removable. It is hung low near the ground, so that a horse runs no risk of injury in entering it. It has room for two horses, with a place at their heads for two attendants. Thus Papyrus will not be separated at any time from his faithful stable and work companion, Bar Gold.

Among the passengers on the Olympic, which docked late on Tuesday, was Charles A. Mills, who has the picture rights for the big race. He has a lot of friends on this side and is one of the best known men in racing in England. He bought the rights from Ben Irish.

YALE BARS SOPHOMORES.

350 Students Lost to Athletics by Action of Faculty.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Sept. 26.—Yale athletics will suffer through action by the Faculty, which today disqualified 350 sophomores because of their participation in the dining hall riot of last Spring. The Faculty action affects candidates for managers of the different university associations who begin their competition this Fall.

SISLER TO PLAY NEXT YEAR.

Vision of Browns' First Baseman Is Now Almost Normal.

CHICAGO, Sept. 26.—George Sisler, first baseman for the St. Louis Americans, who was forced into idleness this season because of defective vision, will play again next year, according to word received by Ban Johnson, American League President, from Walter Fritsch, Vice-President of the Browns.

Sisler's vision has gone from 32 points to within four points of normal and doctors in charge of the case hope to pronounce him completely recovered within the next two weeks, Fritsch said.

ROBINSON BEATS FT. WORTH

New Orleans Pitcher Scores 3-to-0 Victory Over Texas Leaguers.

FORT WORTH, Texas, Sept. 26.—The New Orleans Southern Association team took the second game of the Dixie championship series from the Fort Worth Texas League champions here this afternoon, 3 to 0.

Robinson, pitching for New Orleans, allowed only three hits. Each team has won one game.

LEXINGTON RESULTS.

FIRST RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $800; six furlongs. Piedmont, 102 pounds (Heupel), $28.40, $9.60, $3.60, first; Winding Through, 109 (Harvey), $7.30, $3.50, second; May Bodine, 109 (Parke), $2.50, third. Time—1:14 3-5. Winter Season, Patrician, Dearie, Karo and My Valet also ran.

SECOND RACE—For two-year-old maidens; purse $800; futurity course. Glorious, 113 pounds (Martin), $12.40, $5.50, $4.40 first; Shadow Lily (Wilson), $4.80, $5.30, second; Asaph, 113 (Murray), $6.10, third. Time—1:03 1-5. Phil McCann, Sun Spot, Krishna, Post Director, Dover, Southern Pacific, and the Scribe and Betty Rainbow also ran.

THIRD RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $800; one mile and one-sixteenth. Everywoman, 100 pounds (Peyto), $10.10, $4.80, $3.60, first; Royal Crown, 96 (Parke), $5.50, $3.60, second; Fancy Free, 112 (Garner), $3.80, third. Time—1:51 2-5. Baladin, Kirklevington, Merchant, Gold Bank and Froth also ran.

FOURTH RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; the Richmond Handicap; purse $1,000; six furlongs. Sweetheart, 107 pounds (McDermott), $4.20, $3.10, $2.50, first; Indian Trail, 105 (Connelly), $4.80, $3.60, second; Ten-Lec, 109 (Heupel), $3.50, third. Time—1:13 2-5. Marvin May, Best Pal and Bradalbane also ran.

FIFTH RACE—For two-year-olds; penalties and allowances; fourteenth running the Breeders' Futurity; $6,000 added; Futurity course. Worthmore, 122 pounds (Kelsay), $44.50, $31.70, $15.80, first; Sayne, 114 (Martin), $44.00, $13.30, second; Black Gold, 122 (Parke), $4.20, third. Time—1:11 2-5. Sun Flag, Sunspero, Infinite, Chilhowee, Just David, Energy, Clarence, Boy Cahill and Beautiful Agnes also ran.

SIXTH RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $1,300; one mile and a furlong. Silent King, 104 pounds (Barnes), $14.40, $6.90, $5.40, first; St. Donard, 100 (Lee), $9.90, $6.10, second; Maryland Belle 115 (Peoi), $4.40, third. Time—1:53 3-5. Valentia, Royal Duck, Trevelyan, Vitamon and South Breeze also ran.

SEVENTH RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $1,300; one mile. Forest Lore, 103 pounds (Maginelli), $4.30, $4.00, $3.20, first; Cloughjordan, 99 (Lee), $3.80, $3.80, second; Pastoral Swain, 110 (Lang), $4.10, third. Time—1:40. Sea Cove, Royal Charlie, Westwood, Gondelier, Camouflage, Red Wingfield and Quo de Morny also ran.

Weather clear; track muddy.

BASEBALL

YESTERDAY'S RESULTS.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Detroit 6, New York 3.
Cleveland 5, Philadelphia 3.
(First game.)
Cleveland 6, Philadelphia 2.
(Second game.)
Boston 3, St. Louis 2.
Washington 1, Chicago 0.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

St. Louis 7, Brooklyn 5.
Pittsburgh 6, Philadelphia 0.
Other clubs not scheduled.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
New York	94	59	.655
Cleveland	78	65	.539
Detroit	74	69	.517
St. Louis	71	70	.504
Washington	71	73	.493
Chicago	64	78	.451
Philadelphia	63	80	.441
Boston	58	86	.403

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
New York	96	55	.628
Cincinnati	90	60	.600
Pittsburgh	85	63	.574
Chicago	78	69	.531
St. Louis	76	72	.514
Brooklyn	71	76	.483
Boston	50	95	.345
Philadelphia	47	100	.320

WHERE THEY PLAY TODAY.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

New York at Boston.
Cleveland at Detroit.
Other clubs not scheduled.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Pittsburgh at Chicago.
Boston at Philadelphia.
Other clubs not scheduled.

MORRISON LIMITS PHILS TO ONE HIT

Pirates' Pitcher Is Invincible as Team-Mates Pound Out 6 to 0 Victory.

PITTSBURGH, Sept. 26.—Morrison held the Phillies to one hit today and Pittsburgh won the final game of the season at Forbes Field, 6 to 0, making it three out of four games for the series. Timely hitting accounted for the Pirates' runs. At bat four times, Grimth drove out as many hits, one of them being a double. Henline's throwing hand was injured by a foul tip in the fourth inning.

The score:

PITTSBURGH. (N.)	Ab	R	H	Po	A
Moore,ss	5	1	1	3	1
Carey,cf	3	0	0	4	0
Traynor,3b	3	0	1	0	2
Barnhart,rf	4	0	0	1	0
Cuyler,lf	4	1	1	2	0
Rawlings,2b	4	0	2	2	1
Grimm,1b	4	1	1	13	0
Schmidt,c	4	1	1	5	1
Morrison,p	4	0	2	0	1
Total	35	6	12	27	13

PHILADELPHIA (N)	Ab	R	H	Po	A
Sand,ss	4	0	0	2	1
Williams,cf	3	0	0	2	0
Walker,rf	4	0	0	1	0
Tierney,2b	3	0	0	1	3
Henline,c	2	0	0	1	0
Wilson,c	2	0	0	2	0
Mokan,lf	2	0	0	1	1
Holke,1b	3	0	0	12	0
Woehrs,3b	3	0	1	1	2
Behan,p	2	0	0	0	3
aW'ghtstone	1	0	0	0	0
Head,p	0	0	0	0	0
Total	27	0	1	24	13

a Batted for Behan in eighth.

Errors—None.

Pittsburgh	1	0	0	2	0	2	0	1	—6
Philadelphia	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—0

Two-base hits—Moore, Rawlings, Morrison, Grimm. Stolen bases—Walker, Moore, Traynor. Sacrifice—Wilson. Double play—Wilson and Woehrs. Left on bases—Philadelphia 5, Pittsburgh 7. Struck out—By Behan 3, Morrison 6. Hits—Off Behan 10 in 7 innings, Head 2 in 1. Balk—Behan. Bases on balls—Off Behan 2, Morrison 4. Losing pitcher—Behan. Umpires—Klem and Finneran. Time of game—1:42.

VANCE ROUTED BY CARDS.

Robins Defeated, 7-5 — Dickerman Pitches Well in Relief Role.

Special to The New York Times.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Sept. 26.—The Cardinals defeated the Robins here today by a score of 7 to 5 and broke even in the four-game series. Vance started for the Robins, but lasted only two rounds. Bill Sherdel went the route for the Cards.

Leo Dickerman succeeded Vance on the mound, and in the fourth the Cards picked up another run. It was the result of a pass to Flack and singles by Smith and Mueller.

The score:

ST. LOUIS (N.)	Ab	R	H	Po	A
Flack,rf	2	2	1	3	0
Smith,lf	4	1	3	6	0
Bottomley,1b	4	2	2	9	0
Mueller,cf	4	0	2	3	0
Stock,3b	4	0	1	2	2
Bell,ss	2	0	0	1	1
Neibergall,c	4	0	0	4	0
Toporcer,2b	4	1	2	1	3
Sherdel,p	4	1	1	0	0
Total	32	7	12	27	6

BROOKLYN (N.)	Ab	R	H	Po	A
Bailey,cf	5	0	1	2	0
Johnston,ss	4	1	3	1	2
B.Griffith,lf	3	1	1	2	0
Fournier,1b	4	0	6	8	0
Mullen,3b	4	0	1	0	2
Neis,rf	2	1	0	2	0
H'greaves,c	4	0	0	6	0
Olson,2b,1b	4	1	1	8	4
High,3b,2b	4	1	2	3	2
Vance,p	0	0	0	0	0
Dickerman,p	3	1	2	0	2
Total	35	5	10	24	10

Errors—St. Louis 1 (Sherdel); Brooklyn 1 (Hargreaves).

St. Louis	2	4	0	1	0	0	0	0	—7
Brooklyn	0	3	0	0	0	1	1	0	—5

Two-base hits—High, Mueller, Flack, Bailey. Three-base hit—Bottomley. Home run—Dickerman. Sacrifice hits—Flack, B. Griffith. Double plays—Neis and Olson; Johnston, Olson and Fournier; Toporcer, Bell and Bottomley. Wild pitch—Vance. Hit by pitcher—By Sherdel (B. Griffith), Bases on balls—Off Vance 2, Sherdel 3, Dickerman 2. Struck out—By Sherdel 2, Vance 1, Dickerman 1. Hits—Off Vance 7 in 2 innings, Dickerman 0 in 6. Left on bases—Brooklyn 8, St. Louis 6. Losing pitcher—Vance. Umpires—Wilson and Emslie. Time of game—1:37.

HAVRE DE GRACE ENTRIES.

FIRST RACE—Purse $1,300; claiming; for two-year-olds; five and a half furlongs. Siligo, 108 pounds; Sun Mart, 105; Duelma, 105; Pawn Broker, 106; *Lady Choco, 103; Dunoon, 106; Carajo, 107; *Attilla, 108; Altissimo, 105; Wild Honey, 108; North Breeze, 105; Wee Dear, 106; Vehement, 105; *Dowry, 103; *The Fenian, 100. Also eligible—Quinham, 103; Wood Lady, 105; *Roman Girl, 103; Chief Archee, 114; Lady Abbott, 108.

Dunoon and The Fenian, S. Louis and R. Scherer entry.

SECOND RACE—Purse $1,300; the Ferrage Purse; for two-year-olds; five furlongs. Winter Season, Patrician, Dearie, 108; Stars Star, 100; King's Ransom, 108; Freedom's Call, 106; Spartan, 108; Golden Armor, 103; Happy Night, 103; Finis Glorioums, 108; Altissimo, 105; Dear Maria, 100; Carlton, 108; Sunny Sal, 103; Off Color, 108; Golden Armor and Carlton W. J. Salmon entry.

THIRD RACE—Purse $1,500; the Perryville Handicap; for two-year-olds and upward; six furlongs. Mainmast, 117 pounds; Champlain, 108; Sally's Alley, 117; Comixa, 107; Heel Taps, 110.

Mainmast and Heel Taps, E. F. Whitney entry.

FOURTH RACE—Purse $1,300; claiming; for three-year-olds; one mile and a sixteenth. Irish Pat, 112 pounds; *Felicitous 107; *Benita, 104; Athletic, 110; *Poor Sport, 107; *Untried, 104; Balphrisonia, 109; Frankenia, 107.

FIFTH RACE—Purse $1,300; claiming; for fillies and mares, three-year-olds and upward; one mile and seventy yards. Jewell Y., 114 pounds; *Day Lilly, 109; *Katherine Rankin, 108; Long Storm, 111; Brilliance 106; *Child's Play, 101; Balsolar, 111; *Belle Flower, 106.

SIXTH RACE—Purse $1,300; claiming; for three-year-olds and upward; one mile and seventy yards. Pampas, 116 pounds; Smart Money, 110; *Explosive, 108; *Haldee, 96; Mountain Rose 2d, 116; Staunch, 110; *Buckleberry Finn, 102; *Das, 111; *Secretary, 108; *May Buddy, 99.

SEVENTH RACE—Purse $1,300; one mile and seventy yards. *Smarty, 111 pounds; *The Lamb, 108; *Handful, 105; *Accosta, 105; Sea Pirate, 110; *First, 103; *Vecchio, 106; *Belmon, 102; Cima

BANKERS OUTLINE NATION'S PROBLEMS

Government Price-Fixing Denounced in Resolutions as a Menace to Welfare.

RADICALISM IS ASSAILED

Reduction of Railroad Rates and Valuations Opposed as Harmful to Business.

LOWER SURTAXES URGED.

Reduction in Wages of Labor Is Favored—F. I. Kent Proposes Cancellation of Allied Debts.

Special to The New York Times.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., Sept. 26.—The general session of the American Bankers' Association convention today adopted resolutions attacking radicalism and excessive Government regulation. The resolutions also opposed the reduction of railroad rates and valuations, advocated lower wages for labor, called for a more liberal immigration policy, designated the settlement of the coal strike as unfair to the public interest, urged the Government to adopt the recommendations of the Economic Policy Commission for the reform of the Federal Reserve System, suggested lower surtaxes on income and recommended that the Debt Funding Commission negotiate with Great Britain and France regarding a settlement of the reparation problem.

Presented by a committee headed by Francis H. Sisson, Vice President of the Guaranty Trust Company, New York, the resolutions were unanimously adopted. The convention also elected officers today for the ensuing year. Walter W. Head, President of the Omaha National Bank, Omaha, Neb., was chosen as President; William E. Knox, President of the Bowery Savings Bank, New York, as First Vice President, and Oscar Wells, President of the First National Bank, Birmingham, Ala., as Second Vice President. There was no contest.

Fred I. Kent, Vice President of the Bankers Trust Company, New York, in an address to the convention, urged the cancellation of the allied debts to the United States in return for an agreement to stabilize conditions in Europe. William A. Scott, Dean of the School of Commerce of the University of Wisconsin, urged the education of the public in the principles of money and banking in order to avert unwise legislation. D. H. Otis, Director of the Agricultural Commission of the American Bankers' Association, urged the "team work" between bankers and farmers.

At a meeting of the State Bank Division of the convention, Carl Williams of Oklahoma City, President of the American Cotton Growers' Exchange, said that the deflation in the agricultural sections would be the salvation of the farmer because it would teach him to devise his own marketing methods.

Bankers in Strong Position.

The resolutions adopted by the convention began with an assertion that the transition from boom conditions to "temperate but sustained prosperity" had been "the outstanding achievement in the field of American business and finance in 1923." They said the maintenance of prosperity had resulted from the co-operation of business leaders and bankers in warning against undue inflation. The strong position of the bankers, it was stated, was one of the most favorable factors in the present situation.

"The resolution warned against the full use of our tremendous gold reserve for credit expansion as likely to involve inflation and disaster. They said it would be impossible to retain all the present stock of gold in this country permanently, as it flowed here because of temporary and abnormal conditions. They urged against any extraordinary devices for disposing of the gold, saying the ordinary agencies in international trade would do it.

Continuing, the resolutions dealing with leading public questions read in part:

"Excessive Government Regulation—The present demonstration in this country of the advantages of individual initiative and self-direction has been made at a time when the menace of unwarranted extensions of Government interference and regulation in business is especially pronounced.

"In defiance of economic laws, groups whose commodities or services are temporarily depressed in relative market values, clamor for Government action in their behalf, when the only real relief can come from those economic readjustments which lie outside the sphere of Government action.

"Despite the interference with the activities of commodity exchanges, the need for the orderly exercise of the speculative function in business persists. Suppression in this field reacts most harmfully upon the very interests which it is intended to benefit.

"The cry for Government purchasing of wheat or the fixing of its price above the market is anotner case in point. Obviously the corrective for inadequate prices of wheat is an adjustment of production to demand which reflects the requirements of consumption. Raising the price by Government interference would tend to perpetuate the relative oversupply of the commodity. Domestic profduction would be stimulated by the artificial price. And, unless the Government promptly takes a loss by marketing abroad its purchased stocks, the output of other wheat-growing countries would rise to meet the requirements of importing countries. In any case, price-fixing would bring no permanent relief, and the immediate cost of the experiment would fall upon the taxpayer. Moreover, if the Government is to undertake to raise the price of one commodity by such means, producers of innumerable other products might, with equal warrant, lay claim upon the taxpayers' money.

Radicalism.

"Radicalism—We regard the continued agitation for so-called nationalization of industries as a menace to national welfare. It is linked with the persistent efforts to undermine the fundamentals of the American system of government. Government ownership in the field of industry weakens the economic structure. With a minimum of necessary regulation the basis of freedom for individual enterprise must be preserved."

Regarding taxation, the resolutions say:

"The complete tax exemption of many billions of dollars of public securities is an important factor in the unequal distribution of the burden, and the necessary action for the gradual elimination of this feature of our fiscal system should be promptly taken.

"The rates of surtaxes on incomes should be revised downward. It is evident that their legitimate evasion is a disturbing element not only in our tax system, but in the security markets as well. Tax levying bodies cannot hamper the legitimate functions of private business by depriving business of necessary capital and penalize thrift and enterprise without in turn destroying values and retarding progress."

The resolution on wages says:

"Business is confronted with the handicap of excessive labor costs of production, reflecting wage scales which have been raised out of proportion to general prices or cost of living.

"The pressure of public opinion should be directed toward the encouragement of the resort to voluntary arbitration in cases where direct negotiations between employes and employer fail to reach an agreement. The resort to force in the form of strikes entails needless costs and hardships for the public."

The settlement of the anthracite coal strike, the resolutions say, "has again demonstrated the public's relative helplessness with the powerful monopoly of organized labor in this industry. The people feel a growing resentment over the prospect of constantly enhancing prices for anthracite imposing a further burden upon the already oppressed consumer, and look to the Government for the protection of the public interest which has apparently been to a degree forgotten in the agreement which has been reached in the present controversy."

Immigration.

The resolution on immigration says: "The numerical restrictions upon immigration imposed by the present law do not, in our opinion, represent a satisfactory immigration policy. This law—limiting, with certain exceptions, the number of immigrants of each nationality admissible in any fiscal year to 3 per cent. of the numbers of the foreign born of the respective nationalities residing in this country in 1910—excluded many who are clearly fit socially and industrially for admission and who could make genuine contributions to the national welfare. The law should be liberalized by providing for selection on the basis of quality, the selection to be made abroad as far as practical."

The resolution on railroads says:

"It is in the interest of the public that the Transportation act should be given a fair trial and that the carriers be permitted earnings adequate for the maintenance and development of the systems."

In regard to agricultural credits the resolutions say:

"The new machinery of agricultural credit adopted last year, though of doubtful value, should be allowed to demonstrate its effectiveness, without further tinkering.

"The fact that the relative purchasing power of farm products as a whole has been increasing in recent months is evidence that gradually the prices of these products are assuming a more nearly normal relation to general prices."

In opposing a soldier bonus, the resolutions say:

"This committee renews its former statement of its interest in the welfare and comfort of our disabled soldiers, but sees in an indiscriminate allotment of money to able-bodied veterans a serious menace to the credit of the nation and a tremendous drain upon an already heavily taxed Treasury."

European Situation.

Referring to the European situation, the resolutions again "urge upon the Administration the advisability of giving an official standing to our representative upon the Reparation Commission in order that he may express his opinion with his vote; and further recommend that the Debt Funding Commission immediately enter into negotiations with Great Britain and France in connection with such part of the reparation question as may be included in the interallied indebtedness in order that the commission may be in position to make such recommendations to Congress as it may consider desirable and to the interest of the United States.

"A policy of complete isolation from European affairs cannot be maintained indefinitely without grave danger to our own interests. The example of Austria, aided, in part, by American capital in the rehabilitation which is now clearly in progress, indicates that methods by which America may, in due course, when the will to establish political, financial and economic stability and maintain peace has been convincingly demonstrated abroad, be a powerful influence for the betterment of other continental countries."

Mr. Kent in his speech went further than the Resolution Committee with regard to the European situation. He said that Congress should empower the Debt Funding Commission not only to negotiate with our European debtors but also to present plans for cancellation to the Senate for ratification."

Mr. Kent approved the French occupation of the Ruhr. It had brought the reparation question to a head, he said. "If the French demand the impossible and continue to develop their military power, as is feared in so many quarters," he added, "the world may be a difficult place in which to live for many years to come, exactly as might have been true had not the occupation of the Ruhr occurred.

"On the other hand, if the French are fair and reasonable and it is found possible to develop agreements which will result in the elimination of militarism throughout Europe, a new era of tremendous prosperity may be in sight."

RECEIVER WILL HOLD PART OF PIGGLY STOCK

Memphis Court Declares for Temporary Control of Shares Pledged by Saunders.

MEMPHIS, Tenn., Sept. 26.—Judge J. W. Ross ruled in the United States District Court here today that a temporary receiver should be appointed for such stock of the Piggly-Wiggly Stores, Inc., as had been pledged by Clarence Saunders personally while he was executive head of the Piggly-Wiggly Corporation, parent Piggly-Wiggly organization, in connection with various financial transactions.

The amount of stock affected was estimated at approximately $1,250,000.

The Court order directed that none of the stock affected be disposed of pending further Court action.

The order was issued incidental to the hearing of a petition filed by Saunders seeking to have a receiver appointed for the Piggly-Wiggly Corporation. Saunders contends that in various financial transactions he acted as agent for the corporation.

The corporation is contesting Saunders's demand for a receivership.

Decree 'Loud' Colored Hats for Men.

CHICAGO, Sept. 26.—Men's hats in colors "so loud they will make your head ache" are decreed for Fall, according to the National Association of Retail Clothiers, in convention here. Silk hose in gay and gaudy tints is also prescribed for men.

Accused of Stealing Violins From 30 Children by Ruse

Adys George, 42 years old, an Armenian embroidery worker, of 316 West Twentieth Street, who, the police allege, has been victimizing children in Harlem, the Bronx and Yorkville by stealing their violins, was held in $2,500 bail for examination Friday by Magistrate James Barrett in Harlem Court yesterday. Police declared that more than thirty children had been victimized, and that twelve had identified George as the man who stole their instruments by the trick of offering money for an errand and holding the instruments. When the children returned the man had vanished. They said he stationed himself at places where the boys passed on their way to musical schools. George pleaded not guilty, and declared that he had never before seen any of the boys. He was charged with the larceny of the violin of William Harazin, 14 years old, of 435 East Seventy-ninth Street, on Sept. 17.

300,000 HERE WAIT IN VAIN FOR COAL

City Investigators Report That Number of Unfilled Orders After Canvass.

PLENTY IS BEING SHIPPED

Mrs. Welzmiller Charges That Dealers Are Holding It for Higher Prices Later.

Three hundred thousand coal orders in New York are unfilled, according to the Department of Public Markets, which, with the assistance of the Investigating Committee of the Women's Market Committee, has declared war on the coal profiteers.

A city-wide canvass reveals that the coal situation is far worse than had been estimated. While a field force of 150, at the instance of the Investigating Committee, is pursuing its house-to-house inquiry, the Department of Public Markets has received independently reports from 185 centres. Deputy Commissioner Mrs. Louis Reed Welzmiller reports she has been swamped with letters from New York housewives saying they are incensed at the profiteering prices of the coal dealers and the evasive statements in response to the question why supplies for New York City are being held up when the yards of the railroad companies are choked with coal. The reports to the Department of Public Markets are from Manhattan, Bronx, Brooklyn, Queens and Staten Island. These complain that no positive prices are being quoted by dealers; people are forced to buy without knowing what they will pay; some are paying up to $17 a ton for immediate delivery of one ton, and emergencies are not being recognized, save in a few instances.

20,000 Orders Not Filled.

A Brooklyn report says twenty thousand orders placed with the main office of the Commonwealth Fuel Company in April remain unfilled. Prices, the local coal dealers say, will be fixed when and if the coal is delivered.

Other reports say that prices are fluctuating from $14.25 a ton to $18. For taking coal into the cellar 50 cents is charged, which the Department of Public Markets characterizes as unauthorized and exorbitant. In many places no orders are being taken, while in others orders taken in July are promised for October "if possible."

A typical report comes from the negro section in Harlem, which says no large orders are being accepted for immediate delivery, and the small retailers are taking advantage of the shortage by offering coke at $15 a ton, and charcoal at 80 cents a bushel. According to the Department of Public Markets the profits on the sale of charcoal is more than 50 per cent. The general price for anthracite in this district is $20 a ton, but a few dealers were selling 100 pound lots at the rate of $17 and $18, and in one case a dealer was charging $1.20 for 100 pounds, reports said. A coal dealer mined in long tons and sold at short ton rates, this works out at more than $26 a ton, it was pointed out.

Thirty dealers were interviewed on Staten Island, whence numerous complaints had been received. Typical answers were that there was no coal to be had and that prices and deliveries could not be guaranteed.

Asks Inquiry in Queens.

A letter was received yesterday by Mrs. Welzmiller from Mrs. Lillie C. Lewis, prominent civic and social worker in Queens, in which she said:

"I have noticed with interest the articles in THE TIMES in reference to the investigation to be made of coal profiteers. The Borough of Queens does not seem to be included and I feel that there is considerable coal profiteering here. In the town of Richmond Hill we have had no delivery of coal on an order placed in July and get no satisfactory date as to delivery, and, of course, no price is quoted. I believe the price has risen to around $17 a ton. Passing the freight yards of the Long Island Railroad I noticed several carloads of coal standing in the yard. Will you kindly include the Borough of Queens in your investigations?"

Commenting on these reports and letters, Mrs. Welzmiller said that her interpretation was that big coal dealers were holding up coal supplies in order to boost prices later.

"We have information from the storage yards that plenty of coal is coming in, but the destination is kept secret. My investigators reported to me today, for example, that about 1,000 cars of coal had come into the city. If this figure is correct how is it that four out of five households in New York cannot get any coal at all?"

Commissioner Edwin J. O'Malley, at whose request Mrs. Welzmiller is conducting inquiries, said yesterday that the reports did not tell the whole tale.

Calls for Drastic Action.

"Unless strong action is taken," he said, "the coal situation in New York promises to be nearly as bad as last year. The consumer is at the absolute mercy of the retailer, who, with the uncertainty as to prices and deliveries, is taking every opportunity to pluck the coalless citizen."

"Because coal dealers are not licensed they are not required to give information on prices and amount of coal they have in hand. For all practical purposes they can charge what they like, and the municipal authorities are helpless.

"All the anthracite is going to Canada as well as the best kinds of other coal. The official excuse for this is that shipments must be made before the Great Lakes freeze over.

"When I urged the Carroll bill last year, which would control coal, food, and ice dealers by forcing them to take out licenses I was severely criticized and called a "Czar." But some bill such as this must certainly be passed by the Legislature unless the public wish to have the same situation year after year."

DROPS 20, NAMED FOR BENCH

Bar Association Committee Busy on Judiciary Candidates.

At an executive session of the Nonpartisan Judiciary Committee of the Bar Association yesterday its members eliminated from consideration about twenty of the forty names of candidates for the Supreme Court which had been submitted by the Judiciary Committee of the Republican County Committee and other independent organizations. The committee will hold a conference today with the committee of the County Lawyers' Association and the list will be still further reduced.

On Friday or Saturday the Bar Association committee will submit its final list for action at the Republican Judiciary Convention next Monday.

TWO NEW SCHOOL HEADS.

E. Mandel and E. W. Stitt Made Associate Superintendents.

Two Associate Superintendents of Public Schools were elected by the Board of Education at its regular meeting yesterday, to fill vacancies caused by the retirement of Edward Dubs Shimer and John, H. Walsh. Edward Mandel will succeed Mr. Shimer and Edward Walmsley Stitt Mr. Walsh.

Among contracts approved was one for the construction of the James Monroe High School in the Bronx and for the new Public School 116, Queens. The appointment of Miss Martha Westfall as Director of Cooking was approved, to take effect as soon as she is assigned by Superintendent Ettinger.

Bureau Was Wrecked by Quart of Gasoline, Vaporized in Test of Airplane Engine

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 26.—About one quart of gasoline, vaporized under artificial atmospheric conditions, was responsible for the explosion in the altitude chamber of the United States Bureau of Standards Sept. 20, costing the lives of four scientific experts and injuring six others, a special committee of investigation, headed by Lyman J. Briggs, physicist at the bureau, reported to Secretary of Commerce Hoover today. This small amount of gasoline evaporated in this way produced an explosion so violent that the ten-inch walls of the chamber were shattered and heavy pieces of machinery were hurled through the air.

The board declared it believed the explosion was directly due to a leak in the feed line leading to the carburetor of the airplane engine then being tested or to a leak from the carburetor caused by the sticking of the float mechanism. Backfire through the carburetor, and not an electrical short circuit, ignited the gasoline, the board thinks.

"The condition of the set-up following the fire is such that it is not possible to establish which one of the above causes occasioned the leak," the report reads, in part. "Since it is known that only three gallons of gasoline had been drawn for the test, that the engine had been running from about 11 A. M. to 12 noon with the chamber open, that the chamber was closed at about 12:30 for the purpose of running at a lower temperature and that the engine had been operated from about 1 to 2 P. M. with the chamber closed, it is believed that not more than a quart of gasoline could have escaped into the chamber. This amount, however, if vaporized, would have been sufficient to account for the energy of the explosion.

"The probable source of the ignition was a backfire through the carburetor. Support to this conclusion is given by the statement of one of the survivors that he heard the engine backfire immediately before the explosion.

"The explosion threw out of the chamber a closed apparatus containing about ten gallons of heavy lubricating oil and about five gallons of toluol, breaking the pipe connections and thus releasing part of the contents, which furnished additional fuel for the fire which followed.

"The explosion also shattered the fuel-measuring system used in the test, which was outside the chamber and contained about two quarts of gasoline. This was the only gasoline supply involved in the fire.

"Special mention should be made of the action of C. M. Smith, engineer in charge of the ammonia plant, who, after being blown out of the building and badly cut about the head, returned to the wrecked chamber and shut off two ammonia valves, and then went to the refrigerating plant in the basement and operated it to pump the ammonia out of the coils in the wrecked chamber. This action may have prevented further loss of life and the destruction of the entire building by fire.

"It should also be added that the situation resulting from the explosion was handled courageously and intelligently by the men on the scene, and that no loss of life or property damage can be charged to any lack of promptness or efficiency in handling the situation."

The special committee is making an independent inquiry to ascertain the financial situation of the families of the killed and injured men. No one of those killed was receiving more than $2,000 from the Government, although engaged in dangerous and highly technical work. Compensation to their families will not exceed $50 monthly. The committee has in view recommending adequate relief measures for their families to Congress.

WOULD ARBITRATE ALL COAL DISPUTES

J. C. Brydon Says It Is Nation-Wide Strike That Raises Price to Public.

OUTLINES RISE IN WAGES

Warns Bituminous Contract Expires April 1 and Urges Vigorous Stand by Officials.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., Sept. 26 (Associated Press).—The American public, faced by the termination of the United Mine Workers' contracts in the bituminous fields April 1, must bear a hand now and make sure the representatives of the public in official positions do not "befog or run away from the issue, but meet it squarely and vigorously," declared J. C. Brydon, President of the National Coal Association, in an address before the general session of the twenty-sixth annual convention of the American Mining Congress here today.

From the standpoint of the public, Mr. Brydon declared, there is but one clear principle which must sooner or later be recognized if the artificial power of combination in labor relations is to continue to be permitted. This, he said, carries recognition that this power assumes certain limitations, viz.: "It shall not beat the public over the head with the bludgeon of a nation-wide strike"; it must in the failure to agree by negotiation be willing to submit differences of opinion to voluntary impartial arbitration.

According to Mr. Brydon there must be arranged a system of contractual relationships in which responsibility for observance of contracts will be enforced and recurring crises in the industrial life of the nation eliminated.

"There has never been and there is today not the remotest possibility of monopoly of capital in the soft coal industry, for, as some one has said, geology enforces the Sherman act," declared Mr. Brydon. "There are enormous undeveloped coal reserves. Under these circumstances supply always potentially equals or exceeds demand, and hence competition may be relied on to prevent high prices.

"It is only when the competitive processes are reversed by nation-wide strikes in the mines or on the railroads that a runaway market occasioned by competition of buyers is possible. Stop runaway strikes and you prevent runaway markets."

Mr. Brydon said the chief element in the cost of producing coal is labor. It approximates 68 per cent. of the total cost of production, he declared, and it is the element of cost that has increased most markedly since the pre-war period. Wages of bituminous coal miners are 182 per cent. higher than in 1913, he said, while the cost of living is only 69.5 higher. Their wages are higher than those of every other variety of unskilled labor and they are even higher than those of almost every class of skilled labor, he contended. In other words, bituminous miners in 1922 made 160 per cent. more than the average unskilled laborer and 86 per cent. more than the average skilled worker in the manufacturing industries of the country.

The reason for these alleged inflated values Mr. Brydon assigned to the fact that "labor in other industries is competitive, while labor in the bituminous coal industry is largely a monopoly."

Production of oil from shale is a "second line of defense" in the nation's search for an ideal fuel, according to a statement made in the oil shale conference of the congress by Victor C. Anderson, President of the Colorado School of Mines.

Mr. Anderson stated that the immensity of oil shale deposits in Colorado alone was such that if 100 plants were in operation, handling 2,000 tons of shale per day, it would take 800 years to use the available supply.

Kentucky, according to Professor C. S. Crouse of that State, has about 100,000,000 tons of out-crop shale of an average of one-half barrel to the ton.

Oil shale, conference speakers claimed, if extensively refined, the product would comprise, in future years, the fuel oil supply of the nation.

MANY EDUCATORS ON LINER.

Albania Brings Large Group Home From Europe.

Dr. J. H. Latane, Dean of the Faculty of Johns Hopkins University at Baltimore, returned yesterday on the Cunarder Albania from a two months' tour through Europe during which he visited Geneva and observed the work of the Council of the League of Nations.

"I think that the League has already demonstrated itself as being an indispensable piece of international machinery," said Dr. Latane.

The Albania brought over a large contingent of college professors, among whom were Dr. James W. Alexander, Princeton; Dr. G. E. Beggs, Princeton; Mrs. G. H. Conkling, Smith; Professor Arthur J. Hopkins, Amherst, and Professor M. Scott, Princeton.

Majestic May Set a Record.

A radio yesterday from Captain Sir Bertram Hayes said that the Majestic was steaming at 25 knots and that unless it encountered fog it would reach Cherbourg at 8 P. M. tonight. This will be the first time that a liner leaving New York on Saturday has arrived at Cherbourg the following Thursday evening.

POLICE HEARINGS HALTED TILL OCT. 8

Adjourned on Plea of Corrigan Counsel to Let Him Prepare Material.

HIS WITNESSES ABSENT

Judge Crain Stipulates That Proceedings Must Be Ended by Oct. 26.

Hearings in the Enright libel proceedings against Magistrate Corrigan and Assemblyman Cuvillier were halted yesterday on the plea of John D. Lindsay, counsel for Magistrate Corrigan, for an adjournment long enough to prepare material which he said he had in his possession for presentation to the court. Judge Crain adjourned the hearing until Oct. 8, but with the proviso that the case must be concluded by Oct. 26.

Judge Crain granted the adjournment despite objections by Assistant District Attorney Albert Unger and Harry A. Gordon, counsel for Commissioner Enright. Mr. Lindsay pointed out that witnesses whom he called yesterday had failed to appear and that until he had studied other material he would be unable to keep up an orderly presentation of evidence.

The adjournment will give an opportunity for the disposition of several proceedings outside of Judge Crain's court, which have an important bearing on the case. All of them relate to the so-called Petrucci incident. The first is scheduled for Monday in the United States District Court, where George J. Shevlin has been ordered to appear for trial on an indictment charging bootlegging. Shevlin, regarded as the key witness in the Petrucci case, has long evaded representatives of Mr. Lindsay and Assistant District Attorney Ferdinand Pecora, who sought his presence as a witness before Judge Crain. Mr. Pecora said yesterday that he would serve Shevlin with a subpoena on Monday.

On Wednesday Nicholas Petrucci's counsel is to move in the Supreme Court for a habeas corpus writ on appeal from Judge Crain's sentence of thirty days in the Tombs for contempt of court. The Police Department trial of Lambert and Morrison for bribery, neglect of duty and testifying falsely before Judge Crain is to begin on Thursday.

Charles Tiernan, formerly a bartender in a saloon at Twenty-seventh Street and Ninth Avenue, was the principal witness yesterday. Tiernan testified concerning a raid which Detective Sergeant Robert F. McAllister made in November, 1922. Tiernan, who was a witness before Commissioner of Accounts Hirshfield in a previous inquiry, repeated the testimony that he had given before, to the effect that McAllister did not find any whisky but filled a bottle with sink water and later exhibited in court a bottle of entirely different appearance containing "an amber-colored liquid like whisky."

Tiernan was held for the Grand Jury. The complaint against him was dismissed. "And I don't quarrel with the Grand Jury's judgment," said Mr. Pecora, who has presented the evidence himself. Mr. Pecora objected, however, to the admission of Tiernan's testimony on the ground that it was not material to the issue in the libel proceeding. Judge Crain said that he would let it stand for the present.

Deputy Inspector James E. Troy and Patrolman Harry Wallach were the other witnesses yesterday. They were questioned about details of the raid in June, 1922, at the home of Morris H. Elvidge in West End Avenue. Elvidge charged that part of the whisky taken in the raid and later ordered returned was never accounted for.

CONDEMNS PHRENOLOGY AS TEST OF ABILITY

Prof. Snow Calls Employment Experts Who Judge by It and Physiognomy 'Fakers.'

CHICAGO, Sept. 26.—Employment experts who claim they can judge an applicant's ability by phrenology and physiognomy were called "psychological fakers" by Professor A. J. Snow of the Psychology Department of Northwestern University, speaking here today before a meeting of assistant managers of a chain store company.

"It's about time we stopped such indefensible practices, permissable only because of the ignorance of the general public," he declared.

HYLAN CONTINUES TO MEND.

Swelling of Leg Virtually Gone—Some Pleurisy Remains.

Special to The New York Times.

SARATOGA SPRINGS, N. Y., Sept. 26.—Mayor John F. Hylan continued to improve today. A bulletin signed by Drs. George F. and Carl R. Comstock read:

"The condition of Mayor John F. Hylan continues to be satisfactory. The swelling of the right leg has practically disappeared. The pneumonic process has cleared, except for a few remaining evidences of the pleurisy from which Mr. Hylan suffered."

BOY DRIFTS TO DEATH IN EAST SIDE SEWER

Firemen in Search Climb 20 Feet Down in Score of Broome St. Manholes.

BODY FOUND NEAR RIVER

Captain Poggi and Fireman Larsen Overcome—Lad Identified by His Mother.

A small boy fell into a sewer twenty feet below the street through the collapse of a manhole in Broome Street, near Attorney Street, at 5:30 o'clock last night. An hour later one of fifty firemen who descended into the black depths found the boy's body seven blocks away, drifting toward the East River. The fireman carried the boy to the street, where four tanks of oxygen were used during the next half hour in a vain effort to bring the lad back to life, and then collapsed himself.

The boy was identified several hours later by his mother as Morris Glicht, 4 years old, of 124 Broome Street. He was one of a dozen children playing in Broome Street's restricted area when the accident occurred. He had climbed up the stanchion which warns vehicular traffic that the block is reserved for playing children. When he dropped from the stanchion he landed on the manhole, a foot away. The cover, cracked perhaps by the heavy passage of a truck, broke into three parts and the boy fell into the sewer with them.

His playmates shouted for help. One of them ran up to Harry Weissman, who lives at 341 Riverdale Avenue in the Bronx, who pulled the fire alarm at the corner. A crowd, such as can gather only on the east side, was on hand when Engines 15, 17 and 11, with Hook and Ladder companies 6 and 18 rolled up to the scene. Battalion Chief McElligott arrived as Captain Anthony Poggi of Engine 15 called for a scaling ladder.

Captain Poggi Descends.

"Don't go down there without rope around you, Tony," McElligott shouted to the fire captain. A seemingly unending coil of rope was brought, one end of it was tied about Poggi's waist and he went down. When he reached the foot of the ladder he dropped into the water up to his waist, and as he plodded through the dark tunnel yard after yard of rope followed him.

McElligott then ordered firemen to open every manhole cover from Attorney Street to the East River, eleven blocks, with from three to four manholes to a block. He also sent a call for help from the Department of Sewers. Two representatives of this branch soon arrived and went to the East River end of the sewer which they blockaded with a device resembling a huge strainer. The tide was coming in. The water in the sewer soon would be more than six feet deep.

Poggi walked through the sewer tunnel to Ridge Street, where he shouted to his waiting chief that the boy was not to be found. He asked that the rope be pulled back out of the Attorney Street manhole. Then he went on through the sewer to Cannon Street, nearly seven blocks distant.

Driven Out by Fumes.

McElligott meanwhile had ordered firemen into the sewer at each of the manholes, but after fifteen minutes they came to the street, one by one, to report that they had seen nothing of the boy. After a breath of air they were ordered back. Poggi, groping to a ladder near Cannon Street, reported that noxious gases had driven him out. He collapsed later in his quarters and was sent home.

James Landres, fireman, of Truck 18, who had been one of the first firemen ordered into the sewer, was the first to descend when McElligott bade his men return. He went back this time between Lewis and Gourck Streets. Presently then on the street heard him shout:

"Hold the ladder! I've got him!"

He came to the street surface with the body of the boy slung over his shoulder. Both were soaking wet. He placed his burden tenderly on the pavement and then pitched headlong into a dead faint. The boy, the watchers, thought, was dead. He was carried to the sidewalk, where members of the Rescue Squad, which had been ordered into action, started work with a pulmotor. The appliance ate up one tank of oxygen after another, until four had been emptied, without a spark of life from the prostrate boy.

Lieutenant Thomas Kilbride, in charge of the Rescue Squad, however, thought he detected signs of life and ordered the lad placed in the Rescue Squad's apparatus and rushed to Gouverneur Hospital. The pulmotor was applied throughout the trip, but when the hospital was reached physicians pronounced the boy dead.

Hundreds of mothers later flocked to the hospital seeking to identify the body, but up to late hour last night no one, not even the children who had been playing with the boy near the corner of Brooms and Attorneys Streets, could furnish his name and address.

Landres, unconscious and suffering from gas poisoning, was taken to Gouverneur Hospital, and last night was reported as in a serious condition, although it was thought that he would recover.

JUDGE RAPS BONDED CRIME.

Talley Assails Firms Which Go Bail for Known Criminals.

Declaring that "the worse the record of a criminal the easier it appears to be for him to get bail," Judge Alfred J. Talley in General Sessions yesterday attacked the methods of bonding companies in criminal cases and demanded an explanation from the representative of one company which had furnished bail for an alleged pickpocket who had been arrested twelve times.

Judge Talley's remarks were made on the arraignment of Samuel Schiff, 34, charged with stealing a man's wallet on Broadway on Sept. 16. He was indicted as a first offender, but was reindicted as a second offender on Tuesday. Judge Talley raised his bail from $5,000 to $50,000 and Schiff was sent to the Tombs.

The surety company which had provided bail for Schiff following the first indictment was the New Amsterdam Casualty Company of 60 John Street, and in response to a summons from Judge Talley, William McGinley, an official of the company, appeared in court.

McGinley told Judge Talley it was not the custom of his company to bail second offenders. He said he was not familiar with the Schiff case, but pointed out that Schiff was originally indicted as a first offender. McGinley declined to make any further comment outside of court.

CAUTIONS ON FORD REPORTS

Dearborn Independent Editor Says Exploiters Are Busy.

CHATTANOOGA, Tenn., Sept. 26.—To an inquiry from The Chattanooga News in regard to reports that Henry Ford was abandoning the Muscle Shoals proposal, W. J. Cameron of The Dearborn Independent telegraphed:

"In Mr. Ford's absence, no statement has been made, and I would advise caution in accepting reports that are based upon the desires of exploiters."

Mr. Cameron is thought to be in touch with his chief's ideas on the matter.

MONTGOMERY, Ala., Sept. 26.—The State Senate adopted a resolution yesterday urging Henry Ford to revise his offer for the Muscle Shoals project. The resolution held out hope that the Detroit manufacturer might yet buy the nitrate plant at Muscle Shoals.

Judge Gary, in Farmer Role, Wins Prizes at Nassau Fair

MINEOLA, L. I., Sept. 26.—Elbert H. Gary, Chairman of the United States Steel Corporation, who is incidentally a farmer at Jericho, L. I., won several prizes today in the vegetable exhibit at the Nassau County Fair here. Among his competitors were Mrs. Harold I. Pratt of Locust Valley, and Payne Whitney of Wheatley Hills.

The annual horse show in connection with the fair will begin this afternoon. Thomas Hitchcock and Mrs. Hitchcock and Thomas Hitchcock Jr., international polo player, will exhibit their horses today.

CHIEF CLUE FAILS IN GIRL'S MURDER

Philadelphian Whose Arrest Was Predicted Cleared of Any Connection With Case.

AUTO DEATH THEORY GAINS

Prosecutor "Coming to Conclusion" Motorist Whose Car Killed Emma Dickson Hid Body.

Special to The New York Times.

MILLVILLE, N. J., Sept. 26.—Following the failure today in Philadelphia of residents of this place to identify James Clement Caskey, an employe of that city and son-in-law of Elias Abrams, a political leader, as the man who was seen riding with Emma Dickson the day of her murder, investigators of the crime tonight apparently were entirely at sea again. Caskey was cleared of any knowledge of circumstances which led up to the girl's death.

Prediction had been made yesterday that the arrest of a "prominent Philadelphian" would be made "within twenty-four hours." Now the detectives on the case admit they are as far from the solution of the murder of the young high school girl as they were when her body was found last Saturday in a clump of bushes beside the Port Elizabeth road.

Irma Hummel, a chum of the dead girl, said she had seen Emma drive away Sept. 13, the day of her death, with a man in an automobile. A fragmentary description of the man, which tallied in some respects with that of Caskey, and the fact that the Philadelphian frequently had taken the girl and his own children out for auto rides, caused the Millville police to go to Philadelphia to interview him.

Before they arrived in Philadelphia they had been preceded by the rumor of the girl's story, which had been followed by an indignant and detailed denial from Mr. Caskey.

The Hummel girl, taken to the Caskey home, looked at Mr. Caskey, who stood back from the door, his hat off, smiling but showing traces of worry.

"Is that the man you saw riding with Emma that night?" a detective asked.

Mr. Caskey looked straight at the girl.

"No, sir, that's not the man at all," the girl replied quickly.

"Certainly I am not," he said. "I was in Philadelphia all day, but this surely was a strain for a time."

Mr. Casky is forty-six years old, and is an inspector in the Water Bureau. His father-in-law has a Summer home near the Dickson home in Brickeboro, and the Caskeys have been spending the Summers there for years.

County Prosecutor Roscoe G. Ward expressed no surprise when notified of the results of the inquiry in Philadelphia. "I was confident," he said, "that Caskey could have no possible connection with the case, but in keeping with our policy of following up all clues, no matter how impossible they seem, we thought it best to investigate."

Mr. Ward also announced that the order for the exhumation of the girl's body had been cancelled by Judge Logue of Bridgeton, after a conference last night with doctors who convinced him nothing could be derived from a second autopsy.

Asked if the authorities had any further clues on which to work Prosecutor Ward said they had several but none tangible.

"I am rapidly coming to the conclusion," he said, "that the girl was killed by a motor car and dragged into the bushes by the driver of the car after he saw she was dead."

Public sentiment in Brickeboro strongly leans to this theory. Persons accustomed to driving over the Port Elizabeth Road say that at this time of the year the fog hangs heavily over the marshlands and renders driving extremely difficult. They say that, particularly at dusk, it is impossible to see any one who might be walking in the road.

The Prosecutor said that it was not impossible that Emma may have ridden in an automobile driven by a friend of the direction of Millville, for a short distance, and that while walking back she might have been killed.

CAR DRIVEN OFF PIER; TWO WOMEN DROWN

Army Captain Rescues Another and Baby at Norfolk—Two Officers Saved by Leap.

NORFOLK, Va., Sept. 26.—Two women were drowned when an automobile carrying six persons was driven into Norfolk harbor at the army base pier last night. Mrs. J. W. Moss, the driver, and Mrs. James P. Stevenson lost their lives.

Captain L. F. Pape, commanding officer of the base, dived into the water from an army transport and rescued Mrs. Phyllis Backus and her baby.

Captain J. P. Stevenson, retired, of the Marine Corps, and Captain J. S. Allen, the other occupants of the automobile, leaped from the machine as it left the pier and escaped injury.

H. T. MARSHALL IN ASYLUM.

Former Assistant District Attorney Here Committed in Connecticut.

Special to The New York Times.

GREENWICH, Conn., Sept. 26.—Harford T. Marshall, for many years a prominent lawyer in New York City, and former first assistant to District Attorney William T. Jerome, was committed Saturday by Judge Radford to the insane asylum at Middletown, Conn., and was taken there on Monday. The application was made by his wife. Drs. A. E. Austin and A. F. Hanlon were appointed by Judge Radford to examine Mr. Marshall, and on their report the commitment was issued.

Mr. Marshall is 54 years of age. He has no children. He had been under observation at two sanitariums in Stamford.

Hartigan Charge Dismissed.

The charge of grand larceny against Joseph Hartigan, former Commissioner of Weights and Measures, brought about by his alleged attempt to rob a cigar store in West Eighteenth Street on Aug. 24, was dismissed yesterday by Magistrate McQuade in Jefferson Market Court after the Court had been informed that Hartigan was confined in the Bloomingdale Sanitarium at White Plains. Hartigan is 42 years old.

DEMAND OF $385,000 MADE ON ROTHSTEIN

Attorney for Fuller Creditors Holds Him Liable for Broker's Race Track Winnings.

MEMORY FAULTY ON STAND

Ex-Gambler Takes Refuge in Denials, Forgetfulness and Constitutional Privilege.

CAUTIONED BY REFEREE

Coffin, Indignant at Evasions, Recalls Witness for Oct. 8.

Arnold Rothstein's testimony yesterday before Referee Harold P. Coffin was highly negative. Whenever his wabbling recollection clung to some fact in relation to the affairs of the bankrupt brokerage house of E. M. Fuller & Co., the ex-gambler did not care to put the recollection into words. Invariably, when denial was not forthcoming or the witness did not suffer a relapse into forgetfulness, he decided that an answer would tend to degr

Flint's Fine Furniture

THREE DESKS

In the struggle to keep correspondence cleared up, a well-chosen desk is half the battle. And even a reluctant pen may find a Flint & Horner desk that will inspire courage and industry. The prices asked are low indeed.

For the one good desk that every living-room needs, Colonial lines are an excellent choice. A simple model like this blends well with the rest of the furniture. Solid mahogany, 37" wide. $93.

This spinet desk is so quaint and delicate that it should certainly acquire a very feminine person for its owner. For solid mahogany, $32 is very little.

For a man's library; this solid-looking desk recommends itself. It is the Colonial scroll design, genuine mahogany, and its 36" width gives plenty of elbow room. $65.

Flint & Horner Co., Inc.
20-26 West 36th St.
A few yards from Fifth Avenue

THE PLAY

By JOHN CORBIN.

Old Glamor.

CASANOVA, a play in a prologue and three acts, from the Spanish of Lorenzo de Azertia, adapted by Sidney Howard. At the Empire Theatre.

Alfani-Colli	Philip Wood
Manzoni	B. N. Lewin
A Waiter	Walter Bogerling
A Gambler	William Marr
Giulietta	Dinarzade
Captain Michael Schedy	Mario Majeroni
Henriette	Katharine Cornell
Giacomo Casanova	Lowell Sherman
A Lieutenant	Ralph Belmont
An Inn-Keeper	Edward Le Hay
First Archer	J. C. Wallace
Second Archer	Edward F. Snow
Leduc	Ernest Cossart
A Gambler	Harry Redding
Monsieur Dubois	Victor Benoit
The Abbe Bernis	Horace Braham
A Banker	Harold Hartsell
Inn-Keeper	A. G. Andrews
First Postillion	James Powers
Second Postillion	Jacob Kingsberry
Third Postillion	Frank Newcomb
Fourth Postillion	Charles Vincent
The Beautiful Georgienne	Gypsy O'Brien
The Dancer from Milan	Mary Ellis
The Courtesan	Judith Vosselli
Rose	Sheila Hayes
Manon	Nellie Burt

Probably the lack of any soul or sense, of any truth in characterization or dramatic freshness, will not be generally felt in this exploitation of Casanova of the 800 mistresses. The producers have seen to that, enveloping an episode of eighteenth century gallantry in all that our stage commands of glamor—glamor of histrionic personality in an able company, headed by Lowell Sherman and Katharine Cornell, and glamor of rich fabrics and theatric brilliance presided over by Gilbert Miller.

The prologue, a ballet pantomime devised by Michel Fokine, was a thing of exquisite fancy, redolent of sensual love in carnival, rhythmic with aphrodisiac pain and longing. It was a fit prelude to a presentation of the historic Casanova, the Ambassador and wit, the Finance Minister and common rogue, who cast a spell of the flesh, a glamor of perilous romance, over so many of the frail and fair. Thereafter limitations developed. True, costumes and scenes retained their Old World quaintness, their rustle of thick satin and glamour of cloth-of-gold. Lowell Sherman was competently buoyant and erotic and Katherine Cornell suffused her scenes with the lure of feminine sensibility and courageous adventure. But there was no play, not really.

For this "arch-rogue," as the program calls him, was of the stage, stagey. One heard much of the three hundred, but saw only Miss Cornell. Genuine passion intruded, or what was meant as such, and presently dwindled into sentimentality, commonplace and overwrought. Did I say only Miss Cornell? It should be added that in the weeping last act she appeared as our heroine's daughter, Casanova's illegitimate child. The spent libertine melted to paternal dotage and died on the carpet, kissing the spot where her young foot had trod.

How far the spell of the production will carry, and the dashing spirits of Miss Cornell's performance, can only be vaguely guessed. Those who are out for the lure of undraped sex and the amorous versatilities of fancy will be disappointed. How seriously the juvenile sentimentalitists will be moved, and the flappers of self-expression, remains to be seen. Last night's audience, as it seemed, was in the main interested and was filled with admiration for the theatric expertness of the production and its surface glamour.

PAYING 'PHILOPOENA' DEBTS

Marie Dressler Deposits $5,000 With Creditors in London.

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By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Sept. 26.—Marie Dressler has deposited with the Creditors' Association one thousand pounds to meet debts, including claims for unpaid salaries, incurred through the failure of "Philopoena" here in 1908.

She has also undertaken to provide more money if necessary to settle all claims the committee of the Actors' Association will credit there.

In September, 1909, Miss Dressler filed a petition in bankruptcy in this county, listing liabilities of $24,886. There were fifty-nine creditors and the debts, except $4,000 to a Paris creditor, were contracted as a result of a London theatrical venture. Some of the creditors named at that time were John C. Lubbock, $1,000, secured by a mortgage on furniture; Gustav Beer, $5,888 for costumes; James Smart, $814, costumes; Clarkson, $225, costumes and wigs; James Mitton & Co., loan, $3,750.

Miss Dressler was said to have paid several of her company by disposing of her jewels.

CHAPLIN TO QUIT SLAPSTICK

His Comedy Acting of Future to Be Whimsical Humor.

CHICAGO, Sept. 26.—Charlie Chaplin has retired temporarily from custard comedies and is resting, he said today when in Chicago en route to New York to view a picture story which he wrote and directed, but in which he does not act.

Chaplin says he hopes to do better things for the screen, and will return to comedy acting, but it will be whimsical humor rather than the slapstick variety.

"Only in the movies do the actors 'register' emotions with strange facial distortions," he said.

"The human is a consummate actor and covers his tragedies with laughter."

So in the new Chaplin order of things the characters live the plot, "but do not make the fatal mistake, which ruins the average movie of today, of showing their emotion by distorted facial expression," he said, adding: "They do not 'register'; they act. They do what they can to remedy their situation. They struggle. That is drama."

Japan's Earthquake in Movies.

A two-reel motion picture of the scenes following the earthquake and fire in Yokohama and Tokio, was received here yesterday by the Famous Players Corporation and put on the screen at the Rialto and Rivoli theatres last night. They reached Victoria, B. C., on the Empress of Australia last Sunday and were brought by seaplane to Seattle and aeroplane to New York by way of Great Falls, Montana. The machine reached Mineola at 3:15 P. M.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

Richard Herndon announces as his first production of the season an American comedy, "The Potters," written by J. P. McEvoy. Rehearsals will begin in a few days under the direction of Agustin Duncan.

Jose Rubin is rehearsing "The Greaser," a tabloid version of "The Gringo" for use on a vaudeville tour.

Dalley Paskman and Rudolf Friml have written a song called "In Love With Love" and dedicated to Lynn Fontanne.

Miss E. Tchoubakova arrived yesterday from Moscow on the Red Star liner Kroonland to join the Chauve Souris company at the Jolson Theatre, under the management of Morris Gest.

MUSIC NOTES.

Operas at the Century next week are: Monday, "Forza del Destino"; Tuesday, "Madame Butterfly"; Wednesday, "Aida"; Thursday, "Marta" (matinee) and "Otello"; Friday, "Jewels of the Madonna"; Saturday, "Faust" and "Carmen."

Concerts of the coming week will include the United States Marine Band, John McCormack, Tito Schipa, the Verbrugzen Quartet, Samuel Baldwin, Lionel Tertis, Ruth Wilson and Annibale Mannacio.

Marcel Dupre gives an organ recital at Wanamaker's on Saturday before proceeding to Springfield, Mass., and Montreal.

Sigrid Onegin of the Metropolitan arrives on the Resolute tomorrow. Lucrezia Bori and Francis Peralta returned on the Leviathan.

Two new Metropolitan singers announced by Edward Ziegler are Karin Branzell, a Swedish contralto, and Arnold Gabor, a Hungarian baritone.

From the Cushion Comes Comfort

We grant that ordinary shoes can be partly comfortable if leathers are soft and they are large enough. But no ordinary shoes give the peculiar comfort of Dr. Reed Cushion Shoes.

Springy, responsive, inner soles of pure felt and buoyant cork, cushion every step and soothe tender feet. On cool, fall evenings these cushions protect the feet and often prevent colds.

Extraordinary in looks and wear are Dr. Reed Cushion Shoes. Even the price is extraordinary—it's so moderate.

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For Women Made by JOHN ROBERTS SHOE CO.
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WINTER GARDEN MORNS 2:30 Mats. Sat. & Tues.
FIFTH YEARLY EDITION.
Greenwich Village Follies
America's Greatest Annual Revue

SAN CARLO GRAND OPERA
CENTURY THEATRE, 62d & Cent. Park W.
TONIGHT 8:15. BUTTERFLY.
Miura, Pagni, Chiappini, Valle. Follows: Ballet, "Legend of the Sun." FRI.—LOHENGRIN. Pinza, Cimeros, Tomarchio, Valle. SAT. MAT.—TALES OF HOFFMANN. Zeppilli, Lucchese, Pagni, Chiappini, Interante. SAT. EVE., GIOCONDA. Musical Direction, Peroni and Franchetti. Organization of 300 People; Orch. of 50; Chorus of 60 and the Pavley-Oukrainsky Ballet Russe. 50c to $3.

COMEDY Thea., 41st, E. of B'way. Evs. 8:30
Matinees Today & Sat., 2:30.
Children of the Moon
WITH AN ALL-STAR CAST

NATIONAL 41, W. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today & Sat., 2:30
THE JOLLY ROGER
Love-Laughs-Pirates
Pedro de Cordoba, Carroll McComas.

A. H. WOODS presents
BIJOU THEA., W. 45th St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Sat. & Wed., 2:30.
GRANT MITCHELL in "The Whole Town's Talking"

MOROSCO THEATRE, W. 45th St. Evs. 8:30 Mats. Sat. & Wed., 2:30.
MARY RYAN in "RED LIGHT ANNIE"

BROADHURST THEA., W. 44th St. Evs. 8:30 Mts. Today & Sat., 2:30.
THE GOOD OLD DAYS

ELTINGE THEATRE, West 42d St. Evs. 8:30 Mats. Sat. & Wed., 2:30.
THE WOMAN on the JURY

John Golden Successes
LITTLE West 44th Street. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:30.
Chicken Feed
by GUY BOLTON
Staged by WINCHELL SMITH
AND

BOOTH West 45 St. Evs. 8:30. Matinees Wed. & Sat.
7th AND 11th TIME
HEAVEN
THE PERFECT PICTURE
WILLIAM FOX Presents
"IF WINTER COMES"
"MIGHTIER THAN THE BOOK"
LAST 10 DAYS
TIMES SQ. Thea., 42d St. W. of B'y
Twice Daily, 2:30-8:30
Seats Now for Balance of Engagement

39th ST. Theatre, near B'way. Evenings 8:30
Matinees Sat. & Wed., 2:30
WILLIAM FAVERSHAM
and
EMILY STEVENS
in "A LESSON IN LOVE"
"Cast is so good it should remain at the 39th Street Theatre for five years."
—Alexander Woollcott, Herald.

LAST 4 TIMES!
F. RAY COMSTOCK & MORRIS GEST Present
Balieff's Chauve Souris
JOLSON'S 59th ST. POP. PRICES
Evs. at 8:30. MATINEE SATURDAY, 2:30.
Next Tues. at 8 Sharp. Seats Now.
SOTHERN-MARLOWE
Shakespeare's Romance "CYMBELINE."

PLAYHOUSE 48th St., E. of B'way. Bry. 8632
Evs. 8:30. Mats. Sat. & Wed., 2:30
CHAINS
"WILL HOLD YOU SPELLBOUND."
—R. G. Welsh, Telegram.

Maxine Elliott's 39th St., E. of B'y. Evs. 8:30
Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:30.
SAM H. HARRIS presents
JEANNE EAGELS in 'RAIN'
302 TIMES. Staged by John D. Williams.

REPUBLIC 42d St., W. of B'way. Evs. 8:30
Mats. Wed. & Sat. at 2:30.
ANNE NICHOLS' LAUGHING SUCCESS
Abie's Irish Rose
THE PLAY THAT PUTS U IN HUMOR

The Biggest Musical Comedy Hit of the Year
APOLLO THEATRE West 42nd St. Evenings 8:30 Matinees Wed. and Sat., 2:30
MADGE KENNEDY in POPPY
with W. C. FIELDS
with the Greatest Cast of Comedians in Town

LONGACRE Theatre, W. 48 St. Evs. at 8:30
Mats. Wed. & Sat. at 2:30.
"LITTLE JESSIE JAMES"
with NAN HALPERIN & THE JAMES BOYS—A PAUL WHITEMAN BAND

LYRIC 42d Street, West of B'way
LAST 4 DAYS
Twice Daily, 2:30, 8:30—Sunday Mat. at 3
MARY PICKFORD in "ROSITA"
With HOLBROOK BLINN
Adapted by Edward Knoblock
Photography by Charles Rosher
AN ERNST LUBITSCH Production

44th St. THEATRE OPENING SUNDAY NIGHT
METRO'S MONUMENTAL MASTERPIECE
REX INGRAM'S "SCARAMOUCHE"
from SABATINI'S NOVEL
with Alice Terry, Ramon Novarro, Lewis Stone.
Seats now selling 8 weeks in advance
TWICE DAILY, 2:30-8:30. All Seats Reserved.

SHUBERT 44th, W. of B'y. Evs. 8:15 sharp
Mats. Sat. & Wed., 2:15 sharp of 1923
ARTISTS and MODELS

AMBASSADOR 49 St., W. of B'way. Evs. 8:30
Last 3 Nights. Last Mat. Sat.
HOME FIRES
OWEN DAVIS' COMEDY TRIUMPH

49TH ST. Theatre Opening MON., OCT. 1
ARTHUR KLEIN Presents
'What's Your Wife Doing?'
A new farce in three acts by
Emil Nyitray and Herbert Hall Winslow, with
GLENN ANDERS
And a distinguished cast of players.
SEATS ON SALE TODAY.

PLYMOUTH 45th, W. of B'way. Evs. 8:30
Mats. Today & Sat., 2:30
Wive Get to have Money
with ROBERT AMES, Lee Donnelly, Flora Finch and Cast of 30

8th BIG MONTH
CASINO B'way & 39 St. Evs. 8:35
Mts. Sat. & Wed., 2:30
NOW SECOND SEASON!
Arthur Hammerstein's Musical Hit,
WILDFLOWER
with EDITH DAY
The Show that made "RAMBALINA"

EVERYBODY'S IN LOVE WITH
IN LOVE WITH LOVE
Lynn Fontanne, Ralph Morgan, Henry Hull

RITZ Theatre, West 48th Street. Evenings 8:30
Matinees Wed. & Sat. at 2:30.

GARRICK 65 W. 35th St. Evs. 8:30
Matinees Today & Sat.
Last 2 Weeks
BERNARD SHAW'S THE DEVIL'S DISCIPLE

GRUBERT-RIVIERA—Evs. 8:15. Mts. Today & Sat.
"UP SHE GOES" with Nancy Welford and Richard (Skeets) Gallagher
THIS WEEK AND NEXT.

SELWYN Theatre, West 42d St. Evs. at 8:30.
Matinees Wed. & Sat. at 2:30.
HELEN OF TROY, N.Y.!
"The perfect musical comedy."—Herald.

CENTRAL BROADWAY 47TH STREET
WILLIAM FOX Presents
MAURICE MAETERLINCK'S
IMMORTAL
MONNA VANNA
Continuous 1 to 11 P. M.
POPULAR PRICES

44TH ST. THEATRE. WEST OF BROADWAY
Twice Daily, 2:30-8:30. Sunday Mats. at 3
LILLIAN GISH
in HENRY KING'S Production of
"The White Sister"
Opening Sun. Matinee at 3. AMBASSADOR, West 49th St. Just off B'way.

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Senior and Junior Schools. Academic Term commences September 26th. Enrollments now being received. For further particulars and descriptive booklet write to John F. Carrington, Headmaster. ROOSEVELT MILITARY ACADEMY, West Englewood, N. J. Telephone 2383 Hackensack.
Information at Room 900, 41 Park Row, New York. Telephone Cortlandt 9812.

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POLA NEGRI in "THE CHEAT."
PATTON & MARKS REVUE, W. C. Fields' "The Family Ford," Burt & Rosedale, others.

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"LAWFUL LARCENY"
With HOPE HAMPTON
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FINANCIAL MARKETS

Sharp Recovery in Stocks After Early Weakness—Advance in Exchange Halts.

The recent alternation of limited forward and backward movements on the Stock Exchange have not been enlightening, even in regard to financial sentiment; but yesterday's market at least suggested that anything in the way of concrete news, good or bad, is likely to have prompt effect. This time it was the unexpected resumption of dividends on Baltimore & Ohio's common stock. Paying 6 per cent. before the war and 5 per cent. then until 1919, payments were suspended in order to lighten the load of borrowing. Yesterday afternoon, return to the 5 per cent. annual payment was announced, and the stock market rose immediately. With the company's net earnings more than 50 per cent. over 1922 for the year to date, the decision should not have been a complete surprise. But it probably served to remind Wall Street that the railways as a whole have this year increased their net receipts by 25 to 30 per cent., and that the achievement has very tangible significance in company finance.

Possibly the stock market would have recovered even without this particular stimulus; for Tuesday was a day of professional speculation for the decline, and the market has now grown accustomed to quick reversals. As it was, some of the late recoveries were rapid enough to more than cancel the previous day's declines. Several railway shares rose a point or more, Baltimore & Ohio itself 4½, and advances of a point were numerous among the industrial shares also. After the close of business another statement bearing on railway income was given out. Car loadings for the second week of September crossed the million mark for the thirteenth time this year.

The German Government's formal proclamation of termination of resistance in the Ruhr was followed by slight downward reaction in foreign exchange rates, doubtless occasioned by what speculative Wall Street calls "selling when the news is out." The idea had some prevalence that the German people's submissive reception of the capitulation might have caused enthusiasm, when there had been so much talk of a "Communist revolution" on the surrender. But nobody seriously expected that. The German people are first of all sick of depreciated paper money—which is the recognized badge of European communism.

The difficulty of measuring the actual state of trade, which at present seems to beset every branch of business, is rather strikingly reflected in the mid-week reviews of the steel industry. On Tuesday afternoon a statement was given out that in three weeks of September the Steel Corporation had taken orders averaging 31,931 tons daily, as against 15,288 in the same weeks of August. Yet The Iron Age's summary is that, for the trade at large, "September so far is no better than August." The consumer, having no fear about getting delivery against orders placed later on, "finds a waiting policy wholly to his advantage"; the producer believes that purchases will have to be made in the next few weeks, large enough to maintain existing prices. One hears much the same report from other trades.

From one point of view, this is a curious sequel to last February's warnings of "runaway prices" and an "inflation market" in the Autumn; but from another it is a natural sequel to the abnormally large forward orders placed in the active markets of the Spring months. Even in the steel trade, however, it is highly interesting to observe that current reports do not tell us of diminishing consumption. If this is a period of reaction, it is certainly not the reaction of the Autumn of 1920.

MONEY.

WEDNESDAY, SEPT. 26, 1923.

Stock Exchange call money continued firm, opening and renewing at 5¼ per cent., a slight advance from Tuesday's final; rate later moved up to 5½, where it ruled until close. Market for fixed period funds was quiet, there being little demand for new money; dealers placed four to six months' accommodation at 5¾, an advance of ¼, but near dates were quoted unchanged at 5½.

Call Loans.

Renewals.	High.	Low.	Last.	Last.	Tuesday's
5¼	5½	5¼	5½	5	

Time Loans.

Mixed collateral, 60-90 days.....5¼
4, 5 and 6 moonths.....5¼@5⅝
All industrial collateral, 60-90 days.....5¼
4, 5 and 6 months.....5¼@5⅝

Commercial Paper.

Best names, 4 to 6 months.....5¼@5½
Other names, 4 to 6 months.....5⅝

Rediscount Rates, Federal Reserve Bank.

Commercial paper, 15 days.....4½
90 to 90 days.....4½
Liberty bonds, Victory notes and Treasury certificates of indebtedness, 15 days.....4½
60 to 90 days.....4½

Bankers' Acceptances.

Call loans against acceptances.....4½
Prime bankers' acceptances, eligible for purchase or rediscount by Federal Reserve Banks. Rates quoted are for discount at purchase:

	Bid.	Ask.
30 days	4¼	4
60 days	4¼	4⅛
90 days	4¼	4⅛
Four months	4¼	4⅛
Six months	4½	4⅜
Nonmember and private bankers, 60 to 90 days	4½	4⅜

London Market.

Money in London, unchanged at 2¼ per cent.; short bills, ⅛@⅜ lower at 3 per cent.; three months' bill, ⅛@⅜ higher at 3 per cent.

Gold bullion, 2d up at 90s 4d per fine ounce. Taking the British Mint standard price of 85s per fine ounce as par, the market quotation of gold would represent a price of 106 1-3 at London. On the same basis the highest London price for gold for the year to date was 107⅛ on Sept. 6. The highest price since open trading in gold was resumed at London in September, 1919, was 149⅝, on Feb. 6, 1920; the lowest, 102¼, on Feb. 21, 1923. Highest price last year, 136, on Jan. 3.

Clearing House Exchanges.

Exchange of checks at the New York Clearing House, $652,000,000; balances, $67,000,000; Federal Reserve credit balance, $67,000,000; exchanges this day a year ago, $643,000,000.

SILVER BULLION.

Bar silver in London, ¼d lower at 31½d per ounce; New York price, ⅝c. lower at 64¾c.

Range for 1922:

	—Highest—	—Lowest—
London	32½d Apr. 20	30¼d Feb. 3
New York	69⅝c Mar. 27	62¼c July 30

Range for 1922:

London	37¾d May 22	30¼d Dec. 15
New York	73⅝c May 22	62¾c Dec. 15

Metropolitan Stores Sales Gain.

Verne M. Bovie, President of the Metropolitan 5 to 50 Cent Stores, Inc., announced that August sales totaled $568,178, against $474,746 last year, and sales for eight months showed an increase of 21.97 per cent. over 1922.

NEW YORK STEAM SHARES OFFERED

Cumulative Preferred Stock Marketed at 92 to Yield 7.60 Per Cent.

Prince & Whitely of New York and Thayer, Baker & Co. of Philadelphia offer today a block of 3,000 shares of New York Steam Corporation 7 per cent. cumulative preferred stock, series A, at 92 and accrued dividend, yielding more than 7.60 per cent.

Farson, Son & Co. are offering at prices to yield 6½ per cent., $150,000 7 per cent. road improvement warrants of Hidalgo County, Texas, due $4,000 annually from Aug. 1, 1924, to Aug. 1, 1933, inclusive; $6,000, Aug. 1, 1934, to Aug. 1, 1943, and $10,000 Aug. 1, 1944, to Aug. 1, 1948.

J. P. Morgan & Co. have sold privately $900,000 Indiana Harbor Belt Railroad 5 per cent. equipment trust gold certificates of 1923, recently purchased by them from the company.

Austin, Grant & Ogilby, Inc., and George H. Burr & Co. are offering a new issue of $979,000 City of Fort Wayne, Ind., 5 per cent. school district bonds at a price to yield 4.8 per cent.

Halsey, Stuart & Co. are offering at 90½ and interest, to yield about 6.05 per cent., an additional block of New Jersey Power & Light Company first mortgage 5 per cent. gold bonds due Feb. 1, 1936.

The issue of $1,273,000 first mortgage 6½ per cent. gold bonds of the Maher Collieries Company, offered by Cassatt & Co., Union Trust Company of Cleveland and Graham, Parsons & Co., has been oversubscribed.

B. & O. RESUMES 5% ON COMMON STOCK

Unexpected Announcement Jumps Shares 4⅜ Points in Last-Minute Trading.

With its net operating income increased this year by more than $22,000,000 the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad has resumed dividends on the common stock at the rate of 5 per cent. per annum. The dividend announcement yesterday, which was a surprise to Wall Street, was the first to be made by the Baltimore & Ohio for four years, and it has been six years since the rate on the common was 5 per cent. The regular quarterly 1 per cent. on the preferred also was declared.

President Daniel Willard declared his belief that Baltimore & Ohio "had come back for good as a dividend payer." Nevertheless, up to this very hour of meeting in the First National Bank Building here yesterday afternoon, the directors differed widely, both as to whether or not a dividend should be paid at this time, and if so what amount.

Announcement of the dividend was made at 3:46 P. M., and in the fourteen minutes until the close of the Stock Exchange practically all trading centred in Baltimore & Ohio issues at post number 12. Professional bears sought frantically to rubber the shares they had sold for a decline, and in the last few minutes more than 51,000 shares of the common stock changed hands at from 50½ to 54⅞ per share. At the same time much excitement prevailed in the bond crowd by advance in the Baltimore & Ohio convertible 4½ per cent. bonds which rose quickly from 81½ to 84. The same strength was reflected in the gold 4s, the refunding 4s and the 6 per cent. bonds.

After the meeting President Willard said that the physical condition of the road had been brought up to a higher standard than has prevailed in the last ten years. He said that "unless an extraordinary unfavorable and unexpected situation arises affecting the entire country or the entire railroad situation, the Baltimore & Ohio has come back for good as a dividend payer." The last dividend paid by the road was 4 per cent. in 1919, half of which was to pay the dividend omitted in 1915. The common shares now go back to their 1917 status.

The financial statement for the first nine months of the year, with September estimated, put the net operating income for this period at $24,755,742, an increase of $22,264,823 over the same period last year. The board estimates that it will have an available income for the first three-quarters of the year, after all charges, of $12,091,954.

FOREIGN STOCK MARKETS.

Paris Firm, London Easier—Sterling Rises Again at Paris.

LONDON, Sept. 26.—Trading was quiet and prices were easier on the Stock Exchange today. Old 2½ per cent. consols unchanged at 56½; British 5 per cent. ½ lower at 100½; 4½ per cent. war loan unchanged at 97¼.

Rand Mines unchanged at 2⅝; De Beers Mining ⅛ lower at 12⅞.

PARIS, Sept. 26.—Prices were firm on the Bourse today. Three per cent. rentes 8 centimes higher at 87 francs 40 centimes; 5 per cent. war loan 25 centimes higher at 75 francs 45 centimes.

Exchange on London 1 franc 35 centimes higher at 74 francs per sovereign; American dollars were quoted at 16 francs 19 centimes, against 15.92 yesterday.

INCREASED EXPORT OF MANUFACTURED GOODS

Shipments in August $22,200,000 Above 1922—Food Exports Down $40,000,000.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 26.—Manufactured goods constituted nearly one-half of American exports during August, while foodstuffs, prepared and unprepared, constituted 22 per cent. In August, 1922, foodstuffs exported constituted 37 per cent. and manufactured goods 35 per cent. of the total. As in other recent months, crude materials for use in manufacturing in the United States made up the largest single item of August imports.

Figures made public today by the Commerce Department gave the following import and export classifications, with comparisons with the corresponding totals for August last year:

Exports—Raw foodstuffs, $23,898,000, against $61,314,000; foods ready for consumption, $42,666,000, against $46,074,000; raw materials for use in manufacturing, $65,319,000, against $47,668,000; manufactured commodities, $127,060,000, against $104,853,000; partly manufactured products, $45,810,000, against $35,733,000.

Imports—Raw foodstuffs, $21,058,000, against $22,481,000; foods ready for consumption, $33,011,000, against $42,405,000; raw materials for use in manufacturing, $93,994,000, against $110,304,000; manufactured commodities, $67,518,000 against $55,857,000; partly manufactured goods, $58,133,000, against $48,385,000.

TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

Strong Rally in Late Trading.

Following dull and uninteresting movements during the first four hours of trading yesterday, the stock market suddenly took on new life in the closing hour and some substantial gains were reported as compared with the closing prices of Tuesday. The feature in the last fifteen minutes of trading was Baltimore & Ohio, which ended the day with a net gain of 4⅛ points, following announcement of resumption of dividend payments. This advance stimulated the demand for other low-priced railroad stocks, including Southern Railway, Wabash preferred A, Western Pacific preferred, and numerous non-dividend paying issues. Long before the wild scramble in Baltimore & Ohio, however, the market had been hardening under leadership of Baldwin, American Can, Studebaker and Steel common. The strength in these leading shares resulted in better prices in other sections of the industrial list. But trading on the whole was small in comparison with Tuesday and confined mainly to professional operations, although new buying was reported in the railways. Higher prices in the stock market were accompanied by a further rise in grain prices and renewal of the upward movement in cotton.

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The Stock Market and the Ruhr.

It has been quite evident to even the most casual observer this week that the immediate reaction to developments in the Ruhr Valley on the American markets is not nearly so pronounced as on the London and Paris markets. Distance is admitted to have something to do with this, as well as the fact that Great Britain and France are more closely related to the international crisis than is the United States, but it is agreed that our market seems to have paid no attention whatever to the momentous decision of the Germans to cease the policy of passive resistance. Many international bankers have expressed the belief that this move, political or strategic as it may be, is the first sign of the approach of international peace. Some of them said yesterday that they are unable to understand why our markets do not pay more attention at the moment to foreign news than they do. The only explanation suggested was the fact that domestic news outweighs foreign news on the stock market.

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The B. & O. Dividend.

Life returned to a dull market within fifteen minutes of closing time yesterday on the news that dividends had been resumed on the Baltimore & Ohio common. Rumors of a dividend had been going the rounds for days. Despite these reports, however, there were enough "doubters" left in the financial district to cause wild excitement on the Stock Exchange when the news became public. More than one-third of the members on the floor crowded around the Baltimore & Ohio post and exchanged approximately 51,000 shares in the brief interval that remained before the closing bell. At the same time the price advanced from 50½ to 54⅞, with the market still in a state of excitement at the close.

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Banks Liquidating Securities.

The statements of condition which are now being issued by the national banks in answer to the latest call of the Controller of the Currency are being scrutinized by Wall Street interests for the purpose of ascertaining whether or not the banks have been liquidating their security holdings during the last few months. In most instances comparison of the statements with those issued at the close of June show that banks have been selling securities, and, based upon the statements already in hand, it was estimated yesterday that the large institutions have liquidated upward of $200,000,000, most of the selling being in Government securities. In connection with this selling, the statements invariably show an increase in cash holdings compared with the previous reports. While much of the selling has been for the account of local banks, a very substantial part of it comes from the West.

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Events Still to Be Discounted.

Conservative brokers yesterday expressed the opinion that there are numerous events which have come to pass or which are still impending that are still to be discounted, from the stock market's point of view. It was pointed out that the market paid virtually no attention to the recognition of Mexico by the United States, which is expected to result in trade expansion between the two countries sooner or later. Little attention has been paid to the abandonment of passive resistance in the Ruhr by Germany. There are also, it was suggested, the increased orders expected from Japan as soon as the necessary financing has been arranged. That these and other factors must in some way be reflected in the stock market in the not distant future was the prediction. Yet in face of these developments brokers are complaining that they are getting very few orders from the public to buy stocks. The remark was also made, however, that brokers ought not to expect much new business of the sort when they advise customers that lower prices are expected up to Dec. 1, when the annual selling to establish losses in connection with tax returns will be out of the way.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE TRANSACTIONS

WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 26, 1923.

Day's Sales.	Tuesday.	Monday.	A Year Ago.	Two Years Ago.	Year to Date.	Same Period. 1922.	1921.	1920.	1919.
621,800	716,100	641,670	1,002,043	426,705	172,184,928	190,185,927	124,624,672	164,221,919½	238,298,413

1923 High.	1923 Low.	Sales.	Stock and Dividend Rate.	First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.	Closing. Bid.	Closing. Ask.
19¼	7	500	Advance Rumely	7	7	7	7	— 2⅛	6¾	7
54¾	31½	100	Advance Rumely pf. (5)	31½	31¾	31½	31¾	— ⅛	31½	32
14⅞	5¾	200	Ajax Rubber	5¾	5¾	5¾	5¾		5¾	6
1⅝	⅝	200	Alaska Juneau	⅝	⅝	⅝	⅝		⅝	¾
80	50¼	3,500	Allied Chem. & Dye (4)	62⅜	64	62¾	63	+ 1	62¾	63
51¼	37⅝	200	Allis-Chalmers Mfg. (4)	48	49⅜	48	49		48	49
97½	80½	100	Allis-Chalmers Mfg. pf. (7)	96	96	96	96		95	96
36⅞	10¾	300	Amer. Agricultural Chem.	12⅝	13¼	12¾	12¾	— ⅛	12¾	13
46⅞	29	100	Amer. Agr. Chemical pf.	43	43	43	43		43	44
47½	25	300	American Beet Sugar	35	35½	35	35½	+ 1½	34½	35½
106	73½	43,400	American Can (5)	90¼	91½	89¾	91	+ 1	91	91¼
115	106	100	American Can pf. (7)	107¼	107½	107¼	107½		106¼	108
189	148¼	200	Amer. Car & Fdy. (12)	153¾	155	153¾	155	+ 1	154	155
25½	20⅜	100	Amer. Chain, Class A (2)	21¾	21¾	21¾	21¾		21¾	21¾
20¾	3¾	3,800	American Cotton Oil	7⅛	7⅝	7	7	— ⅛	7	9
38¾	14	600	American Cotton Oil pf.	22	22	20¾	21	— ⅞	22	23
74	53	2,000	American Druggist Syndicate	5⅝	5⅝	5½	5½		5	6
74¾	29¾	200	Amer. Hide & Leather pf.	38¼	38¼	38¼	38¼		38	41¼
53½	16	1,600	Amer. International	16¼	17	16	16¾		16¾	17
88	16¼	1,100	American Linseed	16⅜	19¼	16⅜	17¼		16⅜	17¼
75¼	64⅜	2,100	Amer. Locomotive (6)	69	69¾	68	68	— ¾	67¾	68
55⅞	40¼	200	American Metal (3)	43¾	45	43¾	45	+ 1	43¾	45
85½	76	400	American Radiator (4)	80¾	81¾	80¾	81¾		81¾	81¾
63	53	300	Amer. Smelt. & Ref. (5)	56⅜	56¾	56⅜	56⅝		56⅜	57¼
102¾	93	100	Am. Smelt & Ref. pf. (7)	96	96	96	96	+ ¼	95½	96½
40⅞	31⅝	100	Amer. Steel Foundries (3)	35¾	35¾	35¾	35¾	— ¼	35	35¾
85	57	600	American Sugar Refining	64	64⅜	63½	63½	— ½	63½	64
36¾	16	200	Amer. Sumatra Tobacco	21¼	21¼	21	21	— ¼	21	22½
125½	119⅛	1,000	Amer. Tel. & Tel. (9)	123¼	123¾	123¼	123⅝	+ ⅛	123⅝	123⅝
105⅞	100¼	100	American Tobacco pf. (6)	101¼	101¼	101¼	101¼		101	102
44¾	27¼	1,200	Am. Water Works & Elec.	38	39¼	38	39¼		38	39½
93	85½	100	Am. W.W. & El. 1st pf. (7)	91½	91½	91½	91½	— ½	90¼	91½
69¼	53	200	A.W.W.& E.partic. pf.(4)	61¼	61¼	61¼	61¼	— ½	61	63
109¾	76¼	1,900	American Woolen (7)	77⅜	78¾	77¼	78¼	+ 1	77¾	78¼
34	5	100	Amer. Writing Paper pf.	8	8	6	6		6	6½
19¼	7	100	American Zinc, L. & S.	7¼	7¼	7¼	7¼	— ⅛	7¼	8
83½	38	2,000	Anaconda Copper (3)	39¼	39¾	39¼	39¾		39¼	39½
18⅝	12	1,800	Arnold, Constable & Co.	16⅜	17	16¼	16¾	— ⅛	16¾	17
105¾	94¼	800	Atchison, T. & S. F. (6)	96¼	96¾	96¼	96¾		96¾	97
90⅝	86⅞	100	A., T. & S. F. pf. (5)	87⅛	87⅛	87⅛	87⅛	— ⅛	87⅛	87⅝
127	109¾	200	Atlantic Coast Line (7)	111	111	111	111		111	112
3½	⅞	200	Atlantic Fruit	1⅛	1⅛	1	1⅛	+ ⅛	1	1⅛
2⅞	1	100	Atlantic Fruit 1st pf.	1¼	1¼	1¼	1¼		1¼	1¾
34	9¼	1,000	Atlantic, Gulf & W. I.	14	14⅜	14	14⅛		14⅛	15
100	98¾	300	Atlantic Refining (4)	102	102	102	102	+ 1	99	103
35½	17	100	Austin Nichols	23½	23½	23½	23½		22½	28
144¼	110¼	25,500	Baldwin Locomotive (7)	114¾	114¾	113¾	114⅜	+ ⅝	114¼	114¾
56⅞	40¼	74,600	Baltimore & Ohio (5)	51	54⅞	50¾	54⅞	+ 4⅜	54¼	54⅝
60⅞	55¾	300	Baltimore & Ohio pf. (4)	57	57	57	57		56¾	57½
54½	51	100	Beech Nut Packing (2.40)	47¾	47¾	47¾	47¾	+ ¼	47	48
70	41⅞	6,900	Bethlehem Steel (5)	47	48¾	47	47¾		47¾	48
69½	58¾	100	Br. Emp. Steel 1st pf.	58¾	58¾	58¾	58¾		58¾	58¾
121¼	104¾	400	Brklyn. Edison Elec. (8)	107½	107½	107	107	— ¼	106¾	107
16¼	¾	100	Brooklyn Rapid Transit							
144¾	105	600	Burns Brothers (10)	106	108	106	108	+ 1	106½	108
43	22	400	Burns Bros., Class B (3)	22¾	23¾	22¾	23¾		23¾	25
11⅜	5⅝	200	Butte Copper & Z. (50c)	5½	5½	5⅝	5⅝		5⅝	5½
37⅞	13¼	700	Butte & Superior	14¼	14⅝	14¼	14⅜	— ⅛	14	14½
87	77	200	California Packing (o)	78	78	78	78	+ 1	77½	78¾
29⅜	17½	2,000	California Petroleum (1⅛)	18¾	19	18¾	18⅞	+ ⅛	18⅝	19
12⅝	4⅜	300	Callahan Zinc Lead	4¾	5	4¾	4¾	— ⅛	4¾	5
66	44	100	Calumet & Arizona	48	48	48	48	— 2½	47	48
160	139⅜	900	Canadian Pacific (10)	141¾	142	141¾	142		142	143
79⅜	40⅜	100	Central Leather Co. pf.	42½	42½	42½	42½		42½	43¾
42¾	36⅝	800	Cerro de Pasco Copper	39¼	39¾	38¾	38¾	— ¾	38¾	39
45	23	100	Certain-Teed Products	32	32	32	32	— 2⅜	28	35
76	46¼	500	Chandler Motor (6)	47	47	47	47		47½	48
76⅜	57	600	Chesapeake & Ohio (4)	61¼	61¾	61¼	61¾	+ ⅛	61	61¾
104½	96	100	Ches. & Ohio pf. (6)	98¾	98¾	98¾	98¾	+ ⅛	98	99
6⅜	4	100	Chicago Great Western	4½	4½	4½	4½		4½	4¾
17	8¼	100	Chicago Great Western pf.	9¾	9¾	9¾	9¾		9½	10¼
26⅜	14¼	600	Chicago, Mil. & St. Paul	16	16	16	16	+ ⅛	16	16¼
45½	24⅛	700	Chicago, Mil. & St. P. pf.	26⅞	28	26⅞	28	+ 1¼	27¾	28
58	61¼	300	Chicago & Northwest. (5)	65¾	65¾	65¾	65¾	+ ¾	65¾	65¾
90⅜	76½	100	Chicago Pneu. Tool (8)	81	81	81	81		81	83
37⅞	20¾	1,400	Chicago, R. I. & Pacific	22	23	21¾	23	+ 1	22⅞	23
95	72	200	Chicago, R.I. & P. pf. (7)	78	78	78	78	— 1	76	79
30⅜	24⅛	200	Chile Copper (2½)	25¼	26⅜	25¼	26⅛	+ ⅛	25¾	26⅛
83⅜	72½	700	Chino Copper	16	16	16	16	— ⅛	16	16¼
35⅜	23	100	Cleve., C., C. & St. L. (4)	90	90	90	90		89	92
37⅞	30¾	900	Coca-Cola (7)	73⅝	74⅜	73¾	74⅛	— ⅜	74	74¼
27⅛	23	400	Colorado Fuel & Iron	28	28¾	28	28¾	+ ⅛	28	28¾
37⅞	30¼	400	Columbia Gas & E. (2.60)	33¼	33¾	32¾	33⅛		32¾	33¾
27⅛	7	2,300	Columbia Graphophone	7	7	7	7		7	7¼
49⅛	42	800	Columbian Carbon (4)	43¼	43¼	42½	42½	— 1	42½	43
69¾	56¾	1,000	Consolidated Gas (5)	60½	61	60¼	61	+ ⅛	61	61¼
14½	6¼	1,200	Consolidated Textile	7¾	7¾	7¾	7¾		7¾	8
55½	42⅞	8,000	Continental Can (4)	51¾	53¼	51¾	53¼	+ 1⅜	53	53¼
67⅛	46	300	Continental Motors	6¾	6¾	6¾	6¾		6¾	7
139¾	114⅜	3,700	Corn Products Ref. (1¾)	124¾	126	124¾	125¾	— ¼	125¼	125¾
62¾	22¾	7,900	Cosden Co.	24¾	25¼	24¾	25	+ ¼	24¾	25
84½	57⅜	9,800	Crucible Steel (4)	58	58¾	57¾	58¾	+ ¼	58¾	58¾
94½	85¾	100	Crucible Steel pf. (7)	87	87	87	87		86¾	88
20	8¼	1,100	Cuba Cane Sugar	12¾	12¾	12¼	12¾	+ ⅛	12¾	13
44½	33¼	2,700	Cuba Cane Sugar pf.	48	49¾	47¾	48½	+ 1	48¼	49
37⅝	23	8,500	Cuban American Sugar(3)	30¾	32¼	30¾	31½	+ 1¼	31½	31⅝
11	3	200	Cuban Dominican Sugar	5¼	5¼	5¼	5¼	— ⅛	5¼	5½
72	20¾	13,000	Davison Chemical	39¾	41¾	39¾	41¾	+ 2½	41¾	41¾
124½	93¾	1,700	Delaware & Hudson (9)	107¾	107¾	105¾	107¼		107	108
106	88¼	400	Dome Mines (4)	89¼	89¾	89¼	89¾		89¼	90
124	108	8,300	Du Pont de Nemours (6)	121	123⅝	121	122¾	+ 1⅜	122¾	124
104¾	85	500	Eastman Kodak (7½)	103¾	104½	103¾	104¼	+ ⅜	104¼	104¾
108	90	100	Eastman Kodak pf. (6)	108½	106½	106½	106½		106	108
56	52	600	Elec. Storage Bat. (4½)	56⅝	56¾	56¼	56¼	— ⅜	56	60
117½	114	100	Endicott-Johnson pf. (7)	114	114	114	114	+ ½	114	115½
38	16	2,400	Erie	17¾	18¼	17¾	18¼	+ ⅜	18	18¼
25¾	15	1,800	Erie 1st pf.	20¾	22¾	20¾	21⅝	+ 1	21⅝	22
17	10¾	500	Erie 2d pf.	16⅝	16⅝	16	16⅛		15½	17
73	45	3,000	Famous Players-L. (8)	71	72	70½	72	+ 1⅛	71⅝	72
8¾	5	100	Federal Mining & Smelt.	7	7	7	7	— ⅛	6¾	7⅛
38¾	40	100	Fed. Min. & Smelt. pf. (7)	39¼	39½	39¼	39¼	+ ¼	38¾	40
70	45	100	Fifth Avenue Bus (6&o).	8	8	8	8		8	10
8¾	3¾	200	Fisk Rubber	3¾	3¾	3¾	3¾		3¾	4
47¾	37¾	300	Fleischmann Co. (12)	42¾	43	42¾	43		42¾	43
78½	64⅞	200	Foundation Co. (6)	67¼	67¾	65¾	65¾	— 1½	64	67½
22	9½	200	Freeport-Texas	11¾	12	11¾	12		12	12¼
55	38	500	General Asphalt	37¾	38	37¾	38		37¾	38
92	72	100	General Baking (4)	80¾	80¾	80¾	80¾		80¾	82
100	82	300	General Cigar (6)	80¾	80¾	80¾	80¾		80¾	82
173	160	100	General Electric (8)	169	169½	169	169¼	+ ¼	169	173
16	11	200	General Elec. special (80c)	11	11	11	11		10¾	11¼
16	11	31,000	General Motors (1.20)	14	14	13¾	14	+ ⅛	13¾	14
89	67	300	General Motors deb. (7)	85½	85¾	85	85		84	87
47	34	300	Gimbel Brothers	46	46¾	46	46¾	+ ¾	46	47
98	86	200	Gimbel Brothers pf. (7)	96¾	96¾	96¼	96¼		96	98
22½	15	200	Goldwyn Pictures	16	16	16	16	— ¼	15	15
28	14¾	2,200	Goodrich (B. F.) Co.	22¼	22¾	21¾	22¼	+ ¼	22¼	22¾
75	49	3,000	Goodrich pf. (7)	75	75	70¼	74¼	+ 3¼	73½	74½
89	49	200	Goodyear Tire & Rub. pf.	38¼	38¼	38¼	38¼		38¼	40

Before Investing

In our opinion, business and financial developments recently have placed certain types of securities in an unusual investment position.

We believe that it will prove interesting before making any new investments to look over our data on this subject.

Ask for letter H.

SUTRO & KIMBLEY
Members New York Stock Exchange
66 Broadway
New York

Bonds Which Justify Public Confidence

Investments surrounded by strong safeguards both as to principal and interest are to be purchased in these days at prices to yield about 5% to 7%. Our

Investors' Service Department

will be pleased to furnish you with complete information regarding a number of such bonds, several of which are listed on the New York Stock Exchange.

Investment List 973 Furnished on Request

Redmond & Co.
33 Pine Street, New York
Philadelphia Pittsburgh
Baltimore Washington
Members New York Stock Exchange

$25,000
New York Central
4s, 1942
86 & Int.
To net about 5.15%

$25,000
Chi. Rock Isl. & Pac.
Gen. 4s, 1988
77½ & Int.
To net about 5.25%

$25,000
Chi. Mil. & St. Paul
Gen. 4½s, 1989
79 & Int.
To net about 5.75%

R. W. PRESSPRICH & CO.
10 Wall St. New York. Phones John 4367, 4368
Municipal and Railroad Bonds

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INCORPORATED
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Provincial and Municipal

SECURITIES

5.40% to 6¼%
Investment Yield

Principal and Interest payable in American Funds

MILLER & CO.
Members New York Stock Exchange
120 BROADWAY NEW YORK
Toronto Montreal
Richmond and Baltimore
PRIVATE WIRE CONNECTIONS TO ALL PRINCIPAL CITIES

BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE

WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 26, 1923.

Day's Sales:	1923.	1922.	1921.	1920.	1919.
United States Government bonds..	$3,113,550	$9,779,300	$11,815,000	$10,302,400	$13,339,500
Other domestic bonds.....	3,690,000	8,510,000	4,259,500	5,879,000	2,276,000
Foreign bonds.....	1,096,500	2,008,500	1,376,500	990,000	262,000
Total all bonds.....	$7,900,050	$20,297,800	$17,449,000	$16,671,400	$15,877,500
Year to date:					
United States Government bonds..	$576,413,880	$1,275,911,927	$1,765,889,350	$2,034,892,550	$1,834,608,500
Other domestic bonds.....	1,122,698,900	1,460,814,100	436,756,989	468,577,000	386,430,489
Foreign bonds.....	343,391,400	466,592,800	225,187,600	219,685,800	208,876,600
Total all bonds.....	$2,042,504,130	$3,203,318,827	$2,427,833,939	$2,722,655,350	$2,429,915,589

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT LOANS.

—Range Since Date of Issue.— High.	Date.	Low.	Date.	—Range, '23.— High.	Low.	Sales.	Issue.	Open.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.	—Closing— Bid.	Asked.	Yield.
103.1	Oct. 19, '22	86.1	June 2, '21	101.30	99.21	146	Liberty 3½s, 1932-47....	99.28	99.23	99.21	99.21	—.4	99.30	99.22	3.52
103.25	Oct. 19, '22	86.4	July 1, '21	101.25	99.24	....	Liberty 3½s, registered.	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
101.25	July 25, '22	83.00	May 19, '20	98.30	97.5	...	Lib. 1st cv. 4s, 1932-47	....	....	....	....	....	98.00	....	4.11
101.10	July 24, '22	82.25	May 19, '20	98.13	97.3	....	Liberty 1st cv. 4s, reg.	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
100.25	July 20, '22	81.12	May 20, '20	98.23	96.12	81½	Liberty 2d, 4s, 1927-42	98.1	98.1	98.1	98.1	....	98.00	98.4	4.15
100.18	July 14, '22	81.18	May 21, '20	98.10	96.18	....	Liberty 2d 4s, registered	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
102.00	July 18, '22	90.80	June 7, '20	100.00	97.5	....	Lib. 1st 2dcv.4½s,1932-47	....	....	....	....	....	97.16	98.4	....
101.25	July 13, '22	84.00	May 21, '20	99.6	96.22	87	Lib. 1st cv. 4½s, 1932-47	98.3	98.5	98.2	98.3	—.1	98.2	98.3	4.38
101.14	July 24, '22	84.00	July 30, '20	98.26	96.20	2	Lib. 1st cv. 4½s, reg..	97.30	97.30	97.30	97.30	....	....	....	....
101.00	July 24, '22	81 12	May 20, '20	99.3	96.24	207½	Lib. 2d cv. 4½s, 1927-42	98.4	98.5	98.3	98.3	—.1	98.3	98.4	4.38
100.25	July 25, '22	83.16	Dec. 23, '20	98.28	98.21	5	Lib. 2d cv. 4½s, reg..	98.2	98.2	98.2	98.2	—.1	....	....	....
101.00	July 20, '22	85.20	Dec. 20, '20	99.6	97.25	2,380⅝	Lib. 3d 4½s, 1928.....	98.21	98.29	98.26	98.30	+.1	98.27	98.28	4.50
100.27	July 25, '22	82.12	May 19, '20	99.1	97.17	....	Lib. 3d 4½s, reg.	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
101.27	July 27, '22	83.00	May 20, '20	99.6	96.27	283⅜	Lib. 4th 4¼s, 1933-38..	98.4	98.6	98.3	98.5	....	98.3	98.5	4.42
101.20	July 26, '22	83.15	May 20, '20	99.00	96.28	2	Lib. 4th 4¼s, reg.	98.2	98.2	98.2	98.2	—.1	....	....	....
100.1	Oct. 10, '22	88.1	Mar. 27, '23	100.1	9.81	18	Treasury 4¼s, 1947-51..	99.21	99.23	99.21	99.21	—.2	99.21	99.23	4.27
100.00	Feb. 14, '23	98.20	Apr. 25, '23	100.00	Treasury 4¼s, reg.										

Beginning March 22, the Stock Exchange officially quotes Liberty bonds in units and fractions, the fractions being 32ds of a unit, and the quotations after the decimal point representing one or more 32ds. In the above table, therefore, the figures of highest and lowest prices during 1923 and since date of issue are reduced to the form now used in the Stock Exchange quotations.
*$100 sales.

FOREIGN BONDS.

Argentine 5s, 1945	1934	Czech Rep 8s, 1951	1..... 91⅝	2..... 95½	Un Mar Wks 6s, 1947, interim rcts	interim ctfs	4s8f.. 87¼	s f 8s, 1946
9..... 81	1..... 81⅛	3..... 94	2..... 91⅝	8s, 1945	14-.. 78	5..... 96⅛	2..... 87¼	4.....102
7s, 1927	City Marats 6s, 1964	Dept of Seine temp 7s, 1942	2..... 91⅞	15.....100	King Belgium 6s, 1925	1..... 95½	18f.. 87⅛	Swiss Confed s f 8s, 1940
20.....101⅜	1..... 81	5..... 87	1..... 91⅛	1..... 99¾	5..... 98½	2....110¼	1.. 87¼	Un Kingdom of Gt Brit & Ire 5½s, 1929
1..... 101¼	2..... 80¾	7..... 87⅛	6s, 1947	5..... 99⅝	7½s, 1941	Kingdm of the Serbs, Croats & Slovens 8s, 1962	Rep of Chile s f 7s, 1942	2..... 94½
1..... 101½	City Rio Jan f s f 8s, 1945	5..... 87⅛	7..... 96⅜	5..... 99¾	5..... 99¾	2..... 94½	3..... 94
Austrian Govt s f 7s, 1943, int rcts	1..... 81½	5..... 87⅛	1..... 96⅝	2..... 99⅞	4.....101	6..... 67¼	1877.. 67¼	2..... 94½
2..... 88½	2..... 81½	1 8..... 87⅛	6s, 1962	1..... 99¾	3.....101⅛	1877.. 67¼	s f 8s, 1926	1877..111⅜
3..... 88¼	s f 8s, 1947	2..... 87⅝	28..... 96¼	1..... 99⅞	3.....101	6..... 67¼	1.....103½	5½s, 1937
2..... 88½	3..... 91	Danish Munic s f 8s A,1946	2..... 96¼	2..... 100⅛	2..... 100⅜	1..... 103	s f 8s, 1941	5.....101½
18..... 88¼	3..... 90⅜	1877.. 96¼	Holland-Am 25-yr s f 6s, 1947, int rcts	3.....101	Kingdom of Sweden 6s, 1939	1877..103⅜	3.....101¼
5..... 88¼	1877.. 90⅛	1.....107⅜	2..... 96⅜	1.....100½	8s, 1945	3.....104	Rep of Cuba s f 5½s, 1953	1.....101⅜
9..... 88¼	City Sao P'lo s f 8s, 1952, int rcts	Dom Rep 5½s, 1942, int ctfs	Framer Ind Dev deb 7½s 1942	83	3.....102¼	1877.. 94½	U S of Brazil 8s, 1941
City Bergen 8s, 1952	1..... 96	3..... 86¼	1..... 89¾	Jap Govt 4s, 1931, ster ln	1.....102¼	interim ctfs	25..... 91	1877.. 94½
3..... 103	City Bologna 6s, 1936	Dom Canada 5s, 1926	French Govt 7½s, 1941	1877.. 78	King Denmark 6s, 1942	1.....102	26..... 90⅞	8..... 95¾
City Bordeaux 6s, 1934	1..... 88¼	2d 10 f..90¼	10..... 78¼	30..... 78	1..... 95¼	11..... 90⅜	12..... 94½
1..... 81	City Tokio 5s, 1952	5½s, 1952	1..... 95¼	4½s, 1925, ster loan	2..... 96¼	7..... 90⅝	1..... 94¾
1.....103⅜	10..... 69¾	8..... 96½	2d Series	10..... 92	8s, 1945	1.....108½	3(e)..104	3..... 94½
City Copen 5½s, 1944	3..... 66¾	5..... 96¾	4..... 91	10..... 92¼	5.....108¾	Kingdom of Netherlands s f 6s, 1972	Cent Rys of Brazil Elec 7s, 1952	3..... 94
2..... 88½	10..... 64¾	3..... 96¾	4..... 91¼	2..... 92½	1..... 97¼	1..... 97½	6..... 78½
1..... 89¾	5..... 63¾	4..... 96½	12..... 91¼	2d Series	Paulista Ry 1st & ref 7s, Ser A, 1942	Rep of Haiti s f 6s, Ser A, 1952	4..... 78¼
City Gr Prag 7½s, 1952	1..... 63¼	5..... 96⅝	3..... 91⅜	4..... 91	1..... 97½	2..... 90⅜	4..... 78¼
5..... 77¼	2..... 63¾	10..... 96⅝	10..... 91¼	12..... 91¼	King Norway s f 8s, 1945, interim ctfs	Rep of Bolivia s f 8s, 1947	2..... 91	1..... 78¼
1..... 77¼	5..... 63¾	2..... 96⅝	2..... 95⅝	3..... 91	2..... 96½	18..... 87½	Rep Panama extnl sec s f 5½s, 1953, trust rcts	3..... 78¼
City Lyons 8s,	1..... 63¼	Dutch E Ind s f 5½s, 1953, trust rcts	2..... 92	Japanese Govt Oriental Dev deb 6s, 1953	1..... 96¼	6..... 87½	1..... 90⅜	U S of Mex 5s, 1945
		3..... 92	2..... 95½	5..... 90¼	Mtg Bond 5s, 1932	1..... 92½	6..... 87½	Rep Uruguay	5..... 63½
			4..... 95¾	Jurgens (Ant)	1..... 92½	Natnl Rys of Mex pr lien 4½s, 1957, July, 1914, coupon on	1..... 91⅝	Pan Am Pet & Trans equip 7s, 1930	5..... 64½	5..... 63½
								2....102⅜	1..... 64½	4s, 1954
								Penn R R gen 4½s, 1965	2..... 64½	1..... 81⅝
								5..... 89¾	13..... 64½	
								6..... 89½	6..... 64½	
								9..... 89¾		
								gen 5s, 1968		
								1..... 90⅝		
								18..... 90¼		
								4..... 90		
								1..... 90¼		
								2..... 90¾		
								6½s, 1936		
								15.....107⅝		
								gold 7s, 1930		
								3..... 109		
								2.....108⅞		
								1..... 100		
								Peo Gas & C of Chicago ref 5s, 1947		
								1..... 89⅞		
								2s8f.. 89¾		
								Pere Mar 1st 5s, 1958		
								2..... 93¾		
								7..... 93¾		
								Phila Co 1st & ref 6s, Ser A, 1944		
								1.....100		
								1.....100¼		
								1..... 99⅝		
								5..... 99¾		
								5½s, 1958		
								1..... 90¼		
								Philippine Ry 4s, 1937		
								4..... 42		
								Pitts C C & St L gen 5s, Ser A, 1970		
								10..... 94¾		
								gtd 4½s, Ser J, 1964		
								2..... 93		
								Portland Ry L & Pwr 1st cv 5s, 1942		
								1..... 82½		
								4..... 83		
								1..... 83¾		
								1..... 82½		
								Portland Ry L & Pwr 7½s, Ser A, 1946		
								1.....105		
								Pressed St Car cv gen 5s, 1933		
								8..... 90		
								Prod & Ref s f 3s, 1931		
								1.....101¾		
								Pub Ser Corp s f 5s, 1959		
								4..... 80		
								Punta Alegre Sug s f 7s, 1937		
								4..... 100		
								2.....100¾		
								5.....100½		
								1.....100¾		
								Rap Tran Sec s f 6s, Ser A, 1968, w i		
								30..... 68¾		
								8..... 68¾		
								22..... 68¾		
								65..... 68¾		
								30..... 68¾		
								6..... 68¾		
								60..... 68¾		
								Reading gen 4s, 1997		
								3..... 86¾		
								2..... 86⅞		
								Rep Iron & Sti ref & gen 5½s, 1953		
								3..... 87½		
								Robbins & My s f 7s, 1942		
								1..... 96½		
								Rogers-Br Iron & ref 7s, 1942, ctfs		
								2..... 81		
								1..... 80		
								St Law & Adr 2d 6s, 1996		
								1..... 97½		
								St L & San F pr lien 4s, Ser A, 1950		
								7..... 66¾		
								2..... 66¾		
								1..... 66½		
								pr lien 6s, Ser C, 1928		
								1..... 99¾		
								3..... 99¾		
								1st mtg 5½s, Ser D, 1942		
								1..... 99¾		
								adj 6s, 1955		
								6..... 78¾		
								inc 6s, 1960		
								10..... 64¼		
								1s8f.. 64		
								10..... 64¼		
								2..... 64¼		
								Sinc Crude Oil pur 5½s, Ser A, 1925		
								10..... 93		
								20..... 93½		
								pur g 6s, Scr B, 1926		
								1..... 94½		
								1..... 94¾		
								1..... 94½		
								4..... 94¾		
								1s8f.. 94		
								Sinc Pipe L s f 5s, 1942, int ctfs		
								1..... 81		
								5..... 80½		
								So Bell T & T 1st 5s, 1941		
								1..... 93¾		
								So Colo Pwr 1st 6s, Ser A 1947		
								1..... 90		
								1 C..102¾		
								So Ponto Rico Sugar col s f 7s, 1941		
								1.....100		
								1.....100¼		
								col 4s, 1949		
								21..... 81⅜		
								2..... 81½		
								7..... 81¼		
								cv 4s, 1929		
								9..... 91⅜		
								9..... 92		
								1st ref 4s, 1955		
								1..... 85⅝		
								15..... 85½		
								4..... 85¼		
								22..... 85½		
								6..... 85		
								So P Cal con 5s, 1937		
								2..... 103⅜		
								Southern Ry 1st 5s, 1994		
								4..... 94		
								gen 4s, 1956		
								6..... 67⅝		
								3..... 67⅞		
								2..... 67¾		
								2..... 67¾		
								1..... 67¾		
								1s8f.. 67⅞		
								devel 6½s, 1956		
								2..... 100⅞		
								1.....100⅝		
								1..... 101		
								1.....100⅜		
								3.....100⅜		
								1.....100¾		
								2.....100⅝		
								Steel & Tube gen s f 7s, 1951		
								4.....105¾		
								2.....103¾		
								2.....103⅝		
								4.....105		
								Sugar Estates of Oriente 7s, 1942		
								1..... 93⅝		
								8..... 93¾		
								2..... 93⅝		
								1..... 96		
								Tenn Elec 1st & ref 6s, Ser A, 1947		
								1..... 93		
								2..... 93¼		
								Third Av adj 5s, 1960		
								2f..... 50¼		
								17..... 50		
								Tobacco Prod s f 7s, 1931		
								1..... 104⅜		
								Tol & Ohio C 1st 5s, 1935		
								3..... 97		
								gen 5s, 1935		
								4..... 90¼		
								Union Pacific 1st 4s, 1947		

DOMESTIC BONDS.

Ajax Rubber s f 8s, 1938	P, LE & WV 4s, 1941	5..... 57	Emp Gas & F 7½s, A, 1937	1..... 38¼	5..... 89⅝	1941	5..... 64½	4..... 97¼
1..... 92	1..... 75¼	1 conv 5s Ser B, 2014	72	10..... 38¾	7..... 89¾	%101....8	1..... 64¼	12..... 91¼
7s, 1927	2..... 76¼	1..... 58⅝	1..... 92¾	5..... 38¾	gen. 4s, 1975	5..... 64¼	18..... 91
Am Agr Chem conv 5s, 1928	8..... 75⅞	ref 4½s, 1951	3..... 92¼	10..... 38¼	1..... 51	6..... 64¼	1..... 90¾
1..... 98	2..... 76½	2..... 52½	2..... 92⅜	10..... 38	5..... 50⅞	13..... 64¼	cv 4s, 1927
1..... 98¼	10..... 76¼	1..... 52¼	1..... 92⅛	1st 6s, Ser A, 1952	3..... 50¾	6..... 64¼	1..... 95⅞
1..... 98	3..... 76⅜	3..... 52	16..... 92	87½	12..... 50¾	St L So Wn 1st con 4s, 1932	5..... 95⅝
7½s, 1941	S W div 3½s, 1925	2..... 52¼	2..... 92⅝	Int Paper 1st & ref 5s, 1947	2..... 50¾	1..... 75¼	6s
1..... 98⅞	9..... 85¾	4..... 52¾	1..... 92½	3s7f.. 83½	Montana Pwr 5s, A, 1943	1st 4s, 1989	1.....103½
7..... 99	Tol-Cin div 4s, 1959	10..... 52¾	3s7f.. 84	3..... 95¾	2..... 74	8.....103¼
1..... 98¾	1..... 64½	Chic & N'west gen 3½s, 1987	Erie 1st con 4s, 1996	3s7f.. 84	3..... 95	San An Pub S 1st & ref 6s, 1952	1.....103
1..... 99	12..... 65	1..... 70¾	1..... 57¾	1..... 84	Mobile & Ohio new 6s, 1927	4..... 91½	1st & ref 4s, 2003
Am Chain s f 6s, 1933	3..... 65¾	6½s, 1936	2..... 57½	Iowa Cent ref 4s, 1951	2.....103	5..... 91¾	1..... 81¾
2..... 92	1..... 65½	1.....107¾	1st gen 4s, 1996	1..... 16	Morris & Co s f 4½s, 1939	Seaboard A L gold 4s, stamped	Un Tank Car equip 7s, 1930
Am Republics deb 6s, 1937	7s, 1930	9.....107¾	18..... 49	Kan City Pwr & Lt 1st 5s Ser A, 1952	1.....103¾	1..... 55¾	7..... 103¾
7..... 86	1.....105¾	Chic Rys 5s 1927	2..... 48¾	5..... 89¾	Mtg Bond 5s, 1932	2..... 54¾	United Drug ov 8s, 1941
Am Sm & Ref 1st 5s, 1947	Bell Tel of Pa 1st & ref 5s, 1948	7..... 75	conv 4s, A, 1953	1..... 97½	Natnl Rys of Mex pr lien 4½s, 1957, July, 1914, coupon on	ref 4s, 1950	2.....111¼
1..... 90¾	1..... 97½	C R I & P gen 4s, 1988	1..... 38¼	Kan City So 5s, 1950	2..... 26¼	1..... 44¼	United Rys of St L 4s, 1934
1..... 90¼	2..... 97¾	1..... 76½	10..... 38¾	2 (3)..69¼	Natl Tube 5s, 1952	19..... 44¼	12..... 60½
2..... 90¾	4..... 97¾	2 sid.. 76⅝	10..... 38¼	5s, 1950	1(c)..108¼	con 6s, 1945	U S Rubber 1st & ref 5s, 1947
1..... 90¼	2..... 97¾	Chic R I & P Ry ref 4s 1934	10..... 38	5..... 83¾	New England Tel & Tel 1st 5s, 1952	2..... 65	37..... 86⅝
temp 6s, 1947	Beth Steel s f 8s, 1948	8..... 73½	1st 6s, Ser A, 1952	Kan Gas & El 1st s f 6s, Ser A, 1952	5..... 97¼	4..... 64¾	2..... 86¼
2.....100⅝	2..... 97¾	1..... 73⅝	87½	3..... 93½	12..... 97¼	adj 5s, 1949	2s10f. 80¼
5.....100¼	Brier Hill 1st 5½s, 1942	Chi Union Sta 4½s Ser A, 1963	Int Paper 1st & ref 5s, 1947	1 C..... 93½	1(c)..108¼	2..... 29¾	1..... 86⅝
10.....100¼	5..... 98¼	2..... 89	3s7f.. 83½	Julius Kayser s f 7s, 1942	New England Tel & Tel 1st 5s, 1952	2..... 29¾	7½s, 1930
Am Sug Ref temp 6s, 1931	Bklyn Edis Co gen 5s, Ser A, 1949	Chi & W Ind con 4s, 1952	3s7f.. 84	3..... 104¼	5..... 97¼	10..... 30	6..... 106⅝
1.....101¾	2..... 96¼	2..... 69	84	Keo & Des M 1st 5s, 1923	12..... 97¼	Sinc1 Con Oil col 7s, 1937	8.....106¼
1.....101¾	gen 6s, 1930	Chile Copper col tr 6s, 1932	Iowa Cent ref 4s, 1951	5..... 67	N O Tex & M 6s, Series A, 1925	8..... 92½	U S Steel Cor s f 5s, 1963
1.....101¾	1.....103	2..... 98¾	1..... 16	Lack Steel 5s, 1950	4.....100¾	1..... 98	2.....101¾
Am Tel & Tel col 4s, 1929	con 7s, Ser D, 1940	1.....103¾	Kan City Pwr & Lt 1st 5s Ser A, 1952	1..... 88	3.....101	2..... 92¾	4.....101¾
2..... 82¼	2.....108¼	2.....103¾	1..... 52¼	L S & Mich s 4s, 1931	Norfolk Sothn 1st ref 5s, Ser A, 1961	3..... 93	5.....101¼
4..... 82	Bklyn Rap Tr 7s, 1931	12.....103¾	5..... 89¾	1..... 91¾	1(3)..63¼	5..... 93	4.....101¾
13..... 82½	20..... 88	Chile Copper col tr 6s, 1932	Kan Gas & El 1st s f 6s, Ser A, 1952	1..... 91¾	Nor & Westn con 5s, 1996	5..... 87	3.....101¼
col tr 5s, 1946	ctfs of dep	2..... 98¾	3..... 93½	4..... 91½	4..... 90¼	Pocah C & C 4s, 1941	13.....101¾
3..... 97¾	4..... 88¼	1..... 98¾	1 C..... 93½	div 4s, 1944	2s..... 90¼	5..... 85¾	Utah Lgt & T 1st & ref 5s, Ser A, 1944
2..... 97¾	Bur, C R & N col tr 5s, 1934	1..... 98¾	Julius Kayser s f 7s, 1942	5..... 87	1..... 90¼	45..... 85¼	1..... 82
16..... 97¼	96	9..... 98¼	3..... 104¼	Leh Val of Pa con 4s, 2003	div 4s, 1944	Sinc Crude Oil pur 5½s, Ser A, 1925	1..... 81¾
4..... 97¼	Bush Ter Bldg 5s, 1960	2..... 98¼	Keo & Des M 1st 5s, 1923	1..... 77¼	5..... 87	10..... 93	Utah Power & Lgt 5, 1944
cv 4½s, 1933	1..... 91½	C, C, C & St L gen 4s, 1993	5..... 67	con 4½s, 2003	Pocah C & C 4s, 1941	20..... 93½	1..... 88¾
2.....103	2..... 91¾	2..... 78¼	Lack Steel 5s, 1950	1..... 77¼	5..... 85¾	pur g 6s, Scr B, 1926	5..... 88¾
2.....102¼	Cal G & Elec 5s, 1937	ref & imp 6s Ser A, 1929	1..... 88	1..... 88¾	Nor Ohio Trac & Lgt ref 6s, Ser A, 1947	45..... 85¼	Utica Gas & E ref & ext 5s, 1957
gold 4s, 1936	1.....101¾	1.....101¼	L S & Mich s 4s, 1931	2..... 88¾	2..... 92¼	Sinc Pipe L s f 5s, 1942, int ctfs	1..... 90
1..... 80	Camaguey Sug 1st s f 7s, 1942	3.....101¼	5..... 93	Lex & East'n 1st gtd 5s, 1965	Nor American Edison Co s f 5s, Ser A, 1932	1..... 81	Vertientes Sug s f 7s, 1942
Anaconda Mg 1st s f 6s, Ser A, 1953	2..... 95½	C L & W 1st 5s, 1933	4s, 1931	2..... 93	1..... 92	5..... 80½	2..... 96¾
6..... 96¾	Canada S S Lines 1st s f 7s, 1942	Col F & I gen 5s, 1943	1..... 91¼	1..... 83	Nor Pacific 3s, 2047	Sou Bell T & T 1st 5s, 1941	Va-Car Chem s f 7s, Ser A 1947
1..... 96¾	1..... 92½	Col Gas & El 1st 5s, 1927, stamped	1..... 91¼	4..... 84¾	1..... 59½	1..... 93¾	5..... 80
1..... 96¾	1..... 93	1..... 90½	4s, 1931, ster ln	1877.. 78	4s, 1997	So Colo Pwr 1st 6s, Ser A 1947	5..... 80½
1..... 96¾	Canadian Gen Elec deb 6s Ser A, 1942	C'wealth Pwr s f 6s, 1947	1..... 91¼	1..... 78½	2..... 59¼	1..... 90	1..... 80¾
4..... 96¾	2.....101¾	1..... 86	2..... 91¼	30..... 78	2..... 95¼	1 C..102¾	s f cv 7½s, Ser A, 1937, with warnts
1s8f.. 96¼	Canadian Nor 6½s, 1946	Compana Azucarera Barqua s f 7½s, 1937	3..... 91¼	4½s, 1925, ster loan	8s, 1945	So Ponto Rico Sugar col s f 7s, 1941	2..... 70¾
22..... 96¾	1.....112¼	5.....100¾	10..... 92	10..... 92	1.....108½	1.....100	1..... 70½
5..... 96¾	16.....112¾	2.....100¾	1877.. 95¼	2..... 92½	1.....108¾	1.....100¼	Virginian Ry 1st 5s, 1962
conv deb 7s, 1938	7s, 1940	Consoln Coal Md 1st ref 5s, 1950	6s, 1921	2d Series	Kingdom of Netherlands s f 6s, 1972	col 4s, 1949	3..... 93¾
28..... 96¾	1.....112¼	4..... 86½	temp 5s, 1962	4..... 91	1..... 97¼	21..... 81⅜	Warner Sugar 1st s f 7s, 1941
2..... 96¾	5.....112¾	2..... 86¼	15..... 96¼	1..... 95¼	Paulista Ry 1st & ref 7s, Ser A, 1942	2..... 81½	2.....103
1..... 96¾	3.....112¾	2..... 86¼	20..... 96¼	12..... 95¼	1..... 97½	7..... 81¼	2.....102½
1..... 96¾	Canadian Pac deb 4s	Consumers Pwr un 5s Ser C, 1952	5..... 96¼	3..... 95¼	Rep of Haiti s f 6s, Ser A, 1952	cv 4s, 1929	10.

The A B C

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COTTON PRICES RISE ON SHORT COVERING

Market Turns Upward Following Two Days of Decline—Weather Reports a Factor.

Following two days' loss in prices, cotton turned sharply and recovered nearly three-quarters of a cent yesterday. Fears of a storm in the cotton belt, with uncertainty over the regular monthly report next week, brought active covering the moment resistance appeared. But aside from news features, larger trade purchases as distant months worked off to a basis of 27½ cents furnished an increased buying power. An aggressive buying movement ran December above 28½ cents at one time, but reports of free selling of actual cotton in the Southwest had an unsettling effect near the close. Final prices showed a gain of 17 to 36 points. For the first time in the history of the Exchange the certificated stock fell below 1,000 bales.

Yesterday's quotations follow:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Day
Oct.	28.50	28.90	28.27	28.50@28.55	28.33
Dec.	28.06	28.58	27.85	28.25@28.27	27.90
Jan.	27.58	28.12	27.38	27.80@27.82	27.45
Mch	27.52	28.07	27.35	27.70@27.72	27.40
May	27.48	27.98	27.30	27.71	27.35
July	26.87	27.44	26.65	27.05	26.75

The local market for spot cotton was quiet, up 15 points for middling upland.

Southern spot markets were: Galveston 28.45c, 35 points advance; New Orleans 28.25c, 25 points decline; Norfolk 28c, 37 points advance; Augusta 28c, 25 points advance; Memphis 28.75c, unchanged; Houston 28.30c, 30 points advance; Little Rock 28.38c, 38 points advance.

Yesterday's cotton statistics were:

	Yesterday.	Last Week.	Last Year.
Port receipts	51,983	32,731	42,429
Exports	27,647	21,306	34,288
Exports, season	675,213	589,031	531,817
New York stocks	9,941	16,649	67,358
Ports stocks	476,031	327,475	658,712
New York arrivals	200	5,739	2,011

Liverpool cables: Spot cotton, good inquiry, 43 points decline, 16.58d for middling. Sales, 6,000; American, 2,000. Futures opened barely steady, 18 to 24 points decline. Closed steady, 7 to 9 points decline. Prices: October, 15.87; December, 15.53; January, 15.36; March, 15.15; May, 14.95. Manchester: Yarns quiet, cloths easier.

Ready to Float Japanese Loan.

C. E. Mitchell, President of the National City Company, stated yesterday that his company had placed itself at the service of the Japanese Government in case it desired to float a loan in this country. He said that while preliminary conversations had been held concerning such a loan, no action had been taken regarding an amount, a rate of interest or a term of years. The statements were made in answer to inquiries concerning a cable from Japan to the effect that the National City Company had closed negotiations with the Japanese Government for a $100,000,000 loan at 5½ per cent.

Car Loadings Near Record.

Car loadings in the week of Sept. 15 aggregated 1,060,580, according to a statement issued yesterday by the Car Service Division of the American Railway Association. Although anthracite mining was suspended, this was only 31,987 cars under the record established in the closing week of August. Compared with the same week last year there was an increase of 123,359 cars and compared with 1921, the gain amounted to 208,028 cars.

PRODUCE MARKETS.

BUTTER—Receipts, creamery, higher than extras, lb., 46@46½c; extras, 92 score, 45½c; firsts, 42½@45c; seconds, 40½@42c; lower grades, 39@40c; centralized cars, 90 score, 44@44½c; 89 score, 43½c; 88 score, 42½@43c; 85 to 87 score, 41@42c; unsalted, higher than extras, 47½@48c; extras, 92 score, 46½@47c; firsts, 42½@45½c; seconds, 41@42c; Danish casks, duty paid, 44@45½c; State dairy tubs, finest, 44½@45c; good to prime, 42½@44c; common to fair, 38@42c; ladles, current make, extras, 36@37c; firsts, 34@35c; seconds, 32½@33c; packing stock, current make, No. 1, 32@32½c; No. 2, 31c; lower grades, 28@30c.

EGGS—Fresh gathered extra fancy, dozen, 43@46c; extra firsts, 39@42c; firsts, 34@38c; seconds and poorer, 27@33c; trade eggs, 26½@29c; dirties, No. 1, regular packed, 26½@28c; No. 2, 24@26c; checks, fair to choice, dry, 22@25c; refrigerator extra firsts, storage paid to expiring dates, 34@35c; firsts, 30½@33c; seconds, 27@30c; New Jersey, hennery whites, closely selected, extras, 64@66c; other nearby hennery whites, closely selected extras, 62@64c; nearby and nearby Western hennery whites, average extras, 55@60c; extra firsts, 50@54c; firsts, 46@49c; nearby gathered whites, firsts to extra firsts, 46@53c; nearby hennery whites, under grades, 40@45c; mediums, 48@54c; Jersey, 47@49c; other nearby whites, pullets, No. 1, 40@44c; Pacific Coast, whites, extras, 53@56c; extra firsts, 49@52c; firsts, 43@48c; under grades, 39@42c; mediums, 37@45c; other Western and Southern, gathered whites, 38@50c; New Jersey, hennery browns, extra fancy, light yolks, 53@62c; other nearby and nearby Western hennery browns, extras, 47@56c.

SECURITIES AT AUCTION.

Following securities were sold at auction at the salesroom, 14-16 Vesey Street, A. H. Muller & Sons, auctioneers, yesterday:

(For account of whom it may concern).

1,264 shs. the Terry Corporation common, 1c. per sh.

$59,255 West Virginia Metal Products Corp. temporary first mortgage bonds, dated Aug. 1, 1921, due Aug. 1, 1931, with interest from Aug. 1, 1921, $1,100 lot.

100 shs. the Deep Blue Ridge Oil Co. preferred, $100 each; 100 shs. the Deep Blue Ridge Oil Co. common, $20 lot.

65 shs. Sasso Restaurant Co., Inc., $1,000 lot.

$2,000 Clarke Brothers, Ltd., 7 per cent. gold bonds, due 1936; March, 1923, coupons on, $150 lot.

50 shs. the Pacific Coast Co. first preferred, $25 per sh.

$1,300 Valley Traction Co. first mortgage 5 per cent. gold bonds, due 1933; interest, April and October, 85¼%.

$500 Bennington Electric Co. ref. and impt. 4½ per cent. bond, due 1935; interest, March and September, 74¼%.

FOREIGN EXCHANGE

Rates Continue Lower—French Francs in Brisk Rally at Close.

In the subjoined table the quotation on sterling represents dollars and decimals of a dollar; all others represent cents and decimals of a cent. Quotations preceded by the decimal mark indicate a price measured in fractions of a cent:

WEDNESDAY, SEPT. 26, 1923.

RANGE OF RATES, SIGHT EXCHANGE

	High.	Low.	Final.	Tuesday's Final.
LONDON	$4.56	$4.55⅝	$4.55⅝	$4.56⅛
PARIS	6.23	6.14⅜	6.22½	6.25⅛
ROME	4.60¼	4.56¼	4.59	4.59
AMSTERDAM	39.32	39.27	39.39	39.29
BERLIN—	.00000068	.00000060	.00000068	.00000065
MADRID	14.06	13.96	13.98	14.15
STOCKHOLM	26.53	26.52	26.52	26.53

CLOSING RATES.

Europe.

	Wednesday.	Tuesday.	Week Ago.	Year Ago.
STERLING—Par $4.86⅔ per sovereign.				
Demand	4.55⅝	4.56¼	4.54	4.39½
Cables	4.55⅝	4.56⅛	4.54½	4.40
Com., 60 days	4.52½	4.53¼	4.51	4.37½
Com., 90 days	4.51¾	4.52	4.49¾	4.36⅜
FRANCE—Par 19.3 cents per franc.				
Demand	6.22½	6.25¾	5.91	7.58¼
Cables	6.23	6.26¼	5.91½	7.59⅜
ITALY—Par 19.3 cents per lira.				
Demand	4.59	4.59	4.46	4.25
Cables	4.59½	4.59½	4.46½	4.25¼
BELGIUM—Par 19.3 cents per franc.				
Demand	5.86½	5.88	4.92	7.15½
Cables	5.87	5.88½	4.92½	7.16
GERMANY—Par 23.8 cents per mark.				
Demand	.00000068	.00000085	.00000062	.05⅞
Cables	.00000068	.00000085	.00000062	.06⅛
AUSTRIA—Par 20.3 cents per crown.				
Demand	.0014¼	.0014½	.0014⅛	.0014
Cables	.0014¼	.0014½	.0014⅛	.0014
CZECHOSLOVAKIA—Par 20.3 cents per crown.				
Demand	3.01¼	3.01½	3.00⅛	3.07⅛
Cables	3.01¾	3.01½	3.00½	3.07½
DENMARK—Par 26.8 cents per krone.				
Demand	17.79	18.03	18.06	20.73
Cables	17.82	18.06	18.09	20.75
FINLAND—Par 19.3 cents per finmark.				
Demand	2.67½	2.68	2.68	2.21
Cables	2.67½	2.68	2.68	2.22
GREECE—Par 19.3 cents per drachma.				
Demand	1.82	1.88	1.98	2.45
Cables	1.85	1.91	2.01	2.48
HOLLAND—Par 40.2 cents per florin.				
Demand	39.29	39.29	39.29	38.70
Cables	39.33	39.32	39.33	38.75
HUNGARY—Par 20.3 cents per crown.				
Demand	.0055	.0037	.0056	.03⅝
Cables	.0055	.0057	.0056	.03⅝
YUGOSLAVIA—Par 19.3 cents per dinar.				
Demand	1.19	1.14	1.08¼	1.36
Cables	1.19	1.14	1.08½	1.36
NORWAY—Par 26.8 cents per krone.				
Demand	15.87	16.09	16.06	16.95
Cables	15.90	16.03	16.12	16.97
POLAND—Par 23.8 cents per mark.				
Demand	.0003¾	.0003¾	.0003¾	.0113
Cables	.0003¾	.0003¾	.0003¾	.0113
RUMANIA—Par 19.3 cents per leu.				
Demand	.47¾	.48¼	.46½	.62¼
Cables	.47¾	.48¼	.46½	.62¼
SPAIN—Par 19.3 cents per peseta.				
Demand	13.98	14.15	13.47	15.19
Cables	14.00	14.18	13.49	15.20
SWEDEN—Par 26.8 cents per krona.				
Demand	26.52	26.53	26.57	26.40
Cables	26.55	26.56	26.60	26.42
SWITZERLAND—Par 19.3 cents per franc.				
Demand	17.82	17.85	17.67	18.65
Cables	17.84	17.88	17.70	18.66

Far East.

CHINA—Cents per silver dollar for Hongkong; per tael for Shanghai and Peking.				
Hongkong—				
Demand	52.38	52.63	52.63	57.13
Cables	52.50	52.75	52.75	57.25
Peking—				
Demand	74.62	74.875	74.37	80.875
Shanghai—				
Demand	71.13	71.38	71.00	76.63
Cables	71.25	71.50	71.125	76.75
INDIA—Calcutta: Cents per rupee, nominally stabilized at one-tenth of a pound sterling.				
Demand	30.81	30.78	30.63	28.50
Cables	30.93	30.90	30.75	28.625
PHILIPPINE ISLANDS—Manila: Par 50 cents per silver peso.				
Demand	49.25	49.25	49.25	50.00
Cables	49.50	49.50	49.50	50.25
JAVA—Par 40.2 cents per florin.				
Demand	38.875	38.875	38.75	38.625
JAPAN—Par 49.8 cents per yen.				
Demand	48.63	48.58	48.50	48.00
Cables	48.75	48.70	48.625	48.125

South America.

ARGENTINA—Par 42.44 cents per Argentine paper dollar.				
Demand	33.50	33.50	33.55	35.40
Cables	33.60	33.60	33.65	35.45
BRAZIL—Par 32.45 cents per paper milreis.				
Demand	9.75	9.80	9.80	11.90
Cables	9.80	9.85	9.85	11.95
CHILE—Par 36.5 cents per paper peso.				
Demand	12.35	12.35	12.50	13.80
Cables	12.40	12.40	12.55	13.83
PERU—Par $4.8665 per pound.				
Checks	4.20	4.18	4.20	4.09
Cables	4.21	4.19	4.21	4.10
URUGUAY—Par $1.0342 per gold peso.				
Demand	76.33	75.75	75.04	78.05
Cables	76.68	76.10	75.39	79.26

Canada.

MONTREAL—Par 100 cents per Canadian dollar.				
Demand	97.88	97.85	97.62	100.00

Russian Currency.

Prices for pre-revolution Russian ruble notes were as follows:

	Bid.	Ask.
Par, 51.40 cents per ruble.		
100 ruble notes, per ruble	.05	.07¼
500 ruble notes, per ruble	.02	.02¾

CORN HELPS WHEAT TO A NEW ADVANCE

Heavy Sales by Russia Thought to Foreshadow Rivalry With Markets Here.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Sept. 26.—Corn became the market leader today, all deliveries except December selling at new high figures for the season, and September getting up to 90¼ cents and closing there.

Wheat derived the greater part of its strength from corn. The close was at the top, with net gains of 1@1¾ cents.

Export demand was slow throughout the day, with sales estimated at 300,000 bushels at the seaboard.

Russia was said to have sold six cargoes to Continental countries yesterday, and private cables claimed the Russian export department had chartered thirty-five steamers to load Black Sea grain between now and the middle of November and continues to charter freely.

Today's Chicago prices for the principal commodities were as follows:

WHEAT.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
July	$1.06¾	$1.06¼	$1.06¾	$1.04¾	$1.02¼
Sept.	1.06⅝	1.02¾	1.04¼	1.02¼	1.07¼
Dec.	1.06¾	1.04	1.06¾	1.04¼	1.06¾
May	1.10½	1.06¾	1.10¾	1.09¾	1.02¾

CORN.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
July	.71½	.71	...	...	...
Sept.	.90½	.89¼	.90	.89⅜	.69¼
Dec.	.72	.69¼	.71⅜	.70⅛	.72⅝
May	.71⅞	.70¼	.71⅜	.70⅝	.64⅞

OATS.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
Sept.	.41¾	.40¼	.41¾	.40	.33¼
Dec.	.42⅜	.40⅝	.42⅛	.41	.40⅛
May	.44	.43¼	.44	.43¼	.40⅜

RYE.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
Sept.	.68¾	.68	.68¾	.67⅞	.73¼
Dec.	.70¾	.69¾	.70⅝	.69⅝	.74
May	.74⅞	.73¾	.74⅝	.73⅞	.81⅞

PROVISIONS.

Lard—	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
Oct.	11.70	11.62	11.70	11.72	11.21
Jan.	10.85	10.80	10.85	10.85	11.16
Ribs—					
Oct.	9.00	8.95	9.00	9.02	11.12
Jan.	9.47	9.40	9.47	...	...

Halls Outlook for Railroads.

Julius Kruttschnitt, Chairman of the board of the Southern Pacific system, who has returned from a trip of inspection through the West, said yesterday that railroad traffic this year had far exceeded his expectations and that business would undoubtedly continue good for the remainder of the year and perhaps during 1924. The Southern Pacific contemplates extensive improvements for 1924, he said, including extra locomotives and equipment to handle increased traffic.

Price of Refined Sugar Goes Up.

Refined sugar sold from 8.90 to 9.15 cents a pound yesterday, the latter price being a new high for the present movement, and almost within a cent of the year's peak price last Spring. Rumors of a sale of raw sugar at 6 cents could not be confirmed, but this was the quotation for October raws.

Uruguay May Float Loan Here.

MONTEVIDEO, Sept. 26.—It is learned that the American bankers who recently negotiated a loan to Argentina have offered the Uruguayan Government a one-year loan of not more than 30,000,000 gold pesos. The conditions have not been disclosed.

MISCELLANEOUS MARKETS.

COTTONSEED OIL.

	Sales.	High.	Low.	*Close.	*Prev. Close.
Spot	...	...	...	13.00	12.75
Sept.	500	13.40	13.33	13.50	12.85
Oct.	1,700	11.82	11.80	11.81	11.64
Nov.	3,000	10.95	10.89	10.90	10.90
Dec.	2,000	10.50	10.39	10.45	10.43
Jan.	5,800	10.43	10.27	10.31	10.40
Feb.	...	...	...	10.32	10.45
March	3,100	10.56	10.46	10.45	10.52
April	...	...	...	10.45	10.53
Total, 16,400.					

COFFEE.

	High.	Low.	*Close.	*Prev. Close.	Last Year.
July	7.50	7.50	7.48	7.40	...
Sept.	7.80	7.80	7.48	...	9.21
Oct.	8.54	8.50	8.57	7.75	9.34
Dec.	8.47	8.35	8.37	8.29	7.18
March	8.00	7.90	7.99	7.84	9.24
May	7.75	7.70	7.70	7.42	8.29

SUGAR.

	High.	Low.	*Close.	*Prev. Close.	Last Year.
Jan.	4.60	4.45	4.60	4.37	3.41
Dec.	5.15	5.05	5.15	4.99	3.52
March	4.16	4.08	4.16	4.05	3.51
May	4.25	4.16	4.24	4.13	...

*Closing bid.

THE TREASURY STATEMENT.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 26.—Revenue receipts and expenditures as at close of business Sept. 24:

Receipts.	This Month.	Corresp. Period Last Year.	Fisc. Yr. 1923.	Corresp. Period Fisc. Yr. 1922.
Customs	$35,581,753.22	$45,643,645.70	$121,306,880.11	$122,147,385.43
Internal rev.—income and profits tax	325,096,579.72	269,033,953.40	398,646,378.75	324,950,892.01
Misc. internal revenue	63,386,075.62	67,129,275.55	239,079,479.65	264,591,379.90
Misc. receipts, proceeds Govt.-owned securities, foreign obligations:				
Principal	30,500,000.00	.....	37,373,582.75	406,500.00
Interest	586,385.87	.....	11,052,620.92	12,396,020.43
Railroad securities	4,129,079.25	13,246,375.83	8,079,078.01	21,245,397.78
All others	376,557.36	92,373.54	1,603,857.98	3,804,028.06
Trust fund rcts. (reappropriated for investment)	2,584,182.05	1,541,979.65	6,268,236.00	5,450,477.05
Proceeds sale of surplus property	327,987.23	2,990,825.07	11,807,518.71	15,459,085.08
Panama Canal tolls, &c.	1,745,883.73	1,073,178.32	5,523,777.81	2,895,976.58
Rcts. from misc. sources credited direct to appropriations	4,240,624.40	2,982,840.73	14,280,279.13	19,418,895.52
Other miscellaneous	15,186,218.79	8,807,348.89	49,476,473.98	38,126,106.88
Total ordinary	$483,751,327.24	$412,541,796.68	$924,998,174.70	$834,295,894.72
Excess of ord. rcts. over total exprs. against ordinary receipts	227,765,484.53	147,117,429.84	192,292,999.07	121,818,294.66
Total ordinary exprs.	$239,850,792.71	$244,728,966.84	$649,901,775.63	$678,451,600.06

NEW YORK CURB EXCHANGE

WEDNESDAY, SEPT. 26, 1923.

INDUSTRIALS.

Sales.	High.	Low.	Last.
200 Am G&E, n.	37	36¾	37
100 Do pf	41½	41½	41½
100 Archer Dan Midland Co	26¼	26¼	26¼
500 All Pk'r	1	1⅛	1⅛
700 Bdgpt Mach	10¼	10¼	10¾
600 Bklyn C R R	10¾	10¾	10¾
100 B-AmTob,cp	24¾	24¾	24¾
200 Cent Ty Sug	1¼	1¼	1¼
700 Do pf	3¼	3¼	3¼
200 Cleve Motor	26	26	26
1,300 DubilierCond Radio	10¼	9¾	10
600 Durant Mtr	30	28	30
25 Elec Bond & Share pf	96¼	96¼	96¼
100 Federal Tel	7¼	7¼	7¼
170 Gillette S	255	250	255
700 Glen A Coal	73	72	72
1,300 GoldDust,w i	22¼	21	21¼
200 G'dyear T&R	9¼	9¼	9¼
700 Hartman new, w i	40¼	40¼	40¼
6,600 Do rts, w i	2¾	2½	2¾
100 Hud Co pf	14¾	14¾	14¾

STANDARD OIL SUBSIDIARIES.

100 Angle-Am	14¼	14¼	14¼
200 Atl Lobos	3	3	3
35 I-Rcyngton	138	135	135
130 Buckeye P L	79	78	79
160 Continental	35	35	35
300 Crescent P L	17½	17½	17½
45 Illinois P L	153	152	152
100 Imp Oil Can coupon	96	96	96
65 Indiana P L	88	87	88
3,100 Internat Pet	14¼	14¼	14¼
1,825 Magnolia Pet	137½	136½	137¼

MISCELLANEOUS OIL STOCKS.

200 Carib Synd	3¼	3¼	3¼
130 Cities Serv	136¾	136	136½
800 Do pf	66⅛	66¼	66½
$1,000 Do C Scrip	70	70	70
$6,000 Do Scrip	80	80	80
9,500 Colo Synd	1¼	1⅛	1⅛
1,000 Engineers P	8c	8c	8c
200 Glen Rock	65c	65c	65c
800 Gulf O of Pa	50¼	49¾	50¼
1,000 Hudson	5c	5c	5c
600 Humphreys	48½	48¼	48½
200 Kirby Pet	2½	2½	2½
200 Lafayette	1¾	1¾	1¾
100 Livingston P	65c	65c	65c
3,300 Marl'd-Mex	3¼	3¼	3¼
7,900 Mexico Oil	54c	48c	48c

MINING STOCKS.

200 Alaska-BCM	80c	80c	80c
200 Angio-Am Cp of S Africa	27	27	27
36,000 Arig Globe C	14c	12c	13c
3,000 Cal & Jerome	11c	11c	11c
700 Con Cop S	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞
1,000 Con Nev-U	8c	8c	8c
400 Kresge D S	36¼	36	36
200 Do pf	94	94	94
100 McCrory Stor pf	95	95	95
500 Mesabi Iron	5	4⅞	5
100 Nat Sup Co of Del	55⅜	55⅜	55⅜
100 N Y Tel pf	109¼	108⅝	109¼
1,300 Penn Ry	39	38¾	38¾
100 Peer T & M	34¼	34¼	34¼
200 Radio Corp	3	3	3
400 Do pf	3⅞	3⅞	3⅞
100 Roamer M C	9¼	9¼	9¼
3,600 South C & R	12c	10c	12c
100 Spgfld Body	17	17	17
100 Studebaker	51⅜	51⅜	51⅜
20 Swift & Co	100¼	100¼	100¼
100 Tech Prod	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝
500 UnRetCandy Class A	5	5	5
100 UnShoeMach	35½	35½	35½
100 Univ P & R w i	11½	11½	11½
100 Do pf	57½	57½	57½
100 YelTaxiNY	118	118	118

MINING STOCKS.

8,000 Goldf Deep	12c	11c	12c
8,000 Goldf Dev	12c	12c	12c
700 Goldf Flor	60c	59c	59c
9,000 Goldf Jackpot	51c	51c	51c
2,000 Hard Shell	3c	2c	2c
300 Hecla	7⅞	7¾	7¾
400 HomestakeEx	1	98c	1
100 Howe Sound	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛
4,000 Ind Lead	35c	33c	35c
1,000 Iron Blossom	35c	35c	35c
1,000 Marsh Mines	10c	10c	10c
6,000 Nat Tap	11c	10c	11c
10,000 New Sil Hl	1c	1c	1c
100 NewCornella	17½	17½	17½
700 New Dom, A	3	2⅞	3
10 N J Zinc	147	147	147
1,000 N Y Porc	32c	32c	32c
600 Nipissing	5¼	5¼	5¼
20,000 Nixon Nev	1c	1c	1c
17,900 Ohio Copper	71c	65c	69c
100 Premier Gold	2	2	2

BONDS.
(In $1,000 lots.)

6 Alum Co of Am 7s, 1933	106	106	106
18 AmCot O 6s,'24	98¼	98⅛	98¼
1 Am G & E 6s, deb B, 2014	94¾	94¾	94¾
1 Anacon Ga, '29	101¼	101¼	101¼
5 Ang-Am 7½s	102	101¾	102
30 Armour of Del 5½s, A, 1943	89¾	89¼	89¾
6 AssocHardware 6½s, 1933	93¼	93	93
3 Beaverbd 8s	75	72	72
5 Do 7½s, 1942	98¼	98¼	98¼
8 Beth Stl 7s, '35	102⅞	102⅝	102⅝
1 Central Stl 1st mtge 8s, '41	107¾	107¾	107¾
6 Charcoal Iron of Am 8s, '31	94¼	94	94¼
1 Cities Service C 7s, 1966	89¾	89¾	89¾
1 Columb Graph 8s, 1925	16½	16¼	16½
3 Con G E L&P of Balt 7½s, '52	97¾	97¾	97¾
5 Do 7s, 1931	106	105¾	106¼
1 Cons Textile 8s, 1941	96¼	96¼	96¼
6 Cuban Tel Co 1st 7&8s mtge	87	87	87
3 Deere 7½s, '31	99⅞	99¾	99⅞
10 Det City Gas C1 A, 6s, '47	90¼	89¾	90¼
1 Dunlop T & R Ser A 7s, '42	94½	94½	94½
1 Fed Land Bank 5s, 1941	101	101	101
2 Fed Rub 8s, '33	97¼	97¼	97¼
1 Fisher Body 6s, 1926	99	99	99
2 Do 6s, 1928	97¼	97¼	97¼
1 Gen Asphalt 8s, 1930	101	101	101
2 Gd Trunk 6½s	105	104⅝	104⅝
3 HoodRub 7s, '36	101	101	101
3 Kenne Cop 7s	105⅝	105⅜	105⅜
2 Manitoba Pov 7s, '41	99¼	99¼	99¼
8 Morris&Co 7½s	100	99¾	99¾
1 Nat Leath 8s	95	95	95
1 Phila El 6s,'41	104½	104½	104½
2 Pub Serv Elec Pow, 6s, 1948	95¾	95¾	95¾
2 Pub Serv N J 7s, 1st & ref, 1951	97¼	97¼	97¼
1 Sloss-S S & I 6s, 1929	97¼	97¼	97¼
4 South Cal Ed 5s, 1944	90¼	90¼	90¼
1 SONY 7s, '25	102¾	102¾	102¾
2 Do 7s, 1926	104⅝	104⅝	104⅝
6 Do 7s, 1931	107	106¾	107
5 Sun Oil 6s, '29	99	98¾	99
1 Do 7s, 1931	100¾	100¾	100¾
2 Swift & Co 1932	91¾	91¾	91¾
3 Un Bag & Paper 8s, 1941	82¾	80¼	80¼
10 Union Tan 5s, 2008 w i	90¼	90¼	90¼
3 Valvoline 7s, Ser A, '37	105¾	105¾	105¾

FOREIGN BONDS.

27 King of Nether 6s, Ser A, 1937	97¼	96¾	97
5 Mex Gov 5s, 1945	94¼	94¼	94¼
6s, Ser A	68¾	68¾	68¾
3 Swiss Gov 8s, 1926	101¼	101¼	101¼
1 Do 5s, 1925	97¾	97¾	97¾
12 U S of Mexico 5s, 1945	68¾	68¾	68¾

BUSINESS RECOR

LATEST DEALINGS IN REALTY FIELD

Investor Buys Co-operative Building in Seventh Av.—Five Bronx Houses in $310,000 Deal

The Lenape Realty Corporation sold the 100 per cent. co-operative tenant-ownership property at the southwest corner of Seventh Avenue and 129th Street to an investor. The property consists of three five-story apartments with stores and a three-story private dwelling, having a frontage of 100 feet on Seventh Avenue and 93 feet on 129th Street.

The brokers were Irving H. Wolfe in conjunction with Childs & Humphries.

Edmund A. S. Lee sold to a client the building on the northwest corner of 159th Street and Amsterdam Avenue, known as 507 West 159th Street. The property was held at $140,000. It has a rent roll of about $20,000. The same broker is now negotiating for a resale.

The five-story dwelling at 237 West 137th Street has been sold by Jerome H. Frank to Charles Taylor and E. O. Boddie, who will renovate for occupancy.

Marion E. P. Skerton sold to a client of Albert B. Ashforth for investment the four-story dwelling 11 East Ninety-second Street, between Fifth and Madison Avenues, size 25 by 100.

$410,000 Bronx Transaction.

The Basol Realty Corporation, represented by Leo Rosenberg, sold to the Clearing Realty Corporation, Isadore B. Geller, President, the five five-story brick buildings known as 708 to 724 Cauldwell Avenue. The buildings show a rental of over $50,000 annually and were held at $310,000.

Kalman Manas sold to a client of Leo Rosenberg 900 Fox Street, a five-story brick apartment house on the corner of Fox and Barretto Streets, on a plot 52 by 100, showing a rental of $16,000 annually and held at $100,000.

Bloch & Sinn sold to a client of Leo Rosenberg 719 East 176th Street, a five-story brick apartment house on a plot 65 by 100, held at $65,000 and showing an annual rental of $9,000.

Nachliel Realty Corporation sold to a client of Leo Rosenberg premises 707 and 709 East 181st Street, on a plot 97 by 80, on the corner of 181st Street and Corona Avenue, held at $70,000 and showing a rental of $10,500.

M. J. Levinson sold for the Manport Realty Corporation the new-law tax-exempt apartment house 2,083 Creston Avenue, near Burnside Avenue, a 5½-story building accommodating thirty-one families, with a rental of about $24,000 a year and held at $140,000.

Franklin Savings Bank Buys.

Another development in the Times Square district was disclosed yesterday when the officers of the Franklin Savings Bank, southeast corner of Eighth Avenue and Forty-second Street, announced that the bank had purchased 654 Eighth Avenue, being approximately 25 feet on Eighth Avenue and 55 feet in depth.

This purchase completes the corner plot of 100 feet by 100 feet which the bank has been gradually accumulating, and once more calls attention to the increasing activity of Eighth Avenue real estate in that section. The site will eventually be improved to meet the growing demands of the bank.

Suburban Buyers.

S. M. Marshall sold the private residence at 85 Palisade Avenue, Riverview Manor, Dobbs Ferry, to Major W. H. Bennet. Edgar G. Johnson was the broker. This property was held at $37,500.

Chauncey B. Griffen sold for Bertram H. Carmer, a large plot on Guion Street, Pleasantville, to C. R. Stockton. The plot adjoins the present holdings of Mr. Stockton.

BUSINESS WORLD

COMMERCIAL PAPER.

Yesterday .....5¼ to 5½% for the best names.
Tuesday .....5¼ to 5½% for the best names.
The quotations are for six months' paper.

***

Good Orders for Silk Gloves.

Substantial advance business in women's silk gloves for Spring has been placed here. Retail stocks are well cleaned out and this, coupled with the expectation that prices may go higher, has put unusual snap into early purchasing. Fancy strap wrist gauntlets are again in main preference, followed by long gloves. Only a small interest has been shown so far in the short styles.

***

Using More Fibre Silks.

Leading producers of knitted fibre silk fabrics find the current demand strong. An already notable interest has been spurred by the present silk situation. The cloths are used for formal and street wear outergarments and also for sports use. Those resembling chiffon velvet are especially favored. Wood browns, blues and grays are the leading shades for less formal garments, while the high colors rule for evening wear. Spring lines will be ready shortly.

***

Silk Shortage Helps Sales.

Manufacturers of silk underwear and negligees report that the threatened shortage of raw silk has done more to stimulate business than to hurt it. The call for the better-grade garments is especially strong, and in some instances more business in them has been done in the last two weeks than in any similar period in several years. The rise in prices has not been marked enough to cause any hesitation, although most manufacturers are pricing their garments at replacement values.

***

Prices Easier at Fur Sale.

Prices were generally easier at the third day's sessions of the fur sale in the Masonic Hall. The declines were attributed both to the apathy of buyers and the size of the collections offered. Southern muskrat, which dropped 25 per cent. from the Spring averages, was in greater supply than all of the muskrats together at the Fall sale last year. Good Northern muskrats, as well as blacks, showed no change from the Spring levels, but Canadians dropped 15 per cent. Marmot was 20 per cent. off Spring prices, and a decline of 10 per cent. was shown in squirrel. Total sales up to last night exceeded $1,500,000, with five days to go.

***

Some Hosiery Prices Higher.

Some price advances are reported on silk hosiery here, in line with higher raw silk, but most of the manufacturers are marking time. Old orders are being filled at former figures, but no substantial forward business is accepted. One prominent concern, however, is taking new orders at unchanged prices until raw silk stocks on hand are exhausted. Manufacturers are making no effort to cover silk requirements now, and will continue not to until the situation becomes clearer. Retail buyers are inclined to be conservative, but more interest is shown in ingrained hosiery in the wood shades. Chiffons in light colors are also receiving increased attention.

***

Gray Goods Showed Little Snap.

Gray goods trading again lacked snap in this market yesterday. Buyers gave evidence of being "fed up" for the time being, and appeared willing to wait for the forthcoming Federal report on cotton before seriously committing themselves any further. Fair buying of 38½-inch 64-60 printcloths was reported at 10¾ cents, with similar trading in 38½-inch 60-48s at 9 cents. Some first hands sold 39-inch 68-72s at 11⅝ cents, but most of these sellers would not trade below 12 cents. Twelve cents was asked for 37-inch 48-square, four-yard sheetings, and some trading in that part of the market was done on that basis. Fine-yarn goods and specialties were quiet but firm.

BUSINESS NOTES.

Le Roy M. Le Vake, who has for many years been associated with the retail end of the trimmed hat business, is to join the Board of Directors of James G. Johnson & Co., wholesale milliners, 2 to 16 West Thirty-third Street, and take charge of the trimmed hat departments. He is now in charge of the millinery department of Saks & Co.

The Connecticut Association will resume its annual meetings here on Oct. 30, when several matters of trade importance will be discussed.

APARTMENTS FOR SALE OR TO LET. | APARTMENTS FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Concourse Plaza

161st Street and the Grand Concourse

THIRTY MINUTES FROM WALL STREET

UNFURNISHED APARTMENTS

with hotel service and special aids to housekeeping

Model Apartments

Completely furnished by H. F. Huber & Co.

Now Open for Inspection

EXCEPTIONAL ADVANTAGES: Unfurnished housekeeping apartments of TWO, THREE, FOUR rooms with fully equipped kitchen and dining alcove . . Rent, $1500 to $3000, includes services of chambermaid, bathroom maid, charwoman, houseman, porter and bellboy, vacuum cleaning, window washing, etc., eliminating servant problem . . Twin wall beds in two-room suite (only) . . Closets lined with Kilmoth cedar . . Commissary supplying provisions at market prices . . Monthly dance in grand ballroom for tenants and their guests . . Playground on roof, with attendant in whose care children may be left . . Restaurant of highest class — service to apartments at all hours. Orchestra. Grill. Club breakfasts . . Laundry, barber, valet, hairdresser, manicure, mail chute and other hotel conveniences . . Location especially convenient to 42nd Street office center — 15 minutes by subway . . Occupancy October 1st or earlier.

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A. N. HALLATT, Renting Manager

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OREGON
162 West 54th St.
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3, 4, 5 & 6 Rooms
$1,900 to $2,800

LUCANIA
235 West 71st St.
Near Broadway
4 Rooms & 2 Baths, $2,400
6 Rooms & 2 Baths, $3,000

EDMUND FRANCIS COURT
423 West 120th St.
3 Rooms & Bath, $1,300 & $1,400
5 Rooms & Bath, $1,800
6 Rooms & Bath, $2,000

345 WEST 88TH ST.
Near West End Ave.
8 Rooms & 3 Baths, $4,500

NETHERLAND
340 West 86th St.
Near Riverside Drive.
5 Rooms & Bath
$2,500 to $2,800
1 & 2 Rooms & Bath
$1,000 to $1,400

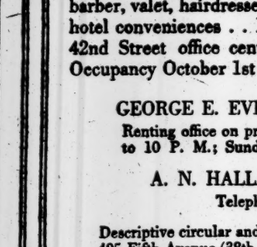
HENDRIK HUDSON
380 Riverside Drive
Cor. 110th St.
6, 8 & 9 Rooms, 2 & 3 Baths
$2,400 to $4,000
3 Rooms & Bath, $1,500

150 WEST 79TH ST.
Near Amsterdam Ave.
9 & 10 Rooms & 3 Baths
$4,500 to $4,750

545 WEST 125TH ST.
Near Broadway Subway Station
2, 3 & 4 Rooms, $720 to $900
Kitchenette & Regular Kitchen

Detailed information as to floor, exposure, when possession may be had, etc., mailed upon request.

SLAWSON & HOBBS
162 WEST 72nd ST. Tel. Endicott 7240



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THE SCHERMERHORN
Exclusive High-Class Apartments
Madison Avenue, 82nd to 83rd Street.
9 large rooms, 3 baths
ALL OUTSIDE ROOMS.
Doctor's Apt., 2 Rooms and Bath
APPLY SUPERINTENDENT ON PREMISES.

HIGHEST TYPE APARTMENTS
ALL OUTSIDE ROOMS
7 ROOMS 3 BATHS $3000
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New 15-Story Apartment Building
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Exceptionally Light and Sunny Rooms
1 to 3 Baths
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Immediate Occupancy
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IN
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3 and 5 Rooms—105 W. 73rd St.
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RENTAL $1700 UP

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FISK BLDG., 250 WEST 57TH ST. AT BROADWAY

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Housekeeping Apartments
3 and 4 Rooms—$1800 to $3600
Desirable Doctors' Offices
Occupancy This Month
New 11 story fireproof structure — Large, light Rooms—Modern Kitchens. Unusual Arrangements.
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of the Better Sort
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Unfurnished—East Side.

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Modern 12-Story Elevator Bldg.
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9-Story Fireproof Housekeeping Apts.
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2 & 3 ROOMS
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Living Room 16x24
Only a few remain to be rented
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NEW BUILDING
Ready for Occupancy Oct. 1st
Only One Apartment remains unrented
5 Rooms, 2 Baths
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Completed October, 1922
4 Rooms, 1 Bath
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A New 14-story Building
3 to 6 ROOMS
Including Real Kitchen
$1,800 to $4,500
Open Fireplaces
Separate maids' rooms.
Highly restricted.
Ownership management.
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Non-housekeeping elevator apartment.
2 & 3 Rooms & Bath
Near Park, 5th Ave. and buses. Cheerful rooms, all improvements. Light lunch Restaurant on premises.

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[illegible] elevator building, six large [illegible] baths, all modern improve[illegible]
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17 WEST 71ST.
5 Rooms & 2 Baths
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New Nine Story Apartment House ready for Immediate Occupancy.
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Modern, High Class, 13-Story Fireproof Apartment House
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Housekeeping apartments.
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Your inspection is invited at any time, daily, evenings or Sunday.

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At 96th Street
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FACING CENTRAL PARK
High class Elevator apartments, kitchenette arrangements; three exceptionally large rooms, living room 20x27, bedroom 19x17, library 9x19; rent $3,000.
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A most beautiful three-room apartment, dining room 23x23, living room 20x30, bedroom 11x16.
Rent $3,300 including electric current. One apartment at $2,000 suitable for doctor. These apartments should be seen to be appreciated. Apply on premises or
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3 ATTRACTIVE ROOMS
with full sized kitchen, bath and every modern improvement.
RENTS FROM $85—$105
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IDEAL & ATTRACTIVE
8 Room Apt. All Large Sized Rooms
with foyer hall and 3 baths, completely renovated and decorated throughout.
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430 W. 116th St. Near Amsterdam. Col. Coll. Section
Refined, quiet location. Rent $2800. Immediate possession. See Supt. or owner.
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Near Riverside Drive
8-9-10 Rooms
3 Baths
$4,000 to $4,500
Superintendent on Premises.

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Apartment on 4th floor
to sublet from Nov. 1, 1923, to Aug. 31, 1925.
7 rooms and 2 baths;
all improvements; moderate rent.
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3-4-5 Rooms $70 to $135
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Immediate possession.
6 Rooms, Bath, $1,600
Apply on premises or
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BROADWAY, Cor. Academy St.
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4 BEAUTIFUL ROOMS
Every modern improvement; $75 to $85.

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39TH, 43 EAST—Four spacious rooms, two baths, small kitchenette, newly decorated; hotel service; suitable three or four business men; ideal location. Ames.

37TH, 147 EAST—Entire floor, 2 rooms, kitchenette, bath, foyer, fireplaces; unusual.

38TH ST.—Two large rooms, bath, kitchenette, fireplace; entire floor; attractively furnished; twin beds, day bed; private telephone. Vanderbilt 1710.

40TH, 149 EAST—Three-room apartment, luxuriously furnished; 6th floor, modern building; $200. Murray Hill 8634. Miss Winn.

40TH ST.—For a bachelor or two people who want something exceptional and can afford to pay for it; the most desirable small apartment, 2 rooms, bath, kitchenette, fireplace, beautiful mirrors, luxuriously furnished; a block from the Ritz, a block from Sherry's. Call Rhinelander 8507.

40TH, 148 EAST—Three large, sunny, well-furnished rooms, tiled bath, shower. Vanderbilt 9430, Murray Hill 0875, forenoons.

42ND ST., 26 EAST—Charming two rooms, bath, kitchenette, $125; year's lease. Supt.

51ST ST., 5 EAST—Two rooms and bath in elevator house; service. Apply Marson.

51ST ST., 40 EAST—2 and 3 rooms, bath; elevator service.

52ND ST., near Park Av.—2 rooms, furnished; gentleman preferred; references. S 558 Times.

56TH, 63 EAST—Entire second floor, beautifully furnished; French doors opening on charming roof garden. Vanderbilt 9130, Murray Hill 0875, forenoons.

57TH, 123 EAST—Two rooms, bath, fireplace, furnished by decorator. Colton, Plaza 8605.

60TH, 147 EAST—Handsome two rooms, bath, kitchenette; year's lease; $125. Supt.

60TH ST., 132 EAST—Large, light rooms, bath, $12. Circle 1499.

60TH, 23 EAST—Charming apartment, large living room, bedroom, closet, large electric grill; telephone; $165; immediate possession. Superintendent.

76TH, 43 EAST—Duplex parlor bedroom, bath, kitchen, dining room, servant room, beautifully furnished, steam, electricity. Between 11-3 o'clock.

84TH, 108 EAST—Six rooms, three baths; handsomely furnished. MacDonald. Plaza 8080.

86TH, 16 EAST—8 unusually attractive large sunny rooms, 3 baths; $4,800 year; Lenox 1402; lease or rent.

GRAMERCY PARK, 36—POSSESSION OCT. 1. HIGH-CLASS APARTMENT, REMOTED NEIGHBORHOOD, 9 ROOMS, ALL OUTSIDE, 4 BATHS, FURNISHED OR UNFURNISHED; RENT $6,500. YOUR OWN BROKER OR WILLIAM C. STORY, OWNER, 41 WEST ST., NEW YORK CITY.

GRAMERCY PARK, 20—4 rooms and bath, attractively furnished, for Winter season or year; price $285; elevator. Boogher.

LEXINGTON AV., 340—Basement (ground floor); two blocks Grand Central; Murray Hill.

PARK AV., (58th St.)—My beautifully furnished apartment, large living room, library, dining room, butler's pantry, kitchen, 3 master bedrooms, 2 baths, 2 maids' rooms and bath; immediate possession, to June or October. Plaza 9724.

PARK AV., 1,165—Six large outside rooms, two baths; southern exposure; Oct., 1924, or longer. Phone Lenox 1520 before noon.

PARK AV. (50's)—2 rooms, $65; single, $60. Telephone Plaza 8310.

FOR LEASE, A THREE-ROOM AND BATH BEAUTIFULLY FURNISHED APARTMENT, SUITABLE FOR ONE, TWO OR THREE PERSONS. CALL MONDAY OR AFTER.

42 EAST 60TH ST.

WILL sublet my attractively furnished 3 rooms, bath, kitchenette apartment until June; telephone, piano, phonograph. Gates 582 Lexington.

COUPLE owning furnished house will share with congenial couple. Underhill 1478, mornings.

HANDSOMELY furnished, 7, outside, sunny rooms. Rhinelander 8782. Mrs. Alley.

Furnished—West Side.

8TH ST., near 5th Av.—Old-world apartment, 7 rooms, bath; electricity, open fires, phone; completely furnished; northern, southern exposure; $150 month. Lackawanna 4570.

9TH ST., 17 WEST—Two-room housekeeping studio apartment, fireplace, bath, pantry, kitchenette, shower and bath, antique furniture; sublet one year; $150; references required; shown weekdays only. Clark, Stuyvesant 8164.

14TH, 335 WEST—Four handsomely furnished rooms; all modern improvements, including elevator; reasonable; immediate possession. Apt. 28, Chelsea 1224.

16TH, 51 WEST (Old Chelsea)—Charming 1, 2, 3 rooms; old mahogany; chintz; quaint; fireplaces; steam; $55-$80-$110; includes electricity, linens, maids, telephone service; restaurant, moderate prices, delicious food; attractive to artistic professional people.

46TH, 328 WEST—Two rooms, kitchenette, bath, newly furnished, remodeled dwelling; reasonable.

46TH STREET, 71 WEST—2 rooms, bath, kitchenette; modern. Kelly. Circle 1490.

48TH, 162 WEST—Two rooms; owner going abroad will sublet at cost; pianola, Victrola, radio; $100. Phone Mr. Sibley, Beekman 2736.

49TH, 47 WEST—Two rooms, bath, kitchenette, elevator, telephone; available Oct. 1.

49TH, 126 WEST—6 rooms, $500; divided, $90, or sell $1,000. Bannon.

54TH, 29 WEST — High-class apartments, 2 or 3 rooms, piano, telephone, kitchenette, maid service.

55TH ST., 360 WEST—Modest top floor studio; three clean rooms in private house to May 1; references required; no service given. Tel. Columbus 4626.

55TH ST., WEST—Exceptional apartment, exceptionally furnished, seven rooms, 2 baths; immediate possession. Superintendent. 7 Westminster Av., Yonkers.

55TH (1,730 Broadway)—Five outside rooms, eighth floor, facing west and north; double, single; twin beds; piano. Aldrich.

56TH, 59 WEST—Handsome 2 rooms, bath, kitchenette; telephone; seen mornings. Hollis.

57TH (near Carnegie)—Sunny two-room apartments, fireplace; complete home; $135. Hughes. Vanderbilt 9430, Murray Hill 0875, forenoons.

58TH, 30 WEST—Handsomely furnished apartment, facing Central Park; two large rooms, kitchenette and breakfast room; Due-Art electric grand piano. Superintendent.

67TH STREET, 1 WEST—Duplex apartment, large, sunny living room, two bedrooms, bath, kitchenette, dining room; attractively furnished; swimming pool, free cooking service if desired, valet service, restaurant in building. Apt. 510. Apply at office.

68TH, 59 WEST—Exquisitely furnished, one and two rooms, bath, complete kitchenette; refined surroundings; lease; $80 to $125.

69TH, WEST—Beautiful private home; three rooms, seven large closets, two lavatories, baths; $500; gentlemen; references. Endicott 0623.

70TH—Beautifully furnished three-room elevator apartment, real kitchen; $150. Endicott 6540.

74TH, 234 WEST—Elaborately furnished 3-room apartment; Knabe player, Victrola; reliable references. Call Hotel Embassy, Taormina.

75TH, 557 WEST—THE COMFORT AND BEAUTY OF MY HOME WITH ADVANTAGES OF HOTEL SERVICE; 3 ROOMS, BATH; ENTIRE FLOOR WITH PRIVATE ENTRANCE; NON-HOUSEKEEPING; ONLY APPRECIATED WHEN SEEN. ENDICOTT 6900.

76TH, 125 WEST.

Four rooms, 9-story new fireproof building. Apply on premises or Alco Realty Co., 209 Broadway. Phone Worth 2024.

76TH, 45 WEST—Completely furnished 2-3 room apartments; lease. Endicott 0448.

79TH—Four-room outside apartment, kitchenette; $135; 8 months' lease. Endicott 3940.

85TH STREET (Broadway, Euclid Hall)—8-room, light apartment, furnished. Apply Supt.

86TH ST., 305 WEST—Two rooms, bath, large; maid service; open fireplace.

84TH, 235 WEST—Five rooms, 2 baths; also 3 rooms, bath; fine building; beautiful furnishings; $225-$300. Thomas.

86TH, 337 WEST—Entire first floor, three rooms, bath, kitchenette; exquisitely furnished; Oriental rugs; suitable doctor, studio; private.

87TH ST., 24 WEST—Ideal north-light studio apartment, exquisitely furnished; living room 22x24; fireplace, artistic draperies, rugs, piano; charming bedroom, bath, kitchenette; linen, silver; absolutely complete, $130; worth investigating. Leonard.

87TH ST., 320 WEST (Apt. 7A)—To sublease from Oct. 1, 1923, 4 rooms and bath. Phone Rector 8108.

87TH, 322 WEST (Riverside)—Three beautiful large rooms, kitchenette, bath, piano; $180.

88TH—Beautifully furnished six-room front elevator apartment; $225. Endicott 0540, Sunday.

92D, 317 WEST (near Drive)—Apartment of 3 large rooms, excellently furnished, all improvements; owner's private house; references required. Riverside 5627.

93D, 218 WEST—Furnished four rooms, bath, Steinway; year upward; $250. Whitaker.

97TH, 50 WEST—Artistically furnished studio apartment, remodeled house; two rooms, complete kitchenette; Oriental rugs, bath, shower, parquet, steam, telephone; refined neighborhood; near Park; bus, subway, L; maid service if desired; $110-$125 month; year lease only.

100TH, 255 WEST—Complete private apartments, either 1 or 2 rooms, bath, kitchen; clean, high-class, homelike; lease. Riverside 9237. Cook.

104TH, 386 WEST—Elegantly furnished, immediately clean, three rooms, bath, kitchenette; references.

113TH, 504 WEST—Five comfortably furnished rooms; well managed modern elevator house; southern exposure; beautiful view; kitchen, shower; moderate price.

117TH, 901 WEST—Five rooms, completely furnished, splendid location. Apt. 2.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—West Side.

118TH ST., 418 WEST—Six light rooms, sunny; opposite Columbia. Apt. 65. Newman.

122D ST., 600 WEST.

Attractively furnished housekeeping suite for discriminating people; ideal for couple or three; freshly decorated; running water; overlooks park; elevator. Mrs. Tye, Apt. 4B.

138TH, WEST—Six outside rooms, modern elevator; reasonable rent; sacrifice furniture, $700; income from rooms. F 428 Times.

143D (near Riverside)—Attractively furnished five-room elevator apartment; $135. Endicott 6540.

146TH, 610 WEST—Second floor, Christian owner's residence, overlooking Hudson; three rooms, kitchenette, bath, $100; permanent; references. Olmsted.

155TH (at Edgecombe Av.)—Exquisitely furnished five rooms; elevator; half service; lease 3 or 4 months. Call Columbus 2196.

156TH, 606 WEST—Four-room furnished apartment; southern exposure; will lease Oct. 1; $150. Telephone Wadsworth 8050, Apt. 62.

165TH, 548 WEST—Elegant 3 rooms, bath; improvements; $75. Wadsworth 5238.

169TH, 625 WEST—Attractively, completely furnished 3-room apartment (real kitchen); beautiful entrance; one block from subway; lease until May or longer. Inquire Supt.

281ST (Broadway subway, 3,004 Heath Av.)—Four rooms, front. Greer. Kingsbridge 3629.

CHARLTON ST., 80 (near west side subway)—Third floor, private house; large studio, bedroom, closets, kitchen, bath; pleasant outlook; all conveniences and equipment; service if desired. Canal 10077.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE (90s)—Front corner apartment, living room 18x23, chickering grand, books; two single connecting bedrooms. Phone afternoons, River 2493, Apt. 51.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE (facing 97th)—Seven rooms, bath; baby grand piano, Aeolian-Vocalion; 6 months, year's lease; can be seen by appointment. Holton, Ashland 7451.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE (109th)—Bachelor having spacious, magnificently furnished apartment; share other responsible gentleman; $200; butler service. Academy 3725.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 468 (at 119th St.)—Charmingly situated, corner, 8 rooms, 2 baths; every convenience; baby grand piano, mahogany furniture, &c. Cathedral 4561.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 125—Handsomely furnished, homelike apartment; 10 rooms and 3 baths; 2 years' lease. Apt. 11 north. Telephone Schuyler 0356.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE.

Beautifully furnished five-room apartment, wonderful river view; $250. Endicott 6540, Sunday.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE—Five rooms, Oriental rugs, grand piano, Victrola; reasonable. Audubon 0391.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE—4 rooms, facing Hudson; every convenience; high-class. Wadsworth 2309.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 456—Beautiful 5 rooms, 2 baths, exquisitely furnished. 10 B.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE NEAR — Six rooms. Phone Riverside 6814 mornings.

VERMILYEA AV., 19—Four-room apartment; beautifully furnished; year lease. See Superintendent.

WALDO AV., 3,642 (Broadway subway, 238th)—New 2-family house, 6 rooms, porch, tiled bath, fireplace; garage. Marshall.

WASHINGTON HEIGHTS (172d) — Four rooms, elevator; modern, light, roomy; $82.50, lease; sell mahogany furniture $250. Walker, Chelsea 10482.

WEST END, 588 (86th.)—Sell beautiful new furniture, lease sunny 3 rooms, 12th floor; all week. Schuyler 1622.

WEST END—High-class, five, two baths; year's lease; reasonable. Riverside 5067.

WEST END, 588—Most attractive three-room apartment in town. Schuyler 4932.

FOUR-ROOM APT., newly decorated, near Riverside Drive; rent reasonable; furnished complete and high-class; grand piano and Sonora; must be purchased immediately, or would be sold separate from apartment; must be seen to be appreciated; no dealers. T 183 Times.

ATTRACTIVE, artistic apartment, whole top floor, two rooms, two baths, every room sunny, large living room, antique furniture, piano, roof garden; reasonable for one year. 282 West 4th. Watkins 8940.

BEAUTIFUL and new two rooms, with kitchen, linens, utensils, gas, electric, phone; must see to appreciate. Audubon 2708.

LUXURIOUS 4-room apartment, 12th floor, facing river, twin beds. 5448 Riverside.

Furnished—Bronx.

WEST TREMONT AV., 107—Living room, bedroom, kitchen and bath; nicely furnished, in upper part of private house; rent reasonable, including gas, electricity, steam heat and hot water supply; fine neighborhood; convenient all car lines.

Furnished—Long Island.

JAMAICA—Eighteen minutes out; beautifully furnished 4-room apartment; reasonable. Endicott 6540.

Furnished—New Jersey.

ADVERTISER would rent three or four rooms and bath in superior, well-appointed elevator apartment house in Newark, N. J.; suitable for one seeking refined, select neighborhood. Reply to A. O., 314 Kinney Building, Newark.

Unfurnished—East Side.

17TH, 344 EAST—Ground floor, 5 rooms, all improvements; suitable for physician. Henry Katz.

19TH, 343 EAST—6 rooms and bath; private house; all improvements; reference.

19TH, 120 EAST (Gramercy Park Section)—2 rooms, bath; rent $1,000 to $1,400. Apply premises or BOENECKE, KNAPP & SCHNEIDER, 542 5th Av. Vanderbilt 2839.

29TH ST., 4 EAST.

THE ROMA STUDIOS.

Facing the Little Church Around the Corner. Attractive, up-to-date apartments, two-three rooms, tiled baths, hardwood floor; cooking facilities.

REASONABLE—SERVICE.

SUPERINTENDENT ON PREMISES.

36TH ST., 138-144 EAST.

Four large rooms, including real kitchen, high-class apartment, best residential section in city; 9th, 5th and 2d floors; $2,300-$2,600; occupancy Oct. 1. Inquire Superintendent.

36TH, 163 EAST (exclusive Murray Hill)—Duplex bungalow in Italian garden; large studio living room, tiled kitchen, sun parlor, 2 bedrooms, 2 baths, roof garden; $5,000.

36TH, 163 EAST—4 rooms, bath, kitchenette, $3,000; exclusive Murray Hill.

48TH, 16 EAST — Elevator, modern apartments, 3 large, light rooms and bath. Apply Superintendent.

50S (Park Av.)—9 rooms, 3 baths, very large rooms; $6,800. Bryant 9172.

51ST ST., 40 EAST—Two and three rooms, bath, elevator service.

54TH, 150 EAST.

Two rooms, bath, kitchenette, $90.

55TH, 158 EAST—6 rooms, $115; owner resident; seen afternoons. Plaza 8362.

55TH ST., 127 EAST—Two rooms, bath, kitchenette; entire floor; unusual.

58TH, 14 EAST—Apartments and floors; very high class.

57TH, 445 EAST (Sutton Place district)—Attractive apartment, entire floor, 3 rooms, kitchen, bath, two fireplaces. Turner.

57TH, 123 EAST—Large room, bath, 2 closets, fireplace. Colton, Plaza 8605.

60TH, 440 EAST (near Sutton Place)—5-room modern apartment and bath; new; electricity, hot water, steam heat. Regent 1760.

60S—7 rooms, 3 baths, near Park Av.; southern exposure; $4,000. Bryant 9171.

60S (near 5th)—6 rooms, 3 baths, 9th floor; fine exposure; $6,300. Bryant 9172.

60S (Madison Av.)—2-room apartments, $80 up. Peck, 660 Madison Av.

70S (near Park)—3 rooms, 2 baths, high light exposure; $5,000. Bryant 9172.

76TH, 43 EAST—Parlor bedroom, bath, electricity, steam. Between 11-3 o'clock.

79TH ST., 225 EAST—Modern 3 rooms, bath, kitchenette; all improvements; $75.

124TH, 1 EAST—2 rooms, bath, kitchenette, top floor; all light, best located, airiest Harlem apartment; all improvements.

126TH, 14 EAST — Elegant floor, private house; heat, electricity, telephone.

LEXINGTON AV. 340—Entire floor; Murray Hill; three rooms, kitchen, bath; exceptional.

MADISON AV. (N. E. corner 93d St.)—High-class newly renovated, one and two rooms, with bath; furnished or unfurnished; attractive studio; parlor and street floor; private entrance; suitable for professional or other business. Supt., 51 East 93d.

MADISON AV., 567 (COR. 53D ST.) STUDIO APARTMENT.

Two rooms, bath; north light; maid service included; restaurant service to apartment; see superintendent.

MADISON AV., 507 (corner 53d)—High-class, non-housekeeping apartment house, 1, 2, 3 rooms and bath, from Oct. 1; maid service, restaurant service to apartment. See Supt.

MADISON AV., 979 (corner 80th St.)—Beautiful 3-room corner apartment, bath and kitchenette; high-class apartment house; year lease $2,700.

MADISON AV., 1,043 (72D STREET)—ONE ROOM, ALCOVE; ELECTRICITY, LAVATORY; $60; BUSINESS PERSON.

PARK AV. (92d)—Two-room suite; separate entrance; $60. Telephone Butterfield 3516.

PARK AV., SECTION—7 rooms, 3 baths, $3,400. Peck, 660 Madison Av.

Unfurnished—West Side.

9TH, 31 WEST—Handsome, extra large room, with alcove room, fireplace; latest improvements; $90 to $100; lease.

57TH AV., 12,

(overlooking Washington Arch and Park)—Two rooms and bath, $25.50; fireproof, elevator building; immediate possession; block from 8th St. 6th Av. "L" station; convenient to all surface and subway lines; 5th Av. bus passes door. A. J. Odell. Phone Stuyvesant 6158.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Unfurnished—West Side.

11TH ST., 214 WEST—Unusual six-room and tile bath, first floor, duplex housekeeping apartment; one block from subway corner; thirteen outside windows, two open fireplaces, hardwood floors, shower; recently remodeled with all conveniences; entirely redecorated for Oct. 1; resident owner moving out of city; may be seen Sunday.

11TH, 41 WEST—3 rooms, kitchen, bath; all improvements; fireplace. Chelsea 4591.

11TH ST., 123 WEST—Elevator; 6-7 sunny rooms; $1,800-$2,300. Holland.

24TH ST., 404 WEST—Duplex apartment in Chelsea Colonial house; 5 rooms, bath and attic room, large kitchen, fireplace; Oct. 1; $150. Telephone Schuyler 3493.

42TH, 9 WEST—Two rooms, kitchenette, bath; rental $1,400; immediate possession. Marston & Co., 549 5th Av. Murray Hill 0540.

46TH, 328 WEST—Cozy two rooms, kitchenette, bath; newly remodeled dwelling; reasonable.

49TH, 26 EAST — Entire floor; 3 elegant rooms, bath, kitchenette. Inquire Supt.

50TH, 51 WEST—2 large, sunny rooms, bath and kitchenette; modern appointments.

51ST, 25 WEST—2 rooms, furnished and unfurnished; elevator, switchboard; lease.

55TH, 124 WEST—3 and 4 rooms, including kitchen; possession Oct. 1. Apply Albert B. Ashforth, Inc., 12 East 44th. Tel. Murray Hill 1100.

58TH, 34 WEST—Splendid location, 2, 3 rooms, bath, kitchen; also entire floor 5 rooms, kitchen, bath; large rooms; southern, northern exposure; plenty closets; parquet floors; paneled walls; elevator; $1,800-$4,000.

58TH ST. (5th-6th)—Floor through, five rooms and bath, large linen room, fireplace, elevator; servants' room, $285; Seen by appointment. Plaza 1138 or Circle 1166.

58TH ST. (5th-6th)—Floor through, 5 rooms and bath, large living room, fireplace, elevator, servant's room, $285; seen by appointment. Plaza 1138 or Circle 1166.

67TH, 1 WEST—Duplex apartment; living room, foyer, dining room, kitchenette, two bedrooms, two baths; free cooking service. Inquire Apartment 701.

73D, 246 WEST—Beautiful, large 2 and 3 room apartments, $115-$120; ideal for doctor or dentist office.

80TH ST., 323 WEST—Elevator apartment, 3-6 rooms; accommodation doctor's office.

86TH, 261 WEST—Large first floor; elegantly decorated; suitable doctor, studio, residence.

85TH, 77 WEST—Six and eight rooms, elevator apartment; every modern improvement.

86TH ST., 305 WEST—Three rooms and bath; living room 19 by 19; two open fireplaces; mail service.

87TH, 161 WEST—Remodeled house, large two-room kitchenette apartments, $55-$80.

89TH, 323 (near Riverside)—Living room 21x22, bedroom 20x18, kitchen, bath; hot water heated; last word in modern construction; real home; $125. Telephone Riverside 5253.

90TH, 49 WEST—2-4 rooms, entire floors, bath, kitchenette; $90-$100.

92D, 319 WEST (overlooking Riverside)—Two rooms, kitchenette, entire floor, exclusive small apartment house; maid service if desired.

94TH, 311 WEST (near Riverside)—Large, light rooms, elevator; redecorated; all improvements. Van Buren Realty Co., owner, 565 5th Av. Vanderbilt 2958.

95TH, 836 WEST—Fine four-room apartment; southern exposure; all light, elevator; subway express; Riverside bus terminal; will redecorate. 110. Tel. Riverside 8190.

104TH, 116 WEST—4, 5, 6 rooms, bath; modern elevator building; newly decorated; large, airy, light, congenial; outside rooms; reasonable rent; lease given responsible party; references required. Apply Supt.

107TH ST., 300 WEST—7 rooms, bath, first-class elevator apartment.

108TH, 3 WEST—4 rooms, bath; modern elevator building; newly redecorated; large, airy, light, congenial; outside rooms; reasonable rent; lease given responsible party; references required. Apply Supt.

109TH, 114 WEST—3 large, light rooms, bath, steam heat, hot water, electricity; immediate occupancy; rent $65.

115TH, 350 WEST (corner Manhattan Av.)—Six large, light rooms, all improvements; reasonable rent.

116TH AND 7TH AV. (Graham Court)—Seven rooms, corner, duplex; office or phone Mrs. David J. Kelley, Kingsbridge 3301.

116TH, 606 WEST—7-room river-view. Apartment 112. Cathedral 8309.

119TH ST., 121 WEST.

Two rooms and bath, private house.

124TH, 534 WEST (off Broadway)—4 and 6 large rooms, elevator; redecorated; all improvements; Bronx realty Co., owner, 565 5th Av. Vanderbilt 2958.

143D, 519 WEST—Six large rooms, ground floor; all improvements; reasonable rent; elevator.

149TH, 450 WEST (corner Convent)—High-class elevator, five rooms, $115; also two rooms, kitchenette, $60. Superintendent or Samuel Cohen, 154 Nassau St.

177TH, 650 WEST (corner Wadsworth)—5 beautiful corner rooms, modern, $95. Supt.

178TH, 752 WEST (corner Pinehurst)—7 large, beautiful modern rooms; $135. Superintendent.

179TH ST., 700 (corner Broadway)—Elegant 2, 4, 5, 6 room apartments in ten-story high-class building.

ANDREWS AV., 1,915—5 large, all-light room apartments, improvements; $80; two blocks below New York University.

CENTRAL PARK SOUTH, 200—THREE-ROOM APARTMENT, EACH ROOM OVERLOOKING CENTRAL PARK; LOCATION IDEAL; EVERYTHING FOR THE COMFORT OF THE MOST FASTIDIOUS; ALSO STUDIO APARTMENT. RAYMOND D. BUSSEY.

FORT WASHINGTON AV., 427-435 (corners 179th-180th Sts.)—Elegant 4, 5, 6, 7 room apartments in six-story high-class building.

GREENWICH VILLAGE—Two rooms and bath, garden community, $45. Carney, 170 Sullivan St., business hours, Murray Hill 9712.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 547 (127TH ST.)—SIX AND SEVEN HIGH-CLASS APARTMENTS, ALL IMPROVEMENTS, INCLUDING ELEVATOR SERVICE; POSSESSION OCT. 1. APPLY SUPERINTENDENT.

RIVERSIDE (309 West 106th)—Opportunity for particular people to secure an entire floor (first or second); magnificent residence; exceptionally large rooms; magnificently decorated (housekeeping).

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 325—Very large and sunny, three exposures, corner, 8 rooms, two baths; exceptional closets; rent $3,200.

ST. NICHOLAS PLACE, 87 (155th St. station)—Desirable 6-room elevator; reasonable.

WASHINGTON SQUARE SECTION, 86 University Place—2 front rooms, large closets, bath, private house, third floor; all improvements; business couple; reasonable.

WEST END AV., 894 (Apt. 42)—Sublet 7 rooms, 3 baths; 2 years' lease; all outside; will sacrifice. Apply all day Thursday.

WEST END AV., 838 (cor. 101st)—Six large rooms, three baths, two foyers; $3,500; Apt. 6C. Apply Supt.

WEST END AV., 661 (92d) — Two rooms, bath, $75; non-housekeeping; references.

SAVE EXORBITANT RENTS—Will rent or sell complete high-grade furnishings five or six room apartment at sacrifice; leases available unfurnished Riverside Drive at 157th St. Call Scott, Rector 6540.

SUBLET Oct. 1, new high-class, elevator apartment, 3 large rooms; southwest exposure; overlooking Drive. Telephone Audubon 6800.

4 FINE, sunny rooms, large bath, solarium, private fruit, flower garden; double house, all improvements. 185 Grove St., Plainfield.

Unfurnished—Bronx.

GRAND CONCOURSE, 1,904 (corner 179th St.)—4-5 room apartments, all improvements; rent reasonable. Apply Supt.

GRAND CONCOURSE, 2,815—3, 4 and 5 room apartments; latest improvements. Apply Superintendent.

SUBLET to Jan. 1, 1925, attractive apartment, four large rooms; University Av., best section Bronx; at a rental you can't duplicate; possession Nov. 1, possibly earlier. F 221 Times.

Unfurnished—Brooklyn.

EASTERN PARKWAY, 234, Naomi Court—3, 4, 5 and 6 rooms (1 and 2 baths) in modern elevator apartment house, opposite Brooklyn Museum, with all finest appointments; possession immediate or on Oct. 1; readily accessible by subway. Inquire Supt. on premises or phone Worth 8750.

HEIGHTS—Four rooms and bath; all improvements; convenient to subways; with and without harbor view; rents moderate. Goodwin, 66 Columbia Heights. Phone 9240 Main.

WINTHROP ST., 200-210 (corner Rogers Av.)—4-room apartment, latest improvements; nicest house in Brooklyn; Prospect Park section; convenient B. R. T. subway, Interborough and trolley; rent reasonable. Call between 10 and 2 or 4 and 7, Decatur 5809.

Unfurnished—Queens.

ASTORIA—8 light, airy rooms; rent $75; modern, new 2-family house; heat furnished; references. H 182 Times.

JACKSON HEIGHTS—For sale, tenant owner, four-room apartment; excellent condition; exceptionally low upkeep. Phone Havemeyer 2261. Curry.

I AM GOING TO EUROPE; must sell JACKSON HEIGHTS apartment at once; three large rooms, one flight up; corner location with view. Beekman 4650.

Unfurnished—Long Island.

FOREST HILLS GARDENS—Five and six sunny outside rooms and bath; near station; furnished or unfurnished; $175 up. Phone Boulevard 6685-R.

JACKSON HEIGHTS—For sale, spacious Garden apartment, six rooms, two baths, first floor; bargain. Williams, phone Havemeyer 5800.

QUEENS—Six rooms in new two-family house, sun parlor, fireplace; garage; $80. Tel. Hollis 6154. Mr. Hunter.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Unfurnished—New Jersey.

NEWARK, Broad St.—$125 monthly, eight large, light airy rooms, bath and extra lavatory in luxurious elevator apartment house in Newark. Reply to A. O., 314 Kinney Building, Newark.

APARTMENT 5 rooms, bath; 2-family house; $60; fine commutation. James, 547 North Grove, East Orange. 3868 Orange.

FEMALE HELP WANTED.

ADDRESSOGRAPH and graphotype operator with experience wanted, capable of assisting in mailing list and general office work; state age, experience and salary desired. Z 2205 Times Annex.

ADVERTISING SOLICITORS.

Four ladies with sales ability to interview merchants; women with experience in selling advertising preferred; we will teach dignified, self-reliant women who can give references and willing to travel; positions are permanent, with railroad expenses and local carfare paid; weekly earnings average $50; substantial drawing account allowed. For appointment, phone our Mrs. Thomas, Chickering 4100, Suite 104, Herald Square Hotel, 34th St. at Broadway.

ADVERTISING SOLICITORS, men or women, to sell classified advertising in New York, Philadelphia and Baltimore for a New York daily paper; commission basis. Write for interview, W 180 Times.

ARTIST who can sketch women's garments for newspaper work; state full particulars, salary and references. L 870 Times.

ARTISTS, stenciliers, coloring prints; state experience, if any. Z 2195 Times Annex.

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER, efficient and accurate, customs broker's office; state salary and references. Address, own handwriting, H. F. S. C., Room 902, 17 State St., New York.

ASSISTANT, physician's office; state salary; stenography not necessary. W 205 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced in furniture business absolutely necessary; excellent opportunity; write, giving past 5-years' experience, age, salary; applications held in absolute confidence.. W 247 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced; knowledge of typewriting, cloak and suit experience preferred but not essential. Call Sammet & Feinbaum, 80 Maiden Lane.

BOOKKEEPER, correspondent and typist, take charge of office; $25; make appointment for interview. Telephone Madison Square 8483.

BOOKKEEPER AND STENOGRAPHER for small office, capable of taking charge; must know her business. Call Longacre 7330.

BOOKKEEPER - STENOGRAPHER, experienced, in small fur house; salary $35. Apply Brant & Goldenberg, 305 Broadway.

BOOKKEEPER-TYPIST, thoroughly experienced; permanent position; state salary, references. L 843 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, thoroughly experienced, wholesale grocery concern; give references and salary. Z 2146 Times Annex.

BOOKKEEPER and typist, small office; state age and experience; $16. B 1138 Times Harlem.

BOOKKEEPER, stenographer; state experience, age and salary desired. W 242 Times.

CANVASSERS.

Exclusive territory; liberal commissions; take orders carpet cleansing. Steinberg, Harlem 0594.

CLERK—Young lady for record room, indexing and general office work; must be intelligent and well mannered; salary $75-$100 monthly and lunch; apply by letter to Superintendent, Lenox Hill Hospital, 112 East 77th.

CLERK—Long-established, large silk house has excellent opportunity for clerical worker; neat handwriting essential; ability to typewrite desirable; state experience, age, religion and salary. W 214 Times.

CLERK for office of wholesale house; accurate, good penman; knowledge stenography and typewriting preferred; address, age, salary, references. W 268 Times Downtown.

CLERK—Information for private patients' department; intelligent young lady; salary $70 month and meals; apply Hospital, 112 East 77th St.

CORRESPONDENCE EXAMINERS for mail order house; to read, correct and examine outgoing mail. L. W. Sweet, 18 West 18th St.

COOK, white, wanted before Oct. 1 for a private residence on east side; an experienced woman who understands all branches of cooking; personal reference strictly required. F 232 Times.

DENTAL ASSISTANT, experienced, refined and efficient; typewriting essential; wonderful opportunity. Call at 139 Clinton St., Brooklyn.

DEMONSTRATOR, capable young lady; permanent position; food product; salary and commission. Bush Terminal Building, 105 Hudson St. Walker 7498.

DESIGNER EXPERIENCED ON DRESSES; ONLY THOSE WHO ARE CAPABLE NEED APPLY. HAAS SISTERS, 743 5th Av.

DRESSMAKERS, EXPERIENCED HIGH-CLASS DRESSES; ALSO FINISHERS; STEADY WORK. 494 5TH AV., Room 204.

DRAPER or experienced finisher for small house doing exclusive work; pleasant workroom.

MRS. ROBBINS, INC., 51 EAST 60TH.

GENERAL HOUSEWORK, sleep out, white, only full time. Cornell, 110 West 55th.

GIRL to operate Burroughs bookkeeping machine, bank. Av. B, cor. 4th St.

NURSE, graduate, for night duty, small maternity hospital; $80 month. Z 2188 Times Annex.

GIRLS, stock clerks and wrappers, experience unnecessary; wholesale novelty house; light, clean work; excellent opportunity for advancement; $12. Times Bldg.

GIRL or mother's helper, 14 months baby, assist 4-year boy; references. Cohen, 412 West 110th St.

GOVERNESS, under 35, to take full charge girl 9 years, at Orange, N. J.; must be able teach grammar and arithmetic; also speak French fluently; Mary Lee Taylor, 489 A. B. Squire, 81 John St., city.

HOME ASSISTANTS (3); East 50s; private home; one four-hour worker; two eight-hour workers; six days weekly; eat and sleep at home; serving, care of rooms; $20 weekly; cooking, $22 to $25 weekly. W 250 Times.

HOUSEKEEPER — Working housekeeper, young, cheerful, take entire charge pretty new 6-room house, beautiful section Yonkers; small family; good plain cook; permanent home; good wages. Write Mrs. F. Runde, 140 Rumsey Road, Park Hill, Yonkers, or phone 6506R.

HOUSEKEEPER, widower, has two daughters, three exposures, corner, 8 rooms, two baths; exceptional closets; rent $3,200. Apply Superintendent.

HOUSEKEEPER, practical woman, to supervise chamberwork and take charge of linen in small American-plan hotel; give experience and references. W 213 Times.

HOUSEWORKER, experienced woman; three adults; every consideration to right person; 15 minutes from New York. Mrs. Marten, 140 Continental Av., Forest Hills. Boulevard 6335W.

HOUSEWORKER—Capable woman for light work and assisting with ten-year girl. Call mornings before 1 o'clock, 206 West 97th St., Apt. 62. Phone Riverside 8494.

HOUSEWORKER, neat, experienced white girl who is good cook, Gentile family of two; no laundry work. Mrs. Webster, 601 West 110th, Apt. 29. Cathedral 4157.

HOUSEWORKER, white, for family two adults and child 5; apartment; no laundry; good wages. Vidair, 423 West 120th St. Phone Morningside 3701.

HOUSEWORKER—Two friends for general housework; houses next door to each other. Write P. O. Box 743, Woodmere, L. I.; state wages.

HOUSEWORKER, general, able to cook, for small family in suburbs. Mrs. Silcox, 57 Winter St., Forest Hills, L. I.

HOUSEWORK, good wages, no washing. Apply 206 West 92d, Apt. 4B.

FILE CLERK, one who can type preferred; experienced, intelligent; fine position in office of prominent manufacturer. Public Service Cup Co., manufacturers of Lily Cups; building 29 41st St. and 3d Av., Brooklyn. Take Sea Beach or West End to 36th St.

**

SHIPPING AND MAILS

[All the times indicated are under Daylight Saving.]

THE TIDES.

	Sandy Hook. A.M.	Sandy Hook. P.M.	Governors Island. A.M.	Governors Island. P.M.	Hell Gate. A.M.	Hell Gate. P.M.
High water	9:56	10:15	10:25	10:42	12:16	12:38
Low water	3:50	4:15	4:29	4:35	6:38	7:03

THE SUN.

	Rises. A.M.	Sets. P.M.
	6:47	6:47

Incoming Steamships Carrying Mail

ARRIVED YESTERDAY.

Steamer.	From.	Date.
Kroonland	Antwerp	Sep. 16
Westphalia	Hamburg	Sep. 16
Albania	London	Sep. 13
Seydlitz	Bremen	Sep. 15

DUE TODAY.

Tivives	Santa Marta	Sep. 18
Ft. Victoria	Bermuda	Sep. 24
Munargo	Nassau	Sep. 22
Conte Rosso	Naples	Sep. 17
Bridgetown	Savanella	Sep. 17
Silvia	St. Johns	Sep. 22
Matura	Trinidad	Sep. 19
Cristobal	Cristobal	Sep. 19

DUE TOMORROW.

Aquitania	Southampton	Sep. 22
Belgenland	Antwerp	Sep. 19
Resolute	Hamburg	Sep. 18

DUE SATURDAY.

Rousillon	Havre	Sep. 18
Vestris	Buenos Aires	Sep. 8
Volendam	Rotterdam	Sep. 19
Columbia	San Francisco	Aug. 28

DUE SUNDAY.

Calamares	Port Limon	Sept. 22
Philadelphia	Curacao	Sept. 19

Other Incoming Steamships

ARRIVED YESTERDAY.

Steamer.	From.	Date.
Meline	Tampico	Sept. 17
Northumberland	Glasgow	Sept. 16

DUE TODAY.

Gaelic Prince	Gibraltar	Sept. 6
Otterburn	Malaga	Sep. 11
Agwiesmith	Cristobal	Sep. 17
Acme	Cristobal	Sep. 18
Nora	Cristobal	Sep. 18

DUE TOMORROW.

Steamer.	From.	Date.
American	Antwerp	Sep. 13
Lackawanna	Plymouth	Sep. 13
Segundo	Tarragona	Sep. 5
Andrea F Luckenbach	Cristobal	Sep. 20
Eskbridge	Fowey	Sep. 13
Chickasaw City	Cristobal	Sep. 18
Alfred Jeffries	Cristobal	Sep. 18
Liguria	Nkuero	Sep. 15

DUE SATURDAY.

Editor	Dunkirk	Sept. 14
Ala	Dunkirk	Sept. 14
Eastern Sword	Swansea	Sept. 12

Outgoing Steamships Carrying Mail

SAIL TODAY.

Steamer. Destination.	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.	Carries Mail For
Minnekahda, Hamburg	11:00 A.M.	3:00 P.M.	Europe, Africa, West Asia (specially addressed).
Monterey, Vera Cruz	8:00 A.M.	12:00 M.	Yucatan, Campeche. (Cuba and other parts Mexico specially addressed.)
Bantu, Buenos Aires	12:00 M.	2:00 P.M.	Argentina, Uruguay and Paraguay (specially addressed).
Maraval, Georgetown.	8:00 A.M.	11:00 A.M.	Grenada, St. Vincent, Trinidad, Ciudad Bolivar and Guiana.
Vauban, Buenos Aires	8:30 A.M.	11:00 A.M.	Barbados. (South Brazil, Argentina, Uruguay and Paraguay specially addressed.)
Mary, San Domingo City	8:30 A.M.	11:00 A.M.	Dominican Republic (except San Domingo City).
Flora, Jacmel	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.	Haiti.

SAIL TOMORROW.

Munargo, Nuevitas	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.	Bahamas, Inagua and Fortune Islands, Antilla and Nuevitas. (Other parts Cuba specially addressed.)
Parima, Barbados	10:00 A.M.	1:00 P.M.	West Indies, Barbados and Guiana. (Virgin Islands, Grenada, St. Vincent and Trinidad specially addressed.)
Aconcagua, Valparaiso	10:30 A.M.	1:00 P.M.	Canal Zone, Panama, Ecuador, Bolivia, Chile and Peru (except Iquitos).
Sama, Kingston	12:00 M.	2:00 P.M.	Jamaica. (Cuba specially addressed.)
Liguria, Barahona	3:00 P.M.	5:00 P.M.	Turks Island and Dominican Republic (specially addressed).
Taching, Nassau	8:00 A.M.	11:00 A.M.	Bahamas (specially addressed).

SAIL SATURDAY.

Leviathan, Southampton	6:30 A.M.	11:00 A.M.	Europe, Africa, West Asia.
Olympic, Southampton	7:00 A.M.	11:00 A.M.	Europe, Africa, West Asia (specially addressed).
Rotterdam, Rotterdam	7:00 A.M.	11:00 A.M.	Europe, Africa, West Asia (specially addressed).
Lafayette, Havre	7:00 A.M.	11:00 A.M.	Europe, Africa, West Asia (specially addressed).
Adriatic, Liverpool	8:00 A.M.	12:00 M.	Irish Free State. (Other countries specially addressed.)
Hannover, Bremen	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.	Germany (specially addressed).
Franconia, Liverpool	8:00 A.M.	12:00 M.	Europe, Africa, West Asia (specially addressed).
Sandgate Castle, Cape Town	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.	South Africa (specially addressed).
River Delaware, Beirut	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.	Gibraltar. (Greece, Egypt and Syria specially addressed.)
Drottningholm, Gothenburg	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.	Sweden, Norway, Denmark and Finland.
Egremont, Port Said	12:00 M.	2:00 P.M.	Egypt (specially addressed).
Cabo Ortegral, Barcelona	12:00 M.	2:00 P.M.	Spain (specially addressed).
Albania, London	No mails	12:00 M.	
Silvia, St. John's	7:00 A.M.	10:00 A.M.	Newfoundland.
Port Victoria, Hamilton	7:30 A.M.	11:00 A.M.	Bermuda, West Indies, Trinidad, Barbados, Ciudad Bolivar and Guiana.
Orizaba, Havana	8:00 A.M.	12:00 M.	Cuba (specially addressed).
Ponce, San Juan	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.	Porto Rico, Virgin Islands.
Maracaibo, La Guayra	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.	Curacao, Venezuela. (Porto Rico specially addressed.)
Toloa, Port Limon	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.	Costa Rica. (Canal Zone, Cuba and Panama specially addressed.)
Huron, Barahona	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.	Turks Island, Dominican Republic.
Western World, Buenos Aires	10:00 A.M.	1:00 P.M.	South Brazil, Argentina, Uruguay and Paraguay.

Other Outgoing Steamships

Steamer and Destination.	Time of Sailing. Date.	Hour.
Mississippi, London	Sep. 29	10:00 A.M.
Nortonian, Manchester	Sep. 29	9:00 A.M.
Westerner, Rotterdam	Sep. 30	11:00 A.M.
Satarita, Alexandria	Sep. 30	10:00 A.M.
Vechtdyk, Batavia	Oct. 6	10:00 A.M.
Genoa Maru, Shanghai	Oct. 6	11:00 A.M.
Colorado, Manila	Oct. 6	10:00 A.M.
Hamburg Maru, Kobe	Oct. 6	12:00 M.
Pruth, Rockhampton	Oct. 6	1:00 P.M.
Vasconia, London	Oct. 6	9:00 A.M.

Foreign Ports—Arrivals and Departures

ARRIVED.

Steamer.	At	Date.
Ohio	Hamburg	Sep. 24
River Orontes	Beirut	Sep. 23
Carlier	Havre	Sep. 24
Pastores	Colon	Sep. 24
Estonia	Liban	Sep. 20
Martha Washington	Patras	Sep. 23
G. Verdi	St. Michaels	Sep. 23
West Mahomet	Colombo	Sep. 24
Taketoyo Maru	Kobe	Sep. 23
Niew Amsterdam	Rotterdam	Sep. 25

SAILED.

Steamer.	From.	Date.
Homeric	Southampton	Sep. 26
Gugl Pence	Naples	Sep. 19
Merton Hall	Calcutta	Sep. 23
A. C. Bedford	Colon	Sep. 23
Saxonia	London	Sep. 26
Cameronia	Glasgow	Sep. 26
Black Sea	Gibraltar	Sep. 20
Randsfjord	Trondhjim	Sep. 25
Carmania	Ex "Idos"	Unknown
Lord Ormonde	Gibraltar	Sep. 25
City of Lahore	Gibraltar	Sep. 25
Chicago	Havre	Sep. 25

Reported by Radio

SS Conte Rosso (Lloyd Sabaudo Line), incoming from Naples, was reported yesterday; no distance given; due at Pier 95, North River, Thursday forenoon.

SS Tivives (United Fruit Line), incoming from Santa Marta, was reported yesterday; no distance given; due at Pier 15, East River, Thursday forenoon.

SS Port Victoria (Furness-Bermuda Line), incoming from Bermuda, was reported yesterday; no distance given; due at Pier 95, North River, Thursday forenoon.

SS Aquitania (Cunard Line), incoming from Southampton, was reported yesterday; no distance given; due at Pier 54, North River, late Friday or early Saturday.

SS Resolute (United American Lines), incoming from Hamburg, was reported yesterday; no distance given; due at Pier 86, North River, Friday forenoon.

SS Olympic (White Star Line), incoming from Southampton, was reported yesterday; no distance given; due at Pier 59, North River, late Tuesday or early Wednesday.

Post Office Notice

Postmaster Morgan invites attention to the following announcement by the Post Office Department: "The postal administration of Russia requests that the senders of articles containing money or valuables, such as registered letters, be required to seal the letters with wax. Postmasters will be governed accordingly in accepting matter for registration addressed for delivery in Russia."

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES

Bank and business references required. *Rate 15 cents per word.*

CAPITAL WANTED.

WHOLESALE import business of unlimited possibilities now organizing, handling raw products, wants associate with office experience and $12,000; large profits made on merchandise; principal only. F 259 Times.

EXCEPTIONAL opportunity to purchase interest in recently patented collapsible garage; construction company; absolutely the only portable garage of merit; engineers. B 903 Times Downtown.

PARTNER with $10,000 to $20,000 in established pawnbroking business; good location; exceptional opportunity. K 450 Times.

WANTED — Young man to invest $5,000 in growing scrap metal business; B 907 Times Downtown.

CAPITAL TO INVEST.

ACCOUNTANT will invest for silent or active interest in established business of New York accountant requiring additional capital for expansion. Y 2490 Times Annex.

WANTED proposition; must bear strictest investigation; will invest money and services. W 244 Times.

YOUNG hustler will invest $2,000, services. Write R., 1,228 53d St., Brooklyn.

FINANCING AND LOANS.

LOANS on outstanding accounts, notes, acceptances, merchandise and other collaterals; liberal terms, lowest rates. Standard Trading Co., 491 Broadway. Canal 7849.

BUSINESS CONNECTIONS.

ADVERTISER will exchange equity in Newark high-grade apartment house, income $24,000, for interest to extent of $25,000 or $50,000 in sound manufacturing or other established business; exceptional opportunity for one wishing to retire; no brokers. Reply to F. S., 314 Kinney Building, Newark, N. J.

YOU DO WANT A BUSINESS of your own; $125 upward invested in a universally used article will establish you; substantial profits, both wholesale and retail; call and let us prove it. PERRY & SCHOYER, 1008 Knickerbocker Building.

THE services of a salesman are available to a manufacturer of a staple product who is desirous of entering or increasing his distribution in the Chicago market. B 255 Times.

ATTENTION—I can turn out large quantities of straight sewing or hemming on contract; any material, including canvas or burlap; can you keep large plant working? L 888 Times Downtown.

REAL estate development company, contractor or broker who desires live sales representation through centrally located offices, communicate S. Morgenstern Co., Realtors, 469 5th Av.

METAL STAMPING AND DIE WORK. PRICES RIGHT. PROMPT DELIVERIES. MODEL AND EFFICIENT SHOP. Hohau, 516 W. 41st St. Chickering 2805.

BUSINESS CONNECTIONS.

DISTRIBUTORS wanted for Hyatt Glare Killer; makes night driving safe; can be attached to any automobile; retail price $1.50; good commission to dealers; exclusive agency; small capital will finance you; write, wire or call in person. Hyatt Glare Killer, Suite 611, 1,674 Broadway, N. Y. City.

MODERN factory manufacturing articles unlimited demand, large profits, desires executive or sales manager with $15,000 capital; unusual opportunity. B 262 Times.

PLANT fully equipped to do all kinds of METAL STAMPING, ASSEMBLING, JAPANNING, TOOL, DIE AND MACHINE WORK. Heyen, 130 Atkins Av., Brooklyn.

WELL equipped plant open for metal stamping and die work of all kinds; prices right; prompt delivery. Phone or call Hohau, 516 West 41st. Chickering 2806.

PARTNER wanted for an able business exchange man who manages a large concern at present; letters will be treated confidential. W 279 Times.

WONDERFUL opportunity offered to experienced man, thoroughly acquainted with jobbing underwear buying and selling; no cash needed. B 1140 Times Harlem.

MAYS makes metal specialties raw, assembled or finished; quotation from blueprint or model. Mays Mfg. Co., Box 671, Providence, R. I.

ACCOUNTANT, experienced, well recommended, desires to purchase accounting clientele. K 434 Times.

FOR SALE.

A ROAD HOUSE

with a high-class dining room can be made of my property; best location Albany Post Road, three miles north of Fishkill; 10-room house, large basement, all improvements, except gas; 25 acres of land, garage and barn, chicken coop and a hall 30x90 feet, all newly built; $14,000, terms. Hubert Klein, New Hamburg, N. Y.

RESTAURANT; elegantly equipped; in best location; doing big business; long lease; good reason for selling; unless looking for big proposition don't answer; large enough for 3 or 4 partners. K 422 Times.

CIGAR factory, full modern equipment; output about three million cigars; established 30 years; large territory; $40,000; owner retiring. Meola & Meola, Middletown, N. Y.

BEAUTY PARLOR, four furnished booths, permanent waving machine; school attached; $900. Lorreta Beauty Shop, 1,493 Broadway, Room 313.

MISCELLANEOUS.

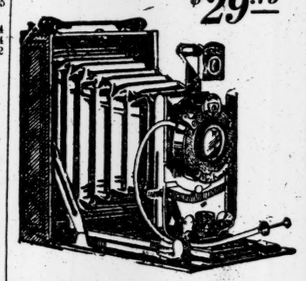
ADVERTISER will exchange equity in Newark high-grade apartment house, income $24,000, for interest to extent of $25,000 or $50,000 in sound manufacturing or other established business; exceptional opportunity for one wishing to retire; no brokers. Reply to F. S., 314 Kinney Building, Newark, N. J.

WOULD buy lease modern machine shop about 3,000 feet; metropolitan district; full details. K 448 Times.

The WILLOUGHBY Kodak Column

Watch this column for timely specials in cameras, supplies and best service in developing and printing.

Special Sale
GOERZ FOLDING
All Metal Cameras
10 x 15 C. M. (4 x 6 inches)
$29.75



Equipped with C. P. Goerz Berlin Tenastigmat F. 6.8 Anastigmat Lens, 6¼-in. focus and Automatic Shutter. Price includes 3 single metrit plate holders and film pack adapter.

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WE take 48 hours to finish pictures because we have found by years of experience that perfect work cannot be turned out with rush processes. We produce clear, sharply defined pictures by taking the necessary time. And our prices are no greater than charged for less conscientious work.

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Motion Pictures the Kodak Way

Anyone can make motion pictures with the Ciné Kodak and flash them on a screen at home with the Kodascope. Clear, distinct pictures, safe to handle and costing about one-fifth the amount of regular size pictures. Capacity, 100 feet of daylight loading film.

Camera weighs but seven and one-quarter lbs., measures 6x4⅝x8⅝ inches, complete with Kodascope Projector and splicer, Tripod and screen.

A demonstration will convince you.

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Here for your greater convenience you will find the same photographic service as at our headquarters, plus everything in the motion picture line.

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Dinner Coat and Trousers

FIFTY-FIVE DOLLARS

Tailoring that reveals the practised custom hand inspired to best efforts by materials of appropriate choiceness; styling that reflects the critical metropolitan taste in evening wear. Priced in the original Wallach value-giving manner.

Full Dress Coat and Trousers, $65

Wallach Bros

Broadway, below Chambers
Broadway, cor. 29th
246-248 West 125th
3d Ave., cor. 122d

FOR BUSINESS and DRESS WEAR

IDEMINSTER

A new-to-the-minute IDE. Supremely comfortable, yet styled to insure right dress.

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You may at least be sure that no one can find fault with your collar if you are wearing one of

Ide STARCHED COLLARS

20c each
4 for 75c

GEO. P. IDE & CO., INC., TROY, N. Y.

Light Weight Model

Made in Patent Coltskin with hand-set edge, this shoe meets the finest requirements for dress or regular wear. Lasts and Patterns exclusively our own design

BOTH SHOPS

The Home of the Curpin Shoe

WHITEHOUSE & HARDY

BROADWAY at 40th STREET — Metropolitan Opera House Bldg.
144 WEST 42nd STREET — Knickerbocker Building
NEW YORK

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BERG Sta-Shape Hats

The Bergster
$7
Others from $5

Different but universally becoming—and its smart lines are *lasting* because it's a Sta-Shape.

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"Fit the Face as Well as the Head"

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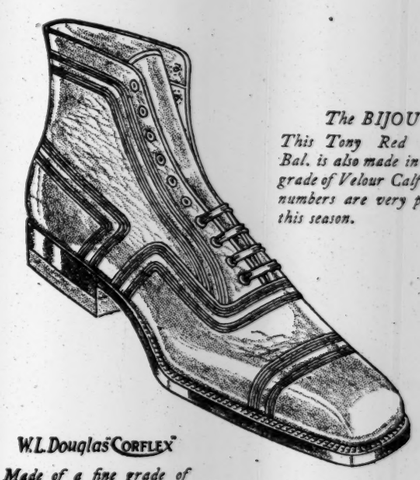

The BIJOU
This Tony Red Russia Bal. is also made in a fine grade of Velour Calf. Both numbers are very popular this season.

W. L. Douglas CORFLEX

Made of a fine grade of Black Kid in Blucher Oxford Pattern. The Corset effect gives COMFORT and SUPPORT to the ARCH.

W. L. DOUGLAS
$7.00 & $8.00 SHOES
Many at $5.00 & $6.00:
Boys' at $4.00 & $4.50.

If you have been paying high prices, examine the high-grade $7.00 & $8.00 shoes in W. L. Douglas stores.

The price stamped on the soles of every pair at our factory is the real value of the shoes. No better shoes can be made at the price. The stamped price is your protection.

If W. L. Douglas shoes are not sold near your home we shall be glad to send our new free catalog.

W. L. Douglas President
W. L. DOUGLAS SHOE CO.
240 SPARK ST. BROCKTON, MASS.

Many Other New and Up-to-Date Shoes and Oxfords to Select from in All W. L. Douglas Stores.

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*984 Third Avenue
*1452 Third Avenue
*2202 Third Ave. (cor. 120th Street)
*2779 Third Ave. (bet. 146th and 147th Streets)
347 Eighth Avenue
*250 West 125th Street
*Yonkers—19 N. Broadway
*Hoboken—120 Washington St.
BROOKLYN
*5524 Fifth Ave. (cor. 56th Street)
*703 Broadway (near Thornton St.)
*1367 Broadway (cor. Gates Ave.)
*478 Fifth Ave. (cor. 11th Street)
*859 Manhattan Av. (Greenpoint)
*449 Fulton Street
*434 Knickerbocker Ave.
Jersey City—18 Newark Ave.
*Union Hill—276 Bergenline Ave.
*Newark—831 Broad Street

Stores marked with a * carry complete lines of W. L. Douglas Shoes for Women